

RGUCET 2022 MA in Pol Sc

1	As there were no buses or train, Sarah _____ home last night.					
	A has to walk	B has to walked	C had to walk	D had to walked	C	had to walk
2	If you work really hard, you _____ good score in the upcoming examination.					
	A will get	B will got	C would get	D would got	A	will get
3	Emma could save money if she bought _____ furniture.					
	A economic	B economics	C economize	D economical	D	economical
4	Antonym of DWARF:					
	A Giant	B Tiny	C Huge	D Enormous	A	Giant
5	Synonym of "pococurante" is _____?					
	A Native	B Hot	C Blase	D Hidden	C	Blase
6	Which of the following compound is mainly used in hand sanitizer?					
	A Aldehyde	B Acetic acid	C Alcohol	D Ketone	C	Alcohol
7	What is the basic unit of our neural system?					
	A Neutron	B Neuron	C Nephron	D Nucleon	B	Neuron
8	What is the unit of wavelength?					
	A Hertz	B Diopter	C Faraday	D Meter	D	Meter
9	What is Bryology?					
	A Study of food	B Study of fruit	C Study of mosses and liverworts	D Study of rings	C	Study of mosses and liverworts
10	Oncology is the study of:					
	A Birds	B Cancer	C Mammals	D Soil	B	Cancer
11	Water has maximum density at					
	A 0°C	B 1°C	C 4°C	D 10°C	C	4°C
12	The theory of expanding universe was first propounded by					
	A Einstein	B Newton	C Galileo	D Hubble	D	Hubble
13	Which type of blood of individuals are known as universal donor					
	A Type A	B Type B	C Type AB	D Type O	D	Type O
14	The product of a rational and an irrational numbers is:					
	A Always an integer	B Always a rational number	C Always an irrational number	D Sometimes rational and sometimes irrational	C	Always an irrational number
15	What does 1 googol means?					
	A 1 followed by hundred zeros	B 1 followed by thousand zeros	C 1 followed by ten thousand zeros	D 1 followed by 1 lakh zeros	A	1 followed by hundred zeros
16	All values that could be put into the function for which the function is defined and have real values is called _____ of the function.					

	A domain	B range	C validity test	D reliability	A	domain
17	<b><math>0.003 \times 0.02 = ?</math></b>					
	A 0.06	B 0.006	C 0.0006	D 0.00006	D	0.00006
18	<b>What is the value of x in the equation <math>3x - 15 - 6 = 0</math> ?</b>					
	A 7	B 8	C 9	D -9	A	7
19	When Government of India confers the "Highest Civilian Honor for Women" by presenting "Nari Shakti Puraskars"?					
	A. June 5	B. 8th March	C. June 21	D. June 5	B.	8th March
20	The National Institute of Tribal Research (NITR) is to be established in which Indian city?					
	A Bhopal	B Kanpur	C Indore	D New Delhi	D	New Delhi
21	Who among the following wrote Sanskrit grammar?					
	A Kalidasa	B Charak	C Panini	D Aryabhata	c	Panini
22	Patanjali is well known for the compilation of –					
	A Yoga Sutra	B Panchatantra	C Brahma Sutra	D Ayurveda	A	Yoga Sutra
23	'Yakshagana' is a traditional theatre form of which Indian state?					
	A Maharashtra	B Andhra Pradesh	C Karnataka	D Tamilnadu	B	Andhra Pradesh

24	House of common is the lower house of ....					
	a)UK	b)USA	c)China	d)Japan	a	UK
25	Tenure of USA president is....					
	a) 4 years	b) 5 years	C) 6 years	d) 7 years	c	6 years
26	People's procuratorate is the judicial branch of....					
	a) UK	b) China	C) USA	d) None	b	china
27	Speaker of ..... has power of kangaroo closure to bill.					
	a) UK	b) USA	c) China	d) None	a	UK
28	Who can limit the power of British Parliament?					
	a) International Law	b) Prime Minister	c) King	d) Political Party	a	International Law
29	President of USA can be removed by-					
	a) Senate	b) House of representative	c) Impeachment Procedure	d) Judges of the Supreme court	c	Impeachment procedure

