|              |            |                 |             |       |       |       |              | Test Boo      | oklet No. |               |
|--------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|--------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|
| This bookle  | et consist | ts of <u>10</u> | <u>0</u> qu | estio | ns ai | nd 12 | 2 prii       | ited pages.   |           |               |
| RGUPET/_     | /          |                 |             | P     |       |       | PET 2<br>CON | 2023<br>OMICS | Series    | NIL           |
| Full Mark    | s: 100     |                 |             |       |       |       |              |               |           | Time: 3 Hours |
| Roll No.     |            |                 |             |       |       |       |              |               |           |               |
| Day and Date | e of Exam  | ination         | :           |       |       |       |              |               |           |               |
| Signature of | Invigilato | r(s)            | :           |       |       |       |              |               |           |               |
| Signature of | Candidate  | ;               | :           |       |       |       |              |               |           |               |
|              |            |                 |             |       |       |       |              |               |           |               |

## General Instructions:

## PLEASE READ ALL THE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE MAKING ANY ENTRY.

- 1. DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.
- 2. Candidate must write his/her Roll Number on the space provided.
- 3. This Test Booklet contains 100 Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) from the concerned subject. Each question carries 1 mark.
- 4. Please check the Test Booklet to verify that the total pages and total number of questions contained in the test booklet are the same as those printed on the top of the first page. Also check whether the questions are in sequential order or not.
- 5. Candidates are not permitted to enter into the examination hall 15 minutes after the commencement of the entrance test or leave the examination hall before 30 minutes of end of examination.
- 6. Making any identification mark in the OMR Answer Sheet or writing Roll Number anywhere other than the specified places will lead to disqualification of the candidate.
- 7. Candidates shall maintain silence inside and outside the examination hall. If candidate(s) is/are found violating the instructions mentioned herein or announced in the examination hall, they will be summarily disqualified from the entrance test.
- 8. In case of any dispute, the decision of the Entrance Test Committee, RGU shall be final and binding.
- 9. The OMR Answer Sheet consists of two copies, the Original copy and the Student's copy.

| 1 | Which of the for journal?   | ollowing is an indicatio  | on of the quality o            | of a research          |   | Impac<br>Facto  |  |  |
|---|-----------------------------|---|--------------------------------|------------------------|---|-----------------|--|--|
|   | a) Impact<br>Factor         | b) Google Scholar<br>factor   | c) scholar<br>domain<br>factor | d) JSTOR factor        | Α |                 |  |  |
| 2 | Which of the fo             | ollowing sampling met   | hods is based on               | probability?           | D | Stratif         |  |  |
|   | a) Random<br>Sampling       | b) Snow Ball<br>Sampling  | c) Quota<br>Sampling           | d) Stratified sampling |   | d<br>sampl<br>g |  |  |
| 3 | Which one of t              | he following is not a n   | on- parametric to              | est?                   | Α |                 |  |  |
|   | a) t-test                   | b)Sign test   | c)Chi-square<br>test           | d)Run test             |   | t-tes           |  |  |
| 4 | Deconstruction              | is a popular method   | of research in                 |                        |   |                 |  |  |
|   | a) Social<br>Science        | b) Life Science   | c) Literature                  | d) Physical<br>Science | С | Litera<br>re    |  |  |
|   | In sampling, th             | e lottery method is us  | ed for                         |                        |   | Rand            |  |  |
| 5 |                             |   |                                |                        |   | mizat<br>n      |  |  |
|   | a)<br>Conceptualisa<br>tion | b)Randomization   | c) Sequence                    | d)<br>Demarcation      | В |                 |  |  |
|   | In a thesis, figu           | ıres and tables are incl  | uded in                        |                        |   | The             |  |  |
| 6 |                             |   |                                |                        |   | text<br>itsel   |  |  |
|   | a)The<br>appendix           | b)A separate<br>chapter   | c)The<br>concluding<br>chapter | d)The text<br>itself   | D |                 |  |  |
| 7 |                             | The frequency distribution of a research data which is symmetrical in shape similar to a normal distribution but centre peak is much higher, is |                                |                        |   |                 |  |  |
|   | a)Mesokurtic                | b)Skewed  | c)Platykurtic                  | d)Leptokurtic          |   |                 |  |  |
|   | ajiviesokartie              |   |                                |                        |   |                 |  |  |

