This booklet consists of $\underline{100}$ questions and $\underline{12}$ printed pages.
RGUCET/ $\qquad$
Series

RGUCET 2023 Masters in Chemistry

Full Marks: 100
Time: 2 Hours
Roll No.


Day and Date of Examination
Signature of Invigilator(s)
Signature of Candidate

General Instructions:

## please read all the instructions carefully before making any entry.

1. DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.
2. Candidate must write his/her Roll Number on the space provided.
3. This Test Booklet contains 100 Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs). Each question carries 1 mark. There shall be negative marking of 0.25 against each wrong attempt.
4. Please check the Test Booklet to verify that the total pages and total number of questions contained in the test booklet are the same as those printed on the top of the first page. Also check whether the questions are in sequential order or not.
5. Candidates are not permitted to enter into the examination hall 15 minutes after the commencement of the entrance test or leave the examination hall before 30 minutes of end of examination.
6. Making any identification mark in the OMR Answer Sheet or writing Roll Number anywhere other than the specified places will lead to disqualification of the candidate.
7. Candidates shall maintain silence inside and outside the examination hall. If candidate(s) is/are found violating the instructions mentioned herein or announced in the examination hall, they will be summarily disqualified from the entrance test.
8. In case of any dispute, the decision of the Entrance Test Committee, RGU shall be final and binding.
9. The OMR Answer Sheet consists of two copies, the Original copy and the Student's copy.

| 1 | If MNPQWXFG stand for the word LOVE, then IJBCUVFG stands for? |  |  |  | b) | HATE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | a) HOME | b) HATE | c) KITE | d) WIFE |  |  |
| 2 | An elevator has the capacity of 12 adults or 20 children. How many adults can board the elevator with 15 children? |  |  |  | b) | 3 |
|  | a) 4 | b) 3 | c) 5 | d) 6 |  |  |
| 3 | Find the odd one- |  |  |  | c) | Time |
|  | a) Hour | b) Day | c) Time | d) Second |  |  |
| 4 | 1 Gigabyte (GB) is equal to |  |  |  | c) | 1024 MB |
|  | a) 1000 MB | b) 1022 MB | c) 1024 MB | d) 996 MB |  |  |
| 5 | Look at this series: $7,10,8,11,9,12, \ldots$ What number should come next? |  |  |  | b) | 10 |
|  | a) 7 | b) 10 | c) 12 | d) 13 |  |  |
| 6 | The treaty resulted from the first Anglo-Burmese war is- |  |  |  | c) | Treaty of Yandaboo |
|  | a) Treaty of Burma | b) Treaty of Peace | c) Treaty of <br> Yandaboo | d) Treaty <br> of <br> Myanmar |  |  |
| 7 | Halley's comet appears once in a period of- |  |  |  | c) | 76 years |
|  | a) 56 years | b) 46 years | c) 76 years | d) 66 <br> years |  |  |
| 8 | Who regulates the insurance trade in the country? |  |  |  | c) | IRDAI |
|  | a) SEBI | b) RBI | c) IRDAI | d) LIC |  |  |
| 9 | Which of the following colours has the longest wavelength? |  |  |  | a) | Red |
|  | a) Red | b) Green | c) Blue | d) Yellow |  |  |
| 10 | Which Mountain is also called as Roof of the World? |  |  |  | a) | The Pamirs |
|  | a) The <br> Pamirs | b) Kangchenjunga | c) Mount <br> Kinabalu | d) Mt <br> Kilimanjar <br> o |  |  |
| 11 | Who invented the computer mouse? |  |  |  | a) | Douglas |