30	What is the eligible age to become a member of House of Common?					
	a) 21 years	b) 18 years	c) 22 years	d) 20 years	b	18 years
31	USA Senators are elected for a tenure of-					
	a) 5 years	b) 4 years	c) 6 years	d) 2 years	c	6 years
32	Which country has a shortest and briefest constitution?					
	a) UK	b) USA	c) China	d) India	b	USA
33	Which parties are dominant in USA political system at present?					
	a) Federalist and Anti federalists	b) Republican and Democratic	c) Conservative and Democratic	d) Democratic and Liberal	b	Republican and Democratic
34	Regulating act 1773 was moved by					
	a) Lord Macaulay	b) Lord North	c) Lord William Bentinck	d) Sir Richard Bacher	b	Lord North
35	For how many years were extended under Charter Act of 1853 to rule of company over India?					
	a) 10 years	b) 20 years	c) 25 years	d) 35 years	b	20 years
36	Which was the first uprising movement against British rule in India?					
	a) Sanyasi Andolan	b) Revolt of Rangpur	c) Revolt of Vijay Nagram	d) Revolt of Gorakhpur	a	Sanyasi Andolan
37	According to India act of 1919 the life of legislative Assembly was					
	a) Four years	b) Five years	c) Six years	d) Two years	a	Four years
38	Which period was generally called the Gandhian era?					
	a) 1919-1934	b) 1921-1936	c) 1920-1935	d) 1922-1937	c	1920-1935

39	The village council of the Nocte is called as?					
	a.Ngothun	b.Ngele	c.Abelle	d. Buliyang	a	Ngothun
40	In which year Tuensang was merged with the Naga Hills District?					

	a. 11 <sup>th</sup> October 1964.	b.31 <sup>st</sup> November 1958	c.01 <sup>st</sup> December 1957	d.18 <sup>th</sup> February 1954	c	01 <sup>st</sup> December 1957
41	North East Frontier Areas (Administration) Regulation came into existence in which year?					
	a.1954	b.1966.	c.1957	d.1962	a	1954
42	Which political party won the majority of seats in the first Assembly Election in 1978 in Arunachal Pradesh?					
	a.PPA	b.Janata Party	c.INC	d.Independ ent	b	Janata Party
43	Among the following who was not a member in the Daying Ering Committee 1965?					
	a.Shri D.Ering	b.Shri BD Pandey	c.LB Tangha	d.PN Luthra	d	PN Luthra
44	In which year the Daying Ering Committee Report was submitted to the Governor?					
	A.4th January 1965	b.14th February 1967	c.27th March 1966	d.21st September 1964	a	4 <sup>th</sup> January 1965
45	How many assembly seats did BJP won in the 2019 state Assembly Election in Arunachal Pradesh?					
	a.44	b.42	c.41	d.43	c	41
46	Which assembly seat of Arunachal Pradesh is designated as 1 <sup>st</sup> assembly constituency?					
	a.Seppa West ST AssemblyCon stituency	b.PakkeKesan g ST Assembly Constituency	c.Tawang ST Assembly Constituency	d.Mukto ST Assembly Constituency	d	Mukto ST Assembly Constituency
47	When did the Arunachal Pradesh Panchayati Raj Act, 1997 come into effect?					
	a.14th Nov. 2001.	b.11th November	c.15th June 1997	d.None of the Above	a	14th Nov. 2001.