|    | aptitude te   | st'. ⊺  | This statement i                    | ndicate   | s a                |                 |                           |   | hypoth<br>esis                   |
|----|---|---|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|---|----------------------------------|
|    | a)Research  |   | b)Directional                       |   | c)Null             |                 | d)Statistical             |   |                                  |
| 9  | Ethical nor   | ms ir   | n research do no                    | ot involv   | ve guidelir        | nes for         |                           | В | Thesis<br>format                 |
|    | a)Copyright   | t   | b)Thesis forma                      | at  | c)Patent<br>policy | ing             | d)Data sharing policies   |   |                                  |
| 10 |   |   | nesis writing for<br>nentary pages? | mat wh  | ich of the         | follow          | ing would form            | D | Bibliogr<br>aphy                 |
|    | a) List of<br>tables and<br>figures   |   | b) Table of cor                     | Conclusions of the study.  d) Bibliography and Appendices |                    |                 |                           |   | and<br>Append<br>ices            |
| 11 | A variable t  | A variable that measures the effect of a manipulated variable is known as |                                     |   |                    |                 |                           |   |                                  |
|    | a)Independ<br>t variable  | len   | b)Dependent<br>variable             |   |                    | В               | Depend<br>ent<br>variable |   |                                  |
| 12 | Lottery me  | thod  | l is a popular me                   | ethod o   | f collectin        | g data          | under                     |   |                                  |
|    | a) Simple<br>random<br>sampling   |   | Stratified<br>npling                | c) Syst<br>sampl  | tematic<br>ing     | d) Cli          | uster sampling            | а | Simple<br>random<br>samplin<br>g |
| 13 |   |   | ose any five nu<br>dependent choic  |   |                    | al is 10        | 0, we can                 |   |                                  |
|    | a) 2<br>numbers   | b) 3  | 3 numbers                           | c) 4 nu   | umbers             | d) 5 ı          | numbers                   | С | 4<br>number<br>s                 |
| 14 | As on May, 2023, the number of states and union territories in India are respectively |   |                                     |   |                    | tories in India |                           |   |                                  |
|    | a) 29 and<br>7  | b) 3  | 30 and 6                            | c) 27 a   | and 9              | d) 28           | and 8                     | d | 28 and<br>8                      |
| 15 | Headquarto  | er of   | Work Bank is a                      | t   |                    |                 |                           |   |                                  |

|    | a)<br>Chicago                      | b) Washington,<br>D.C.   | c) New York                     | d) Los Angeles          | b   | Washin gton, D.C.            |
|----|------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-----|------------------------------|
| 16 | Which on                           | e of the following   | is not a method o               | of collecting data?     |     |                              |
|    | a) Direct<br>personal<br>interview | b) Indirect oral interview   | c) Information from corresponde |                         | d   | Lottery<br>method            |
| 17 | A person information               | who fills the quest<br>on is   | tionnaire or suppl              | ies the required        |     |                              |
|    | a)<br>Responde<br>nt               | b) Investigator  | c) Witness                      | d) Enumerator           | a   | Respon<br>dent               |
| 18 | A person                           | who collect data is  | collect data is                 |                         |     |                              |
|    | a)<br>Responde<br>nt               | b) Examiner  | c) Witness                      | d) Enumerator           | d   | Enumer<br>ator               |
| 19 | Which on                           | e of the following   | is an economic ch               | naracter?               |     |                              |
|    | a) Gender                          | b) Religion  | c) Caste                        | d) Employment           | d   | Employ<br>ment               |
| 20 | Complete                           | the series,D,G,  | ,K,P,V                          |                         |     |                              |
|    | a) A                               | b) B   | c) C                            | d) Y                    | b   | В                            |
| 21 | The value                          | of 10! =   |                                 |                         |     |                              |
|    | a)362880<br>0                      | b)1814400  | c)604800                        | d)151200                | a   | 362880<br>0                  |
| 22 |                                    | h sampling technique is applied when the population to be studied dentified? |                                 |                         |     |                              |
|    | 1 1                                | ) Random<br>ampling  | c) Snowball<br>sampling         | d) Probability sampling | (c) | Snowba<br>ll<br>samplin<br>g |