|  | (a) intermolecular repulsions | (b) intermolecul ar attractions | (c) volume occupied by the molecules | (d) intermolecular collisions per unit volume | (c) | volume occupied by the molecules |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30 | The pressure at which equilibrium constant in terms of pressure is found to be equal to that in terms of mole fraction for the equilibrium: $\mathrm{PCl}_{5}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightleftharpoons \mathrm{PCl}_{3}(\mathrm{~g})+\mathrm{Cl}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ is- |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (a) 10.0 atm | (b) 1.0 atm | (c) 0.1 atm | (d) 2.0 atm | (b) | 1.0 atm |
| 31 | A salt of weak acid and strong base on hydrolysis yields a solution which is- |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (a) slightly acidic | (b) slightly basic | (c) neutral | (d) highly acidic | (b) | slightly basic |
| 32 | If ' $s$ ' is the solubility of $\mathrm{CaF}_{2}$ in water, the solubility product is given by - |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (a) $K_{\text {sp }}=\mathrm{s}^{2}$ | (b) $K_{\text {sp }}=\mathrm{s}^{3}$ | (c) $K_{\text {sp }}=4 \mathrm{~s}^{3}$ | (d) $K_{\text {sp }}=4 \mathrm{~s}^{2}$ | (c) | $K_{\text {sp }}=4 \mathrm{~s}^{3}$ |
| 33 | The process of solvation of $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{Cl}$ in water is- |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (a) Endothermic, nonspontaneous | (b) <br> Exothermic, spontaneou s | (c) Exothermic, nonspontaneous | (d) Endothermic, spontaneous | (d) | Endothermi <br> c, <br> spontaneou <br> s |
| 34 | In an adiabatic process............... can flow into or out of the system. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (a) no heat | (b) heat | (c) matter | (d) no matter | (a) | No heat |
| 35 | A gas expands from 10 litres to 20 litres against a constant external pressure of 10 atm . The pressure-volume work done by the system is- |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (a) 100 lit atm | (b) -100 lit | (c) 10 lit atm | (d) -10 lit atm | (b) | -100 lit atm |


|  |  | atm |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 36 | The entropy of a system increases in the order- |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (a) gas<liquid<solid | (b) solid<liquid< gas | (c) gas<solid<liqui d | (d) none of these | (b) | solid<liquid < gas |
| 37 | On increasing pressure, melting point of ice- |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (a) decreases | (b) increases | (c) remains unchanged | (d) changes in regular manner | (a) | decreases |
| 38 | The highest osmotic pressure will be observed in- |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (a) 0.1 M urea | (b) 0.1 M glucose | (c) 0.1 M NaCl | (d) $0.1 \mathrm{M} \mathrm{Al}_{2}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{3}$ | (d) | $\begin{aligned} & 0.1 \mathrm{M} \\ & \mathrm{Al}_{2}\left(\mathrm{SO}_{4}\right)_{3} \end{aligned}$ |
| 39 | Radioactive decay follows ........ order kinetics. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (a) zero | (b) first | (c) second | (d) third | (b) | first |
| 40 | The rate law related the rate of a chemical reaction to- |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (a) the temperature | (b) the concentratio n of reactants | (c) the activation energy | (d) the concentration of products | (b) | the concentrati on of reactants |
| 41 | For strong electrolytes, the degree of dissociation is- |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (a) nearly equal to zero | (b) nearly equal to 0.5 | (c) nearly equal to 1 | (d) nearly equal to $2$ | (c) | nearly equal to 1 |
| 42 | On dilution, the specific conductance of a solution of an electrolyte-- |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (a) increases | (b) | (c) does not vary with | (d) cannot be | (b) | decreases |