		2002				
48	In which of the following constitutional amendment the existing Pradesh Council in Arunachal Pradesh was converted into a 30 member elected legislative assembly in 1975?					
	a) 35th amendment	b) 42nd amendment	c) 37th amendment	d) 52nd amendment	c	37th amendment
49	Under which article of the Indian constitution the Governor of Arunachal Pradesh has been granted special provision with regard to law and order?					
	a) Art. 371 A	b). Art. 371 B	C. Art. 371 G	D. Art.371H	d	Art.371H
50	How many INC MLAs were elected in 2019 state Assembly Election in Arunachal Pradesh?					
	a. 04	b. 09	c. 15	d. 11	a	04
51	Under which constitutional amendment Act of Indian constitution Arunachal Pradesh became a full fledged state of Indian Union?					
	a) 35th amendme nt	b) 42nd amendme nt	c) 37th amendmen t	d) 52nd amendme nt	c	37th amendment

52	Who among the following created the office of a District Collector in India?					
	A Lord Cornwallis	B. Warren Hastings	C The Royal Commission on Decentralization	D Sir Charles Metcalfe	<b>B</b>	Warren Hastings
53	The first book on Public Administration was written by					
	A E.N. Gladden	B L. D. White	C Simon	D Woodrow Wilson	B	L. D. White

54	The word administration is derived from the Latin word administrate, which means					
	A to advertise ministerial efforts	B to add to the resources of the ministers	C to advise the government	D to look after people to manage affairs	D	to look after people to manage affairs
55	Informal organization is generally					
	A Rigid	B Flexible	C Written	D Hierarchical	B	Flexible
56	The evolution of the Public Administration is generally divided into:					
	A Three phases	B Four phases	C Five phases	D Six phases	C	Five phases
57	Which of the following is not a function of staff agency?					
	A Planning	B Achieving goals	C Advising	D Consultation	C	Advising
58	Which of the following is one of the features of bureaucracy conceived by Max Weber?					
	A Authority	B Publicness	C Hierarchy	D Civil society	C	Hierarchy
59	The first step in the policy cycle is:					
	A policy evaluation	B policy formulation	C policy implementation	D agenda setting	D	agenda setting
60	Which of the following is the largest parliamentary committee in India?					
	A Committee of Petitions	B Public Accounts Committee	C Committee on Public Undertakings	D Estimate Committee	D	Estimate Committee
61	How many principles of organization were propounded by Henry Fayol?					

	A 10	B 14	C 9	D 5	B	14	
62	The principles of Scientific management was developed by-						
	A L D White	B Woodrow Wilson	C F W. Taylor	D Max Weber	C	F W. Taylor	
63	Which of the following is not of the core values of public administration?						
	A Bureaucracy	B Effectiveness	C Efficiency	D Equity	A	Bureaucracy	
64	The founder of Scientific Management School of thought was:						
	A F.W. Taylor	B Herber Simon	C Pfiffner John	D Mary Parker Follet	A	F.W. Taylor	
65	The father of Human Relations theory was:						
	A Douglas M. McGregor	B Elton Mayo	C E.N.Gladden	D L. Urwick	B	Elton Mayo	
66	Who is the head of the entire Civil Services of the State?						
	A Principal Secretary	B Special Secretary	C Chief Secretary	D Home Secretary	C	Chief Secretary	
67	The Lokpal and Lokayuktas bill was passed by parliament in the year:						
	A 1999	B 1947	C 2013	D 2020	C	2013	

68	State interference in the self regarding actions of the individual is opposed by					
	a) Marx	b)Hobbes	c) Mill	d)Hegel	C	Mill
69	Which of the following is a merit of presidential system?					
	a) Stability	b) Flexibility	c) Harmony	d) Durability	A	Stability