| 23 | Which                           | of the following is a                | n example of qual            | itative data?             |     |                             |
|----|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|-----|-----------------------------|
|    | a) Inco me of a perso n         | b) age of a person                   | c) height of a person        | d) gender of a person     | (d) | gender<br>of a<br>person    |
| 24 | Which                           | of the following is a                | method of collect            | l<br>ion of primary data? |     |                             |
|    | a) Direc t perso nal interv iew | b) Telephonic interview              | c) focus group<br>discussion | d) All of the above       | (d) | All of the above            |
| 25 | Which                           | of the following data                | a is based on comp           | blete enumeration?        |     |                             |
|    | a)<br>Cens<br>us<br>data        | b) NSSO data                         | c) NFHS data                 | d) All of the above       | (a) | Census<br>data              |
| 26 | The da called.                  |                                      | seholds at a partic          | cular point of time are   |     |                             |
|    | a)<br>Time<br>series<br>data    | b) Cross sectional data              | c) Panel data                | d) Quantitative data      | (b) | Cross<br>section<br>al data |
| 27 |                                 | of the following test rrelation?     | is used to detect t          | he problem of             |     |                             |
|    | a)<br>VIF<br>test               | b) Breusch-<br>Pegan-Godfrey<br>test | c) White's test              | d) Durbin-Watson test     | (d) | Durbin-<br>Watson<br>test   |
| 28 |                                 | of the following test ion model?     | ine the goodness of fit of a |                           |     |                             |
|    | a)                              | b) T-test                            | c) F-test                    | d) Z-test                 | (d) | F-test                      |

|    | Chi-squir e test                          | of the following                    | atatistical matha                       | lia yaad ta maag  | ywo th o      |     |  |
|----|---|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------|---------------|-----|--|
| 29 |   |                                     | statistical method<br>ance of an agent? | is used to meas   | are the       |     |  |
|    | a)<br>Geo<br>metri<br>c<br>mean           | b) Quartile<br>deviation            | c) Mean<br>deviation                    | d) Standard       | d deviation   | (d) | Standar<br>d<br>deviatio<br>n            |
| 30 | Which                                     | of the following                    | is a sample size d                      | letermination cri | teria?        |     |  |
|    | a) Simp son Index                         | b) Herfindahl<br>Index              | c) Laspeyres<br>formula                 | d) Yamane         | 's formula    | (d) | Yaman<br>e's<br>formula                  |
| 31 | Which the san                             |                                     |   |                   |               |     |  |
|    | a) Purpo sive sampl ing                   | b) Convenience<br>sampling          | c) Stratified random sampling           | d) Snowba         | ll sampling   | (c) | Stratifie<br>d<br>random<br>samplin<br>g |
| 32 |   | of the following a related percenta | graphical methodage share?              | ls is mostly used | to represent  |     |  |
|    | a)<br>Line<br>graph                       | b) Pie diagram                      | c) Bar diagra                           | am d) Multiple    | e bar diagram | (b) | Pie<br>diagra<br>m                       |
| 33 |   | ta which are colle are called       | ected by the resea                      | rchers through th | ne field      |     |  |
|    | a)<br>Prima<br>ry<br>data                 | b) Secondary da                     | ata c) Tertiary d                       | lata d) Quantita  | ntive data    | (a) | Primary<br>data                          |
| 34 | The size of the sample is the population. |                                     |   |                   |               | С   | Smaller<br>than                          |
|    | (a)                                       | equal to                            | (b) greater                             | (c) smalle        | r (d) un      |     |  |

| 35 | Tashi estimated an econexpenditure of the house prediction for the year 2 | seholds of Arunach                                       | nal Pradesh and h   | •   | d | Forecas<br>ting   |
|----|---|--|---|---|---|---|
|    | a) Point prediction   | b) Interval prediction.                                  | c)Behavioural<br>prediction                               | d)<br>Forecasti<br>ng   |   |   |
| 36 | Which of the following  | is not a characteris                                     | tic of the small sa                                       | mple?   | С | Consist<br>ency   |
|    | (a) Unbiasedn<br>ess.   | b)<br>Efficiency   | c) Consistency  | d)<br>Linearity   |   |   |
| 37 | What is type-I, error?  |  |   | I   | С | A null  |
|    | a) When the null<br>hypothesis is not clear                               | b) When we<br>need not to test<br>the null<br>hypothesis | c) A null<br>hypothesis is<br>rejected when<br>it is true | d) A null<br>hypothesi<br>s is not<br>rejected<br>when it is<br>false |   | hypoth<br>esis is<br>rejecte<br>d when<br>it is<br>true |
| 38 | Random disturbance te   | rm is  |   |   | а | Unobse<br>rvable  |
|    | a) Unobservable   | b) Always<br>observable                                  | c) Sometimes<br>observable                                | d) Rarely<br>observabl<br>e   |   |   |
| 39 | What is cross section da  | ata?   |   |   | С | Data<br>collecte  |
|    | a) Data collected over<br>the period of time                              | b) Data<br>collected in the<br>past.                     | c) Data<br>collected at a<br>point of time                | d) Data<br>collected<br>across<br>different                           |   | d at a<br>point of<br>time                              |

|    |                               |                   |           |                |          | caste and                   |   |              |
|----|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|----------------|----------|-----------------------------|---|--------------|
|    |                               |                   |           |                |          | religion                    |   |              |
| 40 | The value of correl           | ation co-efficie  | nt lies b | etween         |          |                             | a |              |
|    | a) -1 and 1                   | b) 0 and 2        | 100       | c) −∝ <i>a</i> | nd ∝     | d) None<br>of the<br>above. |   | -1 and<br>1  |
| 41 | what is the probab            | ility of a sample | e space?  |                |          |                             | b | 1            |
|    | a) 0                          | b) 1              |           | <b>c)</b> ∞    |          | c) 0.5                      |   |              |
| 42 | Who is not a member of ASEAN? |                   |           |                |          |                             |   | Sri<br>Lanka |
|    | a) Cambodia                   | b) In             | dones     | c) I           | Malaysi  | d) Sri                      |   |              |
|    |                               | ia                | l         | i              | Э        | La                          |   |              |
|    |                               |                   |           |                |          | nk<br>a                     |   |              |
| 43 | Which one of the fo           | ollowing is diffe | erent fro | m the otl      | ners?    |                             | а | Cup          |
|    | a) Cup                        | b) Book           |           | c) Pen         |          | d) Pencil                   |   |              |
|    | Which one of the f            | ollowing is not   | a meth    | od of prir     | mary dat | :a                          |   | Data         |
|    | collection?                   |                   |           |                |          |                             |   | collect      |
|    |                               |                   |           |                |          |                             |   | d from       |
|    |                               |                   |           |                |          |                             | d | publish      |
|    |                               |                   |           |                |          |                             |   | ed           |
|    |                               |                   |           |                |          |                             |   | source       |
| 44 |                               |                   |           |                |          |                             |   |              |
|    | a)Direct personal             | b)Indirect        | c)Mai     | led            | d)Data   | collected                   |   |              |
|    | interviews                    | oral              | questi    | oner           | from p   | ublished                    |   |              |
|    |                               | interview         | metho     | od             | source   |                             |   |              |
| 45 | Bar diagram is                |                   |           |                |          |                             |   |              |
| 43 | Dai ulagidili is              |                   |           |                |          |                             | a | One          |

|    |                       |                                      |                        |                |   | dimensi<br>onal        |
|----|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------|---|------------------------|
|    | a) One                | b) Two                               | c) Three               | d) None of the |   |                        |
|    | dimensional           | dimensional                          | dimensional            | above          |   |                        |
| 46 | Which of the follo    | owing is not a me                    | easure of central      | tendency?      |   |                        |
|    | a) Arithmetic<br>mean | b) Harmonic<br>mean                  | c) Median              | d) Range       | d | Range                  |
|    | Coefficient of me     | an deviation is                      |                        |                |   | A relative measur e of |
| 47 |                       |                                      |                        |                |   | dispersi<br>on         |
|    | a)A relative          | b)An                                 | c)A measure            | d)None of the  |   |                        |
|    | measure of dispersion | absolute<br>measure of<br>dispersion | of central<br>tendency | above          | а |                        |
|    | If mode and mea       | n are 32.1 and 3                     | 5.4 respectively,      | median is      |   |                        |
| 48 |                       |                                      |                        |                | а | 34.3                   |
|    | a)34.3                | b) 32.2                              | c) 31.2                | d) 30.3        |   |                        |

## **DOMAIN**

| 49 | If the equation of are respectively | f a circle is x <sup>2</sup> -                     | -y <sup>2</sup> +6x-4y-3=0, the | centre and radius | а | (-3,2) and 4 |  |
|----|-------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|-------------------|---|--------------|--|
|    | a) (-3,2) and 4                     | b) (-3,2)<br>and -4                                | c) (-3,-2) and 4                | d) (2, -3) and 4  |   |              |  |
| 50 | Determinant is th                   | Determinant is the scalar number associated with a |                                 |                   |   |              |  |

|    | a)Row matrix                               | b) Column<br>matrix  | c) Square<br>matrix                        | d) matri:<br>types                       | x of any   |     |   |
|----|--|--|--|--|------------|-----|---|
| 51 | If y=5e <sup>-3x</sup> , $\frac{dy}{dx}$ = |  |  | 1  |            | b   | -15e <sup>-3x</sup>                     |
|    | a)15e <sup>-3x</sup>                       | b) -15e <sup>-3x</sup>   | c) -15e <sup>x</sup>                       | d) 15e <sup>x</sup>                      |            |     |   |
| 52 | If average rever                           | nue AR=100-3q  | , the elasticity of                        | demand at                                | t q=5 is   | а   | 5.66                                    |
|    | a) 5.66                                    | b)-4.66  | c)5.06                                     | d)-5.06                                  |            |     |   |
| 53 | If $y=2x_1^2 + x_1x_2$                     | $_{2} + 3x_{2}^{2}$ , then   | $\frac{\partial y}{\partial x_1} = \dots$  |  |            | С   | 4x <sub>1</sub> +x <sub>2</sub>         |
|    | a) -4x <sub>1</sub> +x <sub>2</sub>        | b) 4x <sub>1</sub> - x <sub>2</sub>                                  | c) 4x <sub>1</sub> +x <sub>2</sub>         | d) x <sub>1</sub> +6x                    | 2          |     |   |
| 54 | $\int 2x(x^2+1)d$                          | x=   | 1  |  |            |     |   |
|    | a) $\frac{x^4}{2} + x^2 + \frac{1}{2} + c$ | b) $\frac{x^4}{2}$ + $2x^2$ + $\frac{1}{2}$ + $c$                    | c) $\frac{x^4}{2} - x^2 + \frac{1}{2} + c$ | $d)\frac{x^4}{2} + c$ $\frac{1}{2}x + c$ | $x^2 +$    | а   | $\frac{x^4}{2} + x^2 + \frac{1}{2} + c$ |
| 55 |  |  | $\frac{1}{x^2 - 6x + 8}$ for               |  |            | b   | 12                                      |
|    | a) 16                                      | b) 12  | c) 10                                      | d) 8                                     |            |     |   |
| 56 |  | _  | <br>nists suggested fo<br>or economic deve |  | te         | (d) | Albert O.<br>Hirschman                  |
|    | a) Ragnar                                  | (d) Alexender  | Albert O.                                  | d) Alb                                   | ert O.     |     |   |
|    | Nurkse                                     | Dominic  | Hirschman                                  | Hirsch                                   | ıman       |     |   |
| 57 |  | ,  | ich of the followir                        | · , .                                    |            |     | disguised                               |
|    | a) Involuntary                             | b) Voluntary   | c) disguised                               | d) sea                                   | sonal      | (c) | unemploym                               |
|    | unemployme                                 | unemploymer  | unemployme                                 | nt unem                                  | ploymen    |     | ent                                     |
|    | nt   | t  |  | t  |            |     |   |
| 58 | Which of the fo index?                     | Which of the following is not a component of human development ndex? |  |  |            |     |   |
|    | a) Life expectancy at                      | b) Per capita<br>GDP   | c) Fertility rat                           | e d) Lite                                | eracy rate | (c) | Fertility rate                          |