|  |  | decreases | dilution | predicted |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 43 | Water has three phases-ice, water and vapours. The number of components in the system is- |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (a) one | (b) two | (c) three | (d) four | (a) | one |
| 44 | A photochemical reaction takes place by the absorption of- |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (a) visible and ultraviolet radiations | (b) infrared radiations | (c) heat energy | (d) microwave radiation | (a) | visible and ultraviolet radiations |
| 45 | What type of decay process might ${ }^{214} \mathrm{~Pb}$ convert to ${ }^{214} \mathrm{Bi}$ - |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (a) beta decay | (b) alpha decay | (c) gamma decay | (d) electron capture | (a) | beta decay |
| 46 | The continuous rapid zig-zag movement executed by a colloidal particle in the dispersion medium is called- |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (a) Tyndall effect | (b) <br> Brownian movement | (c) electrophoresis | (d) peptization | (b) | Brownian movement |
| 47 | Which of the following is not a colloidal solution- |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | (a) brine solution | (b) fog | (c) smoke | (d) butter | (a) | brine <br> solution |
| 48 | If uncertainty in the measurement of the position of an electron is $7.26 \times 10^{-18} \mathrm{~m}$ then uncertainty in the measurement of velocity is- |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (a) } 6.96 \times 10^{8} \\ & \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (b) } 7.98 \times \\ & 10^{12} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (c) } 7.98 \times 10^{14} \\ & \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (d) } 7.98 \times 10^{-12} \\ & \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} \end{aligned}$ | (b) | $\begin{aligned} & 7.98 \times 10^{12} \\ & \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s} \end{aligned}$ |
| 49 | What is the maximum number of orbital's that can be identified with the quantum numbers: $n=3, l=1, m_{l}=0$ - |  |  |  |  |  |



|  |  |  | e |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 57 | Ethers can generally be prepared industrially by- |  |  |  | b) | Williamson synthesis |
|  | a) <br> Fermentation | b) Williamson synthesis | c) Wittig reaction | d) Aldol condensatio n |  |  |
| 58 | The industrially prepared vinegar is a dilute aqueous solution- |  |  |  | d) | Acetic acid |
|  | a) Lactic acid | b) Tartaric acid | c) Citric acid | d) Acetic acid |  |  |
| 59 | The reagent capable of producing carboxylic acid by pouring on dry ice is- |  |  |  | c) | Grignard reagent |
|  | a) Gilman reagent | b) Tebbe reagent | c) Grignard reagent | d) Braddy's reagent |  |  |
| 60 | The instrument used to detect and measure the optical activity of a compound is- |  |  |  | b) | Polarimeter |
|  | a) Ammeter | b) Polarimeter | c) pH meter | d) <br> Potentiomet er |  |  |
| 61 | The compounds given below are an example of- |  |  |  | a) | Functional isomerism |
|  | a) Functional isomerism | b) Position isomerism | c) Chain isomersim | d) <br> Tautomersi <br> m |  |  |
| 62 | pH is defined by the equation- |  |  |  | d) | $-\log \left[\mathrm{H}^{+}\right]$ |
|  | a)- $\log \mathrm{K}_{\text {a }}$ | b ${ }^{\text {log }} \mathrm{K}_{\mathrm{b}}$ | c)- $\log \left[\mathrm{OH}^{-}\right]$ | d) $-\log \left[\mathrm{H}^{+}\right]$ |  |  |
| 63 | The organic compound which shows a positive silver mirror test with Tollens' reagent is- |  |  |  | b) | Benzaldehy de |
|  | a) 2-Naphthol | b) Benzaldehyde | c) Benzoic acid | d) $p$ - <br> Toluidine |  |  |
| 64 | Among the following, the rearrangement reaction which involves an isocyanate intermediate is- |  |  |  | a) | Curtuis |
|  | a) Curtuis | b) Fries rearrangement | c) Claisen | d) Cope |  |  |


|  | rearrangement |  | rearrangeme nt | rearrangem ent | rearrangem ent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 65 | The correct product of the following reaction is- |  |  |  |  |



|  | a) | b) | c) | d) | d) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 71 | The distinction between primary, secondary and tertiary amines can be carried out by- |  |  |  | c) | Hinsberg test |
|  | a) Lucas test <br> b) lodoform test |  | c) Hinsberg test | d) Tollens' test |  |  |
| 72 | Which of the following is not an reducing agent? |  |  |  | c) | PDC |
|  | a) $\mathrm{NaBH}_{4}$ | b) $\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4}$ | c) PDC | $\begin{aligned} & \text { d) } \mathrm{Zn} / \mathrm{Hg} \text {, } \\ & \mathrm{HCl} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| 73 | Peptide bond is a- |  |  |  | d) | Covalent bond |
|  | a) Hydrogen bond | b) Metallic bond | c) Ionic bond | d) Covalent bond |  |  |
| 74 | The number of isoprene units contained in sesquiterpenes is- |  |  |  | C | 3 |
|  | a) 1 | b) 2 | c) 3 | d) 4 |  |  |
| 75 | Which of the following is a non-reducing sugar? |  |  |  | a) | Sucrose |
|  | a) Sucrose | b) Glucose | c) Galactose | d) Fructose |  |  |


| 76 | The element having tetra atomicity is- |  |  |  | c) | P |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | a) He | b) N | c) P | d) Cl |  |  |
| 77 | What is the shape of $\mathrm{SF}_{4}$ as per VSEPR? |  |  |  | c) | See-Saw |
|  | a) Square planar | b) Tetrahedral | c) See-Saw | d) Pyramidal |  |  |
| 78 | Which of the following is the most reducing? |  |  |  | a) | K |
|  | a) K | b) Na | c) Mg | d) $\mathrm{Br}_{2}$ |  |  |
| 79 | If an electron and proton have the same de Broglie wavelength, then the kinetic energy of the electron is- |  |  |  |  |  |


|  | a) Zero | b) less than that of a proton | c) more than that of proton | d) Equal to that of proton | c) | more than that of proton |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 80 | Ortho- and para-hydrogen differ in- |  |  |  | c) | nuclear spin |
|  | a) atomic number | b) mass number | c) nuclear spin | d) all of these |  |  |
| 81 | The quantum number not obtained from the Schrödinger wave equation is- |  |  |  | d) | $m_{s}$ |
|  | a) $n$ | b) 1 | c) $m_{l}$ | d) $m_{s}$ |  |  |
| 82 | Which of the following pairs represents isobars? |  |  |  | (a) | ${ }_{19}^{40} \mathrm{~K}$ and ${ }_{20}^{40} \mathrm{Ca}$ |
|  | (a) ${ }_{19}^{40} \mathrm{~K}$ and ${ }_{20}^{40} \mathrm{Ca}$ | (b) ${ }_{2}^{3} \mathrm{He}$ and ${ }_{2}^{4} \mathrm{He}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (c) }{ }_{12}^{24} \mathrm{Mg} \text { and } \\ & { }_{12}^{25} \mathrm{Mg} \end{aligned}$ | (d) ${ }_{19}^{40} \mathrm{~K}$ and ${ }_{19}^{39} \mathrm{~K}$ |  |  |
| 83 | Which of the following elements has the highest value of electron affinity- |  |  |  | b) | S |
|  | a) O | b) S | c) Se | d) Te |  |  |
| 84 | The outermost electronic configuration of the most electronegative element is- |  |  |  | c) | $n s^{2} n p^{5}$ |
|  | a) $n s^{2} n p^{3}$ | b) $n s^{2} n p^{4}$ | c) $n s^{2} n p^{5}$ | d) $n s^{2} n p^{6}$ |  |  |
| 85 | The hybridization of Br in $\mathrm{BrF}_{3}$ is- |  |  |  | c) | $s p^{3} \mathrm{~d}$ |
|  | a) $\mathrm{sp}^{2}$ | b) $\mathrm{sp}^{3}$ | c) $\mathrm{sp}^{3} \mathrm{~d}$ | d) $\mathrm{sp}^{3} \mathrm{~d}^{2}$ |  |  |
| 86 | The spin-only magnetic moment in BM for $\left[\mathrm{FeF}_{6}\right]^{3-}$ is- |  |  |  | b) | 5.92 |
|  | a) 0 | b) 5.92 | c) 4.47 | d) 6.92 |  |  |
|  | Covalent molecules are held together in a crystal structure by- |  |  |  | c) | van der Waal's attraction |
| 87 | a) hydrogen bond | b) electrostatic attraction | c) van der <br> Waal's attraction | d) dipoledipole attraction |  |  |
| 88 | Chemical formula of Buckminsterfullerene is- |  |  |  | c) | C60 |
|  | a) $\mathrm{C}_{40}$ | b) $\mathrm{C}_{50}$ | c) $\mathrm{C}_{60}$ | d) $\mathrm{C}_{70}$ |  |  |


| 89 | The number of OH group in phosphorous acid, $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{3}$ is- |  |  |  | b) | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | a) 1 | b) 2 | c) 3 | d) 4 |  |  |
| 90 | The manufacture of nitric acid is carried out by- |  |  |  | a) | Ostwald process |
|  | a) Ostwald process | b) Solvay process | c) Haber process | d) Mond process |  |  |
| 91 | Inorganic benzene is - |  |  |  | c) | $\mathrm{B}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{6} \mathrm{~N}_{3}$ |
|  | a) $\mathrm{B}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{3}$ | b) $\mathrm{BH}_{3} \mathrm{NH}_{3}$ | c) $\mathrm{B}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{6} \mathrm{~N}_{3}$ | d) $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{~B}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{6}$ |  |  |
| 92 | The correct electronic configuration of $\mathrm{Gd}^{3+}$ is- |  |  |  | a) | $[\mathrm{Xe}] 4 \mathrm{f}^{7}$ |
|  | a) $[\mathrm{Xe}] 4 \mathrm{f}^{7}$ | b) $[R n] 4 f^{6}$ | c) $[\mathrm{Xe}] \mathrm{ff}^{5}$ | d) $[\mathrm{Rn}] 4 \mathrm{f}^{7}$ |  |  |
| 93 | The bonding in boranes is |  |  |  | c) | $3 \mathrm{c}-2 \mathrm{e}$ bond |
|  | a) 3c-4e bond | b) 3c-4e bond | c) 3c-2e bond | d) 2c-3e bond |  |  |
| 94 | Transition metals are generally coloured because- |  |  |  | c) | of d-d transition |
|  | a) they absorb electromagnetic radiations | b) their penultimate dsubshells are fully filled | c) of $d-d$ transition | d) of L-M <br> transition |  |  |
| 95 | Which of the following is Baeyer's reagent- |  |  |  | b) | alkaline $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$ |
|  | a) acidified $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$ | b) alkaline $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { c) acidified } \\ & \mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{7} \end{aligned}$ | d) aqueous $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$ |  |  |
| 96 | Transition metals complexes act as- |  |  |  | a) | Lewis acid |
|  | a) Lewis acid | b) Lewis base | c) free radicals | d) Bronsted base |  |  |
| 97 | Which one of the following is false about ferrocene- |  |  |  | d) | it resist <br> electrophilic <br> substitution |
|  | a) it obeys 18 electron rule | b) it is diamagnetic | c) it is orange in color | d) it resist <br> electrophilic <br> substitution |  |  |
| 98 | The isomerism shown by the complexes $\left[\mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{4}\right]\left[\mathrm{PtCl}_{4}\right]$ and $\left[\mathrm{Pt}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{4}\right][\mathrm{CuCl} 4]$ is- |  |  |  | c) | Coordination isomerism |
|  | a) Linkage | b) Ionization | c) | d) Geometric |  |  |


|  | isomerism | isomerism | Coordination isomerism | isomerism |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 99 | The crystal field stabilization energy for a high spin $\mathrm{d}^{6}$ system such as $\left[\mathrm{CoF}_{6}\right]^{3-}$ is- |  |  |  | b) | 4 Dq |
|  | a) 0 Dq | b) 4 Dq | c) 6 Dq | d) 12 Dq |  |  |
|  | Mercury and its compounds are toxic due to their- |  |  |  | a) | high affinity for thiols |
| 100 | a) high affinity for thiols | b) interference with oxygen transport | c) binding to histidine | d) inhibition of vitamin $\mathrm{B}_{12}$ synthesis |  |  |