70	The modern state is described as					
	a) Laissez fair state	b) Welfare state	c) Police state	d) Autocratic state	B	Welfare state
71	The theory of surplus value is associated with					
	a) Rousseau	b) Plato	c) Locke	d) Marx	D	Marx
72	Sovereignty is an essential attributes of					
	a) State	b) Constitution	c) Government	d) Parliament	A	State
73	Who said 'State comes into existence for the sake of good life'?					
	a) Plato	b) Socrates	c) Gandhi	d) Aristotle	D	Aristotle
74	First systematic classification of government was given by					
	a) Plato	b) Aristotle	c) Socrates	d) Montesquieu	B	Aristotle
75	The pluralist have faith in					
	a) Political sovereignty	b) Absolute sovereignty	c) Economic sovereignty	d) Legal sovereignty	A	Political sovereignty
76	The modern democracy is known as					
	a) Economic democracy	b) Sovereignty democracy	c) People's democracy	d) Representative democracy	D	Representative democracy
77	Right to Equality is					
	a) Natural right	b) Moral right	c) Civil right	d) Political right	C	Civil right
78	Rousseau belonged to					
	a) Germany	b) England	c) Italy	d) France	D	France
79	Locke holds that people in the state of nature enjoyed only					
	a)) Legal	b) Political	c) Moral rights	d) Natural rights	D	Natural rights



	rights	rights				
80	Plato considered politics as a branch of					
	a) History	b) State	c) Political science	d) Ethics	D	Ethics
81	Which of the following approaches is said to be 'Value-Laden'					
	a) Modern approach	b) System approach	c) Traditional approach	d) Empirical approach	C	Traditional approach
82	The Greek word 'Demos' mean					
	a) Power	b) People	c) Democracy	d) Government	B	People

83	Which article of the Indian Constitution provide for the President to constitute Finance Commission.					
	a. Article 282	b. Article 280	c. Article 265	d. Article 275	b	Article 280
84	Separation of judiciary from executive in provided under which article part –IV of Constitution					
	a. Article 42	b. Article 50	c. Article 49	d. Article 62	b	Article 50
85	In which year Election Commission of India became a multi member body					
	a. 1978	b. 1989	c. 1991	d. 1988	b	1989
86	Which part of Indian constitution deals with Panchayats?					
	a. Part X	b. Part XII	c. Part VIII	d. Part IX	d	Part IX
87	Which Article prohibits Double jeopardy?					
	a. Article 19	b. Article 22	c. Article 21	d. Article 20	d	Article 20
88	Education is a part of which of the following list?					
	a. Union List	b. State list	c. Concurrent List	d. Residuary subject	c	Concurrent List
89	Directive Principles are just like a 'a cheque on bank payable at the convenience of the bank'. Who among the following said this?					
	a. B.R. Ambedkar	b. Jawaharlal Nehru	c. K.T. Shah	d. Lal Bahadur Shastri	c	K.T. Shah
90	Which of the following Article gives definition of Money Bill?					
	a. Article 100	b. Article 110	c. Article 121	d. Article 101	b	Article 110

91	Judicial Review system in India is adopted from					
	a. UK	b. Canada	c. USA	d. Australia	c	USA

92	___ security and state survival are the core value of the realist approach of IR.					
	a) Regional	b) International	c) Traditional	d) National	d	National
93	Who is the author of the book “Politics among nations”?					
	a) John Burton	b) Morgenthau	c) Kenneth Waltz	d) Woodrow Wilson	b	Morgenthau
94	Who stated “The discipline of international relations is concerned with the factors and the activities which affect the external policies and power of the basic units in to which the world is divided”?					
	a) Stanley Hoffman	b) Quincy Wright	c) Morgen Thau	d) Seymon Brown	a	Stanley Hoffman
95	Complete cessation of nuclear testing is the sole aim of					
	a ) FMCT	b ) NPT	C ) CTBT	d )None of these	c	CTBT
96	Who among the following does not agree on the central importance of the state in international relation?					
	A)Pluralists	B)Realists	C)Neo-realists	D)Structural Realists	a	Pluralists
97	World health organisation was established in the year					
	A ) 1945	B )1947	C ) 1948	D ) 1958	c	1948
98	The Twenty Years Crisis was authored by					
	A.Hoffman	B.Joseph Nye	C. E.H.Carr	D.Mortan kaplan	c	E.H.Carr
99	The total number of judges in the international court of justice are					
	A.12	B.15	C.17	D.21	b	15
100	Which of the following is not an element of national power?					
	A.Geography	B.Economy	C.National Morale	D.National interest	d	National interest