|    | birth                             |  |                               |                      |     |                     |  |  |  |
|----|-----------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|----------------------|-----|---------------------|--|--|--|
| 59 | _                                 | arrod-Domar mod<br>of growth depen                           | lel, given the capit<br>ds on | al-output ratio,     | (c) | Saving-<br>income   |  |  |  |
|    | a) Marginal                       | b) Marginal  | c) Saving-                    | d) Growth rate       |     | ratio               |  |  |  |
|    | productivity                      | efficiency of  | income ratio                  | of labour force      |     |                     |  |  |  |
|    | of labour                         | investment   |                               |                      |     |                     |  |  |  |
| 60 | •                                 | mith's theory of gi  | rowth when the ed             | conomy reaches       | (d) | Zero                |  |  |  |
|    | a) Maximum                        | b) Moderate  | c) Minimum                    | d) Zero              |     |                     |  |  |  |
|    | According to So                   | olow model, which  | n of the following            | is a determinant     | (d) | All of the          |  |  |  |
| 61 | of long-run gro                   | wth of the econor  | my?                           |                      |     | above               |  |  |  |
|    | a) Technology                     | a) Technology   b) Capital   c) Labour force   d) All of the |                               |                      |     |                     |  |  |  |
|    |                                   |  |                               | above                |     |                     |  |  |  |
| 62 | According to K on                 | aldor theory of gr   | owth, technical pr            | ogress depends       | (a) | Capital accumulatio |  |  |  |
|    | a) Capital accumulation           | b) Capital-<br>output ratio                                  | c) Labour productivity        | d) Exogenous factors |     | n                   |  |  |  |
| 63 | According to the and capital are. | •  | l<br>bodied technical p       | rogress, labour      |     |                     |  |  |  |
|    | a)<br>Homogenous                  | b)<br>Heterogenous   | c) Exogenous                  | d) Endogenous        | (a) | Homogenou<br>s      |  |  |  |
|    | According to en                   | ndogenous growth   | n model, long-run             | economic             |     |                     |  |  |  |
| 64 | growth depends                    | growth depends on  |                               |                      |     |                     |  |  |  |
|    | a) Division of                    | b) Technology  | c) Labour force               | d) New               | (d) | New                 |  |  |  |
|    | labour                            |  |                               | knowledge            |     | knowledge           |  |  |  |
| 65 | According to M effect causes pe   | ion, which eveloped region?                                  |                               |                      |     |                     |  |  |  |
|    | a) Spread effect                  | b) Backwash effect   | c) Linkage<br>effect          | d) Spill over        | (b) | Backwash            |  |  |  |

|    |  |  |  |                               | effect                   |     | effect                    |
|----|--|--|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------|-----|---------------------------|
| 66 | The government should intervene in provision of med because of |  |  |                               | erit goods               |     |                           |
|    | a) Non-<br>excludabilit<br>y                                   | b) non-<br>rivalry   | c) both non-<br>excludability<br>and non-<br>rivalry | oility externalities          |                          | (d) | positive<br>externalities |
| 67 | Which of the   | following is a ne  | ot a non-tax rev                                     | ot a non-tax revenue receipt? |                          |     |                           |
|    | a) Forfeiture  | b) Interest receipt  | c) Escheats  | d) Oc                         | etroi                    | (d) | Octroi                    |
|    | According to   | Wiseman-Peaco  | ck hypothesis p                                      | ublic e                       | expenditure              |     |                           |
| 68 | increases in a   |  |  |                               |                          |     |                           |
|    | a) Continuous manner   | b) Smooth<br>manner  | c) Jerky<br>manner                                   | d) Ex                         | tensive manner           | (c) | Jerky<br>manner           |
| 69 |  | The 15 <sup>th</sup> Finance Commission recommended that the share of States in the central taxes shall be |  |                               |                          |     |                           |
|    | a) 32 per<br>cent  | b) 41 per cent   | c) 42 per cent                                       | d)46                          | per cent                 | (b) | 41 per cent               |
| 70 |  | nce Commission<br>criteria for hori  |  |                               | age to which of esources |     |                           |
|    | (a)<br>Population  | (b) Forest & ecology   | c) Area  | d) Ta                         | x & fiscal<br>ts         | (b) | Forest & ecology          |
| 71 | Which of the government?                                       | following is not   | a recurring exp                                      | enditu                        | re of the                |     |                           |
|    | a) Wages<br>and salaries                                       | b) Pension<br>payment  | c)<br>Acquisition<br>of assets                       | d) In                         | terest payment           | (c) | Acquisition of assets     |
| 72 | Which of the following is the best example of a neutral tax?   |  |  |                               |                          |     |                           |
|    | a) GST   | b) Excise duty   | c) Custom<br>duty                                    | d) He                         | ead tax                  | (d) | Head tax                  |
| 73 | Fiscal deficit   | will be equal to   | interest paymer                                      | nts whe                       | en                       |     |                           |

|    | a) Revenue<br>deficit is<br>zero   | b) Primary<br>deficit is zero   | c) Capital<br>expenditure<br>is zero | d) Monetised deficit is zero | (d)      | Primary<br>deficit is<br>zero |
|----|--|---|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|
| 74 |  | between revenuts in a federation  |                                      | ure of different level       |          |                               |
|    | a)<br>Horizontal<br>Imbalance  | b) Vertical<br>Imbalance  | c) Fiscal<br>Imbalance               | d) Budgetary imbalance       | (b)      | Vertical<br>Imbalance         |
| 75 |  | Which of the following economists stated that equality in taxation means equality in sacrifice?                                     |                                      |                              |          |                               |
|    | a) Dalton  | b) