

RAJI JARDHI UNIVERSITY

In pursuit of excellence



At a Glance











RAJIV GANDHI UNIVERSITY

A SHORT HISTORY:

Rajiv Gandhi University (formerly Arunachal University) is the premier institute of higher learning in Arunachal Pradesh and has completed thirty five years of its existence. The Foundation Stone of the University was laid by Mrs. Indira Gandhi, Prime Minister of India on February 4, 1984. Thereafter, it started postgraduate courses from the academic session 1988-89 in the sprawling and picturesque Rono Hills. The University was converted into a Central University on April 9, 2007 by a notification of the Ministry of Human Resource Development, Government of India.

Located on the outskirts of Itanagar, the capital of Arunachal Pradesh, the University sits atop Rono Hills, which is at a distance of 6.5 km from National Highway 52-A which leads to Itanagar. It is the only affiliating University in the state its jurisdiction encompasses the whole of the state. At the present moment, there are 41 colleges affiliated to this university consisting of 18 government degree colleges, 9 private degree colleges, 1 govt. medical college, 1 govt. law college, 1 private law college, 9 private teacher education colleges, a private homoeopathy medical college and a private nursing college.

Rajiv Gandhi University with its motto "Vidhyaamritshnute" (excellence and immortality through the nectar of education) has been striving to maintain high standards in both teaching and research. Years of concerted efforts have shown the signs of qualitative and quantitative progress. The percentage of the students clearing the NET/SLET and other national tests like RGNF, INSPIRE, etc. is fairly high. Campus recruitment programme by leading recruiters has been there. The research potential of the University is being strengthened by increasing number of registered Ph.D. scholars and offering fellowship to regular MPhil and PhD scholars. Two Research Journals, one each in English and Hindi, are published regularly.

The University had also signed MOUs with many leading universities and institutions for collaborative research and higher studies, which include:

- (i) RIHN, Kyoto, Japan
- (ii) University of Missouri, Columbia, USA
- (iii) Semnan University, Iran
- (iv) IGNOU, New Delhi
- (v) MAKAIS, Kolkata
- (vi) Shodhganga (INFLIBNET)
- (vii) Indian Institute of Entrepreneurship (IEE), Guwahati
- (viii) National Council for Rural Institutes (NCRI), Hyderabad
- (ix) Company Secretaries of India (ICSI), Guwahati
- (x) University of South Florida, USA,
- (xi) NERIST, Nirjuli

The University is on the stable path of dedication towards promotion of higher education and qualitative research under the competent, devoted and dynamic leadership of the Vice Chancellor, Prof. Saket Kushwaha. The University has been organizing conferences, seminars, symposia and workshops in order to generate, disseminate and upgrade knowledge on various key areas. In a span of three decades (35 years), the Rajiv Gandhi University has grown into an institution with proven academic excellence, social commitment and cultural interest with a clear vision for its future growth.









VISION:

Rajiv Gandhi University aspires to be India's most vibrant, energetic, responsive and acclaimed university, to be recognised for excellence in teaching, research and providing the highest quality educational opportunities for the learners of all communities. The University aims at nurturing their talent by promoting intellectual growth to shape their personality and serve humanity as multi-skilled, socially responsible, creative, adaptable, contributing and morally sound global citizens.

MISSION:

Our mission is to provide opportunities and support students from diverse background and assist them to become well informed global citizens by developing their intellectual, moral, civic and creative capacities to the fullest through multi-faceted education and sustained engagement with local, national and global communities. The University also aims to carry out academic process for achieving excellence through active and dynamic student-teacher participation and inculcate high moral, ethical and professional standards among students which will enable them to develop knowledge and skills necessary to achieve their professional goals so as to improve the performance and provide leadership and service to the community.



INFORMATION ABOUT FACULTIES & DEPARTMENTS/INSTITUTES:

Rajiv Gandhi University focuses on offering and strengthening innovative academic programmes in emerging interdisciplinary areas of different faculties with quality provisions to contribute to the growth and spread of knowledge.

1. Faculty of Basic Sciences:

Department of Chemistry
Department of Mathematics
Department of Physics

2. Faculty of Commerce and Management Studies:

Department of Commerce Department of Management

3. Faculty of Education:

Department of Education
Department of Physical Education
Department of Psychology

4. Faculty of Engineering and Technology:

Department of Computer Science and Engineering Department of Electronics & Communication Engineering

5. Faculty of Environmental Sciences:

Department of Geology

Department of Geology

6. Faculty of Information Technology:

Department of Mass Communication

7. Faculty of Languages:

Department of English Department of Hindi

8. Faculty of Life Sciences:

Centre of Biodiversity Department of Botany Department of Zoology

9. Faculty of Social Sciences:

Department of Anthropology
Arunachal Institute of Tribal Studies
Department of Economics
Department of History
Department of Political Science
Department of Sociology
Department of Social Work
Department of Fine Arts & Music



PROFESSIONAL DEGREES OFFERRED (UNDER GRADUATE & POST GRADUATE):

- 1. Bachelor Of Education (B.Ed.)
- 2. Master Of Education (M.Ed.)
- 3. Bachelor Of Physical Education (B.PEd)
- 4. Bachelor In Computer Application (BCA)
- 5. Master In Computer Application (MCA)
- 6. Master Of Technology (MTech) in Computer Science And Engineering (CSE)
- 7. Master Of Technology (MTech) In Electronics And Communication Engineering
- 8. Master Of Business Administration (MBA)
- 9. Master Of Social Work (MSW)

CERTIFICATE COURSES:

- 1. Certificate Course In Communicative English (CCCE)
- 2. Certificate Course In German Language (CCGL)
- 3. Certificate Course In Myanmarese Language (CCML)
- 4. Certificate Course In Yoga Therapy Education (CCYTE)
- 5. Certificate Course In Tribal Language (CCTL)

DIPLOMA COURSES:

- 1. Advance Post Graduate Diploma In Biodiversity
- 2. Advanced Post Graduate Diploma In Disaster Management
- 3. Post Graduate Diploma In Banking Insurance
- 4. Post Graduate Diploma In Functional Hindi
- 5. Post Graduate Diploma In Geoinformatics
- 6. Post Graduate Diploma In Hospitality Management And Tourism
- 7. Post Graduate Diploma In Mass Communication
- 8. Post Graduate Diploma In Yoga Therapy Education (PGDYTE)



INSTITUTES AND CENTRES:

Rajiv Gandhi University has also set up several Parallel Institutions and Centres to aid and support the University's strive for excellence in academics as well as its attempts to reach and mould learners of all age and gender.

1. Centre for Excellence in Biodiversity

The Zoology Department of the university runs the centre for excellence in Biodiversity established in 2003 and is actively engaged in the study of various aspects of biodiversity and its conservation. The centre helps in creating human resources in the field of Biodiversity Conservation especially in Arunachal Pradesh which is a Biodiversity Hot Spot in the eastern Himalayan region. It also helps in the development of skilled manpower for Biodiversity Conservation in the Government and non-Governmental sectors.

2. Institute of Distance Education (IDE)

To make higher education for all a reality, the University has been offering distance education programmes duly recognized and approved by the Distance Education Council (DEC), New Delhi in both Bachelor and Master Degree levels. In recent times, IDE has embarked on the road of using ICT for distance learning with its main objective of providing opportunities to aspiring youths of the state for vocational and higher education.

N.B: Separate Prospectus is available at Institute of Distance Education-RGU and its Study Centres.

3. Centre for Development Studies

The Centre for Development Studies (CDS) is set up to provide better research facilities to the faculty, research scholars as well the students of the Department of Economics.





4. Bioinformatics Centre

It provides basic infrastructural support (hardware and software facilities) to the researchers and post-graduate students of the University and nearby institutions, giving special thrust on Bioinformatics and Biodiversity. The centre offers traineeship & studentships for research work and training in the fields of taxonomy, pharmacognosy, cell and molecular biology, reproductive biology, fisheries, mycology, microbiology and biodiversity conservation.

5. Innovation Centre

Innovative centre has been set up in the University with a humble motive to accelerate the overall development of university community towards transforming their lives economically, socially and physically by identifying their talents/skills and further training them through awareness and skill development programmes. Economically viable areas such as cultivation of mushroom, vegetables, and weaving have been tried in the park.

6. Coaching Centre

The centre was established to impart coaching to the SC/ST/OBC (Creamy Layer) Female (General) Minority students for preparing themselves to appear for UGC/CSIR NET Examinations, APPSCE as well as University Examinations with the active participation of subject coordinators from different departments with an Honorary Director to run the affairs of the centre.

7. Women Studies and Research Centre (WS&RC)

It functions as an independent multi-disciplinary centre. The centre conducts research activities, seminars, symposiums, awareness camps and capacity building programmes.

8. Centre for Youth Development and Leadership Studies (CYDLS)

It aims to address the issues and challenges, building capacities, utilizing energy of youth in the North East Region of India especially in the state of Arunachal Pradesh. Since its inception CYDLS is continuously working towards the betterment of youth through various approaches vis-à-vis extension activities, skill and capacity development programmes, training, workshops, seminars, conferences, and instituting awards and scholarships to motivate youth.

9. Centre for Entrepreneurship

The university also has centre for entrepreneurship which is set up in the Department of Management with the objectives to build entrepreneurship capacity building in the state, to develop an ecosystem for start-ups and SMEs, to run practical oriented courses, to engage in research activities in the area, to develop a linkage with national entrepreneurship eco system, to develop formal entrepreneurship courses in near future, to organize workshops, seminars, conferences related to the entrepreneurship.



GENERAL INFORMATION

1. Alumni Association of the University

The University takes pride in the sea of alumnus and an alumni association of the University is in place. The Association organizes social events/workshop/symposium and carry out academic publications. It provides a variety of benefits and services that help alumni maintain connections to its Alma mater. Additionally, the association supports new student during admissions through Helpdesks, etc.

2. College Development Council

The College Development Council provides a leadership role and extends help, guidance and advice to all the affiliated colleges admitted to the privileges of the University. The Council is the Principal Advisory Body to the Executive Council and the Academic Council in all matters relating to affiliation. It functions as the liaison between the affiliated colleges and the University Grants Commission in forwarding various proposals of colleges to the UGC for obtaining funds under the different schemes for the overall de velopment of colleges.

3. Community College

With the initiation of UGC, the Community College was established for the expansion of skilled-based programmes in higher education to serve the multiple needs, with an objective to provide career oriented cum skill based programme. Currently, Community College, RGU is running one year diploma in computerized accounting.

4. Office of Dean of Students Welfare

The office of the Dean, Students' Welfare serves as the nodal agency for student services and their welfare in the university. The major concerns of the office have been the admission and management of the Halls of Residences of the students, organizing academic study tours through departments, co-ordination of students' literary, sports and cultural activities, conduct of elections to the Students' Union, etc.

5. Scholarships

National Scholarships Portal is one-stop solution through which various services starting from student application, application receipt, processing, sanction and disbursal of various scholarships to Students are enabled. National Scholarships Portal is taken as Mission Mode Project under National e-Governance Plan (NeGP).

6. University Festivals and Events

With an aim to promote discipline, sportsmanship and competitive spirit among the students, the University conducts different events like Inter College Youth Festival and the Vice Chancellor's Trophy.

On alternate years, the University witnesses its two biggest festivals – Uni-Fest and Arunachal Panorama- The Festival of Diversity. These festivals provide a platform to the students to showcase their talent in various sports, literary and cultural events.

While all such events of the University are aimed towards the all-round development of students, the Arunachal Panorama in particular, is organized to adhere to the University's zeal to reconnect and nurture the roots of the tribal life of the State. It is a festival celebrated to promote and showcase the rich tradition and culture of the tribes by the students.

In recent years, the University also has begun to organise the Convocation as a calendared event.

7. Tribal Heritage Museum (THM)

The university is fortunate to have a museum, "Tribal Heritage Museum" which is maintained by the Arunachal Institute of Tribal Studies (AITS) to preserve and promote the socio-cultural heritage of the different tribes of the state. As on today, there is a collection of around 100 ethnographic objects of daily use as well as the artistic products of tribal people of the state. This museum is a part of the objectives which the AITS holds in relation to its research in tribal life and ethos.

8. Botanical Garden

Supported by the Ministry of Environmental Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC), Govt. of India, the Botanical Garden was established on 2002 with land area of 5 acres. There are around 600 flowering plants and more than 300 medicinal plant species from different part of the districts and the rest of India. It is the only official botanical garden in Arunachal Pradesh. It is a major source for those who are interested in botanical science and natural history of Eastern Himalayas.





FUNCTIONAL CELLS:

1.SC/ST/OBC/PWD & Minority Cell

This cell deals with and liaise all matters pertaining to the issues of Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, other Backward Class, Persons with Disability & Minority categories. The cell is entrusted to maintain up-to-date database concerning these categories and makes correspondences with UGC, MHRD, other Central and State Government Agencies.

2. Internal Quality Assurance Cell (IQAC)

The UGC in the XI Plan made a policy decision that all higher educational institutes may establish Internal Quality Assurance Cell (IQAC) to maintain the momentum of quality result. IQAC was conceived as a mechanism to build and ensure a quality culture at the institutional level. It is meant for planning, guiding and maintaining Quality Assurance (QA) and Quality Enhancement (QE) activities of the institution. The IQAC is functional with Vice Chancellor as the chairman, eight senior faculty members, administrative officers and three external experts.

3. Public Grievances Cell

The University is monitors and addresses the various grievances of different stakeholders and general public through its robust public grievances cell. The University grievance cell is working under the Centralized Public Grievance Redress and Monitoring System, which is an online web-enabled system over NICNET developed by NIC in association with the Department of Administrative Reforms and Public Grievances (DARPG) with an objective of speedy redress and effective monitoring of grievances by Ministries/Departments/Organizations of Government of India.

4. National Service Scheme (NSS)

Rajiv Gandhi University is running various community developmental works through its NSS unit with the broad objective of personality development through community service. Every year volunteers who enrol themselves in NSS cell are provided orientation programme and regular activities like tree plantation, blood donation camps, cleanliness drive in the campus etc organized from time to time. The NSS special programmes in the adopted villages and adventure activities are also organized from time to time.

5. Community Development Cell

Rajiv Gandhi University has adopted five villages under "Unnat Bharat Abhiyan" as part of outreach activities. The various departments of the university take up rural development programs on promotion of education, awareness programs and digital literacy programs besides other human development initiatives. The cell coordinates the various activities in the implementation of the programs in the adopted villages.







6. Right to Information (RTI) Cell

A RTI Cell is functional in the University with the Registrar as its Appellate Authority. One CPIO and an Assistant CPIO is attached to the cell for timely clearance of applications.

7. University Industry Interface Cell (UIIC)

Established in the year 2014, this cell is first of its kind in the entire North East, and is functional from the Department of Management. The cell is playing its part in bringing industries closer to the University community.

8. International Scholars' Cell

This cell has been established to meet the interest of foreign students and scholars to carry out studies and research activities in the university.

9. Hindi Cell

The Hindi Cell is playing a vital role in implementation of Rajbhasa Hindi and implementation of Official language Hindi in the university. It organizes workshops, orientation programmes, besides literary and cultural competitions on important occasions. The cell also run short-term and long term courses like prabodh, Praveen, Pragya, Hindi typing-short hand etc.

10. Career Councelling Cell

One of the policy decisions in the UGC XIth Plan provides for establishing Career and Counselling Cell in Universities. The objective is to support the students in the development of soft skills and communication ability to challenge the rigors of competitive tests and on-job-training in add-on or vocational courses.

The cell is in collaborations with SEBI & NSEIL, Kolkata.





FACILITIES:

1. EDUSAT

Year of Establishment: 2005

Sponsoring Agency: UGC-CEC

Location : Department of Geography

Regular classes taught through multicast by CEC for various subjects especially on Development Studies, Mass media, Career Counselling, Hindi, Health, Environment Studies, Economics, Information Communication Technology, Sociology, Public Relation, Education, Pol Science & Geography were received at the EDUSAT and routed to Campus LAN. Some important lectures were recorded as archival material in the EDUSAT Server. The programme is also simultaneously telecast through DTH (Dish TV Channel 772). Teaching end has been upgraded with better media capability and TrainNet Software for two way interaction with the resource person. Beside, EDUSAT (State Network) was also established in the University with sponsorship from ISRO, which with its Hub station carry out multicasting of recorded educational programmes of DECU, ISRO on regular basis.

2. Health Centr

A four bedded Health Centre is operational with two experienced medical officers, three nurses, technicians and a pharmacist. Soon it shall be upgraded to a 14-bedded one with modern medical equipment and facilities. 24 hours Ambulance facility for any emergency is available round the clock.

3. Women Technology Park (WTP)

WTP is a project established on October 2005 and placed under the disposal of Institute of Distance Education since 2015. The cell provides and extends support to the students in the development of soft skills and communication ability to challenge the rigors of competitive tests and on-job-training in add-on or vocational courses. The cell is in collaborations with SEBI and NSEIL, Kolkata. The project serves as a platform for technological information pool. Documentation and highlighted issues r lated to women technological needs, upgrade indigenous knowledge/technology prevalent in the state to provide training and guidance in assessing to better technologies, to organize interactive meet of women entrepreneur on one hand and financial institution and market representatives/ agent on the other.





4. The University Library

The total number of books as on today is 68,308 out of which approx. 3,360 books are reference nature and approx. 5000+ are gifted books. The University Library subscribes 14 local, regional and national dailies & 15 numbers of magazines. University Library also subscribes 7 International Journals and 75 National Print Journals. The University Library is registered/enrolled as an Institutional Member of Developing Library Network (DELNET), New Delhi, which is a major Digital Library Resource in South Asia. There is a separate cell to facilitate for internet browsing for the students, research scholars and faculties. The circulation through Kiosk from Smart Card RFID system is functional. ETD (Electronic Thesis & Dissertation) and Digitized rare books on Arunachal and E-Books are also available. The central library of the University also organizes Workshops, Training and orientation programmes on Library related fields such as Automation, User education, etc. The library remains open from 9AM to 8 PM on all working days.

5. Guest House

The University Guest House is located in the central place of the university campus with pollution free environment having 25 well furnished rooms which provide comfortable stay to visitors in the campus at a reasonable charge.

6. Residence Facilities for Employees

The University provides residential facilities to its employees as per availability of the residential quarters.

7. Computer Centre

Computer Centre is housed at University Library and the Academic Block. Initiatives have been taken for construction of the Central Computing Facility wherein Computer Centre will also be located. The Centre is a part of the National Mission on Education through Information and Communication Technology (NMEICT) Project: A mission taken up by MHRD, Govt. of India, New Delhi. The centre has a Help Desk, namely, "Computer Maintenance Facility", to facilitate troubleshooting of problems brought in by the members of the university community in connection with IT and computers. As part of the e-governance initiatives planning and designing of the University Management Solution (UMS) is in progress.

8. Halls of Residence (Accommodation for scholars and students)

The University maintains 10 (Ten) halls of residence for students (5 for Men & 5 for Women) with accommodation capacity of 1024 residents with facilities like common room, TV and Indoor Games. The residents of the halls run their own mess on co-operative basis. Each hall of residence is managed by a Warden. There is a student prefect in each hall. Admission to halls of residence is made as per reservation and merit fixed for the purpose by the University. It is to be noted however, that during summer vacation and winter break boarders shall have to vacate the halls of residence for the routine maintenance of the halls. Accommodation in separate hall of residence for B.Ed./M.Ed., regular MPhil and PhD scholars are also provided on merit.

9. V-SAT Facility

Campus-wide Local Area Network (CLAN) of the university which is the core infrastructure in enabling sharing of resources and flow of information within and outside the University has been constantly expanding as the main facilitator of all the IT enabled services. VSAT Facility also provides internet connectivity through a 2mbps leased line link and 1mbps DAMA VSAT link from ERNET India, New Delhi. Both the links supplement each other in case of failure of one thereby rendering 24/7 internet access to the university community.

10. Canteen & Co-Operative Store

A central canteen, a tea stall, a cafeteria, a Co-operative store, a Book stall, a Pharmacy, few stationery- cum-grocery shops and a salon in a shopping complex cater to the general needs of the University community. xeroxing facility is also available in the campus.





11. Bank & Post Office

A branch of Vijaya Bank with ATM facility operates in the Administrative Block to meet the banking needs of the University community. An EDBPO (Sub-Post office), with speed post facility also functions in the university campus. One SBI ATM booth is also installed in the campus.

12. Day Care Centre

The Day Care Centre at Rajiv Gandhi University is managed by the Management Committee constituted by the university authority under nodal supervision of UGC & Project Cell of the university. The main objective of the centre or scheme is to provide day care facilities to the children of age group of three months to six years of the working parents, students and visiting guest of the university. The facility is also extended to the child of research scholars and local community working parents in the vicinity of the university.

13. Transport Facilities

The University extends adequate bus services from the Campus to Nirjuli, Naharlagun & Itanagar for students and staff at concessional rates. Frequent bus services are provided to NERIST point in Nirjuli on National Highway 52-A, from where public transport facility can be easily availed.

14. Institutional Level Biotech Hub

Institutional Level Biotech Hub (BT hub) was established in the year 2013 to promote education and research in biotechnology, biology, life science and to attract brilliant young students (Higher secondary students/UG/PG level) to build their career in different fields of biological sciences and biotechnology.

15. Physical Education Branch

The Physical Education Branch was set up in 1999 to conduct programmes and activities for all round development of the students' personality. The branch conducts/organizes Sports, Cultural, Youth Affairs and Students' Union activities, etc.

16. Facilities for Differently-Abled

Differently-abled persons need special arrangements in the environment for their mobility and independent functioning. Rajiv Gandhi University ensures that all existing structures as well as future construction projects in the campuses are made disabled friendly. To suit the special needs of differently-abled persons, RGU has created special facilities such as ramps, rails and special toilets and made other necessary changes to address the accessibility issues pertaining to disability.



17. Water Purifier

At the initiative of the RGU Teachers' Association (RGUTA), a water purifier system has been supplied and installed by Kolkata (WB)-based Tata Chemicals.

The purifier is an attempt towards providing clean and safe drinking water at low cost to the university community, as the varsity has been facing the problem of water scarcity. The initiative provides drinking water at a cost of Re 1 per litre. The purifier also helps in the university's commitment to 'plastic free campus' as buyers bring their own containers to purchase water.

18. E-Waste Disposal

E-waste mainly comprises of computers, air conditioner, refrigerator, electronic laboratory items, etc. The university has a SOP for management of the said waste.

As per the SOP, the useful parts of the computers are taken out and are used for assembling computers or to replace damaged parts in functioning computers or other machineries. Rests of the e-waste are sent to dismantling cum collection centre from where it is disposed through auction.

19. Solid Waste Disposal

Waste generated from residential areas (quarters, hostels, etc.) are defined under solid waste. These wastes mainly comprises of plastics items, food particles, papers, etc. Currently, the collection of these wastes from various sectors/locations has been sublet to third party agency. The agency collects and dumps these waste in the state designated dumping ground which is located at Hollongi.

Further, university is under the process of setting up an incinerator based Biomedical waste treatment plant which shall be funded by the Central Govt. University has applied for the license for setting up the incinerator, and is awaiting approval.

20. Organic Waste

Organic waste mainly comprises of dry leaves, dead trees, and other green wastes collected while maintain of the green campus.

Under the Innovation-cum-Incubation centre at IDE, these organic wastes are collected and are use as raw material for the production of vermi compost. The vermin compost hence produced is used in the maintenance of the vegetable garden of the centre. The surplus production is used for sale.

21. Plastic Free Campus

Rajiv Gandhi University proudly stands as a 'Plastic Free Campus'. The administrations, as well as all the academic departments are committed to the cause of 'Plastic Free Campus'. The authority has issued a circular strictly banning selling of plastic water bottles in the shops and canteen.

Additionally, the Initiative Against Single Use Plastic (IASUP) campaign was initiated by a group of teachers along with students and scholars of the university in 2019. The campaign is a response to the clarion call made by honourable Prime Minister of India by quitting single use plastic and making the campus and country more sustainable.

The IASUP team conducted series of meeting with the honourable Vice-Chancellor and seeked opinions and ideas from the university fraternity to make it an inclusive campaign in the campus. Accordingly, with the initiative of IASUP the shops, canteens, faculties, students, scholars and whole of RGU fraternity gave up purchasing plastic water bottles. Accordingly, departmental academic programmes and officials meetings in the university also gave up using plastic bottles. This is small leap toward the goals of our campaign.

22. Boxing Cell

RGU Boxing Academy started in the year 2015 with small enrolment of Boxers. Within a year of training, boxers showed great performances and started securing medal in the state level and national level. At a given time there are now 30-40 active professional boxers training under this cell. The academy not only produces boxers also trains Technical officials.

One of the boxers under this cell, Mr. Tali Taba secured bronze medal under- 14 School Games Banaras U.P in 2018. He also select Khelo India scheme Scholarship and get admitted in Aurangabad (Maharashtra) training Centre under National Coach.

23. Open Gymnasium

In the wake of the Fit India Movement, the university took to the challenge of making fitness a part of everyday life in the campus. The university has established an Open Gymnasium in the campus. The gymnasium has equipments to cater to individual from 5 years to 60m years. It is open to not only the faculty members and students but to all campus dwellers.



24. Solar Plate

Strengthening the university's resolve to create a sustainable and eco friendly campus, the university with the Eco Boond Engineering and Development Pvt. Ltd have successfully installed a capacity of 324.370kW On Grid Solar Power system at Rajiv Gandhi University in six different buildings (i. e. Research Scholar Hostel, Convention Centre, Department of Zoology, Department of Chemistry, Department of Physics, Department of Management. In addition to that RGU also has 150 solar street light with 15 watts each light sponsored by APEDA, Arunachal Pradesh.

25. NSS Eco Park

The NSS Eco Park was inaugurated on 26th November 2016 by the NSS Cell of RGU. Many events are organised in the park including intensive plantation drives. A pond was created in the park to recharge the water table for the downstream dwellers. There are plans to set up an amphitheatre in the said park.

26. HRD Report

This first Human Development Report from Arunachal Pradesh was launched on 21 April 2006 under the Department of Economics, Rajiv Gandhi University. The report provides an objective analysis of the state of human development in Arunachal Pradesh and serves as a good guide book for policy makers and administrators. Multiple themes are addressed including health and well-being, education and literacy, gender and infrastructure. An important theme that is highlighted in this report is the rise in the unequal distribution of resources and income.

Government of Arunachal Pradesh has also requested Rajiv Gandhi University to contribute to second HRD report of the state, and the matter is currently under process.

27. Adventure & Mountaineering Club

On 24th September 2016, on the occasion of National Social Service Day, Rajiv Gandhi University established the 'Adventure & Mountaineering Club'. Under the banner, treks and expeditions are organised for the students of the RGU. The main objective of the club is to engage the youth in the care and preservation of Eco- Management systems, especially in the rural prospects. The mountaineering camps also posses opportunities for the students to learn team work and discipline.

28. Green Audit

A team of botanists from the Department of Botany, Rajiv Gandhi University, Rono Hills, Arunachal Pradesh conducted a green audit of the campus.

The survey was conducted during the post-monsoon season when most of the tree remains with their leaves and the expectation for presence of flowers and fruits is also high. For this work the entire campus of the University was recognized into 26 sections better utilization of data.

Individuals of each species with girth at breast height (GBH) over 20 cm were counted and measured for their GBH. The recorded girths for different species were grouped under five girth-classes: 20 – 50 cm, 51 – 80 cm, 81 – 110 cm, 111 – 150 cm and the last class is 'Over 150 cm'. The survey identified as much as 116 species of trees growing in the campus, either naturally or planted in different sectors. Few more plants were yet to be identified and were left for further investigation.

The full report on the exploration is already available in the RGU website.

29. Fish Museum

Initiated in the year 2002 by the Research Scholar along with Mentor Prof. D N Das, Dept. of Zoology, RGU, it was an effort to preserve the collection of Fishes from different parts of Arunachal Pradesh under the Fishery and Aquatic Ecology Lab of Zoology department. In the year 2005, the collected fish specimens and their detailed catalogue were shifted to the newly established Centre of Biodiversity (CoB) building within its fish diversity unit. In 2018, based on Departmental Board of Studies (DBS) resolution, the proposal for the Fish Museum was routed to the Academic Council for its inclusion as an integral part of teaching and research in Zoology. Accordingly, it has been subsequently approved and recognised as the referral Museum of Fish under the Department of Zoology with immediate effect. Presently Rajiv Gandhi University Museum of Fish have documenting a total of 218 fish species, these species belong to 99 genera, 35 familiar

30. Aviary

lies covering 13 orders of freshwater fished.

For the benefits of the students of Department of Zoology, an Aviary is under construction under the Department of Zoology, Rajiv Gandhi University. The department has applied for requisite permissions from the State Forest Department. A pond had been created in the aviary making to attract water bird species. The aviary is designed as a central location for bird observation and breeding.

The aviary is becoming a heaven for ornithologists as by location, Rajiv Gandhi University is located inside the Conservation International recognized eastern himalaya biodiversity hotspot region for biodiversity conservation.



31. Centre for Youth Development and Leadership Studies

The Centre for Youth Development and Leadership Studies (CYDLS), under the Department of Social Work has been established on 11th July, 2017 at the Rajiv Gandhi University (A Central University), Rono Hills, Doimukh, Arunachal Pradesh with an aim to address the issues and challenges, building capacities, utilizing energy of youth in the North East Region of India especially in the state of Arunachal Pradesh. Since its inception CYDLS is continuously working towards the betterment of youth through various approaches vis-à-vis extension activities, skill and capacity development Programs, training, workshops, seminars, conferences, and instituting awards and scholarships to motivate youth.



32. Placement Cell UBA Consultanc

Placement Cell was created in RGU under the chairmanship of Vice-Chancellor. The main activity of the Placement Cell is to promote and provide a platform for placement of the interested student through campus recruitment.

A tripartite Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) was signed between NERIST, Nirjuli, NITAP, Yupia and RGU, Rono-Hills, Doimukh for placement of students at NERIST, Nirjuli for Pool Campus Recruitment Drive.

The placement cell in collaboration with career counselling cell, RGU also organizes workshops on 'Campus Placement and Career Counselling' for the UG/PG students. The purpose of the workshops is to spread awareness among students about the existence of placement cell and also inform about campus placement activities.



33. Community Development Cell/Unnat Bharat Abhiyan

Rajiv Gandhi University has established Community Development Cell to integrate various community engagement efforts which are being taken up by various Departments and Centers. The Community development Cell has adopted five villages under Unnat Bharat Abhiyan namely; Poma, Disi, Lazu, Lachum Patey and Chiputa. The University NSS unit has also adopted Tomru village and University Workers' Colony. The Community development Cell is taking up various measures for improving livelihood status of the community of the adopted villages. Already a nursery has been set up at Disi village wherein fruit saplings are being grown and distributed among the rural folks. The village school library are also being strengthened and established for minimizing the expenditure on books by the poor parents. Plantation programmes are also organized from time to time in the adopted villages where emphasis is given on plantation of fruit bearing trees which will augment their earnings.



The University technology park (Previously Women Technology Park) is also poised to impart training and skill enhancement o the rural participants. A MoU has also been signed with National Council of Rural Institutes (NCRI) for collaborative community engagement works.



34. Orchid Tissue Culture Laboratory and the Orchidarium

In India, about 1300 species of orchids has been reported out of which 900 species are found in Northeast India and 570 species in Arunachal Pradesh. However, many orchids are gradually disappearing from their habitat due to anthropogenic activities and have been put under rare and endangered category as they face a threat of extinction from their natural habitat.

In order to conserve the orchids, the university has undertaken research project funded by the Department of Biotechnology, Govt. of India for large scale multiplication through Tissue culture technique of six rare, threatened and endangered orchids of Arunachal Pradesh. So far, the researchers of the university have developed protocols for five orchid species including Paphiopedilum venustum popularly known as Ladies Slipper. The micro propagated orchids are transferred to the Orchidarium of the University for their proper growth and development. The Orchidarium additionally maintains about 25 orchid species in multiple numbers including some common species earlier being kept in the Orchidarium of the Centre of Biodiversity of the university





PROHIBITION OF RAGGING

As per the directives of Hon'ble Supreme Court, ragging in the campus is strictly prohibited and those found indulging in it shall be liable for expulsion/rustication from the university. An anti-ragging committee is in place to monitor ragging incidents. Any case of ragging may be intimated to the committee.

ELECTION OF STUDENT'S UNION

A Student's Union is elected every academic year. The election to various posts of Student's Union is conducted strictly as per the Lyngdoh Committee recommendations and guidelines laid therein.

ACCREDITATION AND RANKING

University participates in NAAC (National Accreditation and Assessment Council) accreditation processes and NIRF (National Institutional Ranking Framework) from time to time.



AFFILIATED COLLEGES OF RAJIV GANDHI UNIVERSITY

| SI. No | Name of Institution | Location | Year of Establishment | Status of Institution |
|--------|--|----------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. | Jawaharlal Nehru College | Pasighat | 1964 | Govt. Degree College |
| 2. | Dera Natung Government College | Itanagar | 1979 | Govt. Degree College |
| 3. | Indira Gandhi Government. College | Tezu | 1986 | Govt. Degree College |
| 4. | Government College | Bomdila | 1988 | Govt. Degree College |
| 5. | Donyi Polo Government College | Kamki | 1996 | Govt. Degree College |
| 6. | Rang Frah Government College | Changlang | 1996 | Govt. Degree College |
| 7. | Wangcha Rajkumar Government College | Deomali | 1997 | Govt. Degree College |
| 8. | Don Bosco College | Jollang, Itanagar | 2002 | Private Degree College |
| 9. | N-E Homoeopathic Medical College & Hospital | Itanagar | 2002 | Private Medical Colleg |
| 10. | Saint Claret College | Ziro | 2003 | Private Degree College |
| 11. | Doying Gumin College | Pasighat | 2004 | Private Degree College |
| 12. | Hills College of Teacher Education | Lekhi, Naharlagun | 2006 | Private B. Ed College |
| 13. | Government College | Yachuli | 2007 | Govt. Degree College |
| 14. | Saint Francis De Sales College | Aalo | 2007 | Private Degree College |
| 15. | Arunachal Law Academy | Lekhi, Naharlagun | 2007 | Private Law College |
| 16. | Arunachal Community College | Itanagar | 2009 | Private Degree College |
| 17. | Government College | Seppa | 2010 | Govt. Degree College |
| 18. | Daying Ering College of Teacher Education | Pasighat | 2011 | Private B. Ed College |
| 19. | Mudo Tamo Memorial College | Ziro | 2011 | Private B. Ed College |
| 20. | Siang Royal Academy | Pasighat | 2011 | Private B. Ed College |

| SI. No | Name of Institution | Location | Year of Establishment | Status of Institution |
|--------|--|-------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| 21. | TT College of B.Ed. | Aalo | 2011 | Private B. Ed College |
| 22. | Govt. College Doimukh | Doimukh | 2012 | Govt. Degree College |
| 23. | Govt. College Daporijo | Daporijo | 2012 | Govt. Degree College |
| 24 | Tadar Taniang Govt. College | Nyapin | 2012 | Govt. Degree College |
| 25. | Mahabodhi Lord Buddha College | Namsai | 2013 | Private Degree College |
| 26. | Denning College of Teacher Education | Tezu | 2013 | Private B. Ed College |
| 27. | Venerable Uktara Bethany College | Manmao, Namsai | 2014 | Private Degree College |
| 28. | Kasturba Gandhi Institute of Higher Education | Roing | 2014 | Private B.Ed. College |
| 29. | Bini Yanga Govt. Women College, Lekhi | Naharlagun | 2014 | Govt. Degree College |
| 30. | Govt. Model College | Geku | 2014 | Govt. Degree College |
| 31. | N-E Nursing College of Health Science | Nirjuli | 2014 | Private Nursing College |
| 32. | Donyi Polo College of Teacher Education | Itanagar | 2015 | Private B.Ed. College |
| 33. | Govt. Model College | Basar | 2015 | Govt. Degree College |
| 34. | NIELIT, (Itanagar Centre) | Naharlagun | 2015 | Central Govt. Instt. |
| 35. | Vivekananda Kendra College of Teacher Education | Nirjuli | 2015 | Private B.Ed. College |
| 36. | Jomin Tayeng Government Model College | Roing | 2016 | Govt. Degree College |
| 37. | Govt. Model College | Tawang | 2017 | Govt. Degree College |
| 38. | Govt. Law College | Jote | 2017 | Govt. Law College |
| 39. | Namdapha Degree College | Miao | 2018 | Private Degree College |
| 40. | Tomo Riba Institute of Health & Medical Sciences | Naharlagun | 2018 | Govt. Medical College |
| 41. | Hill Queen College | Ziro | 2018 | Private Degree College |

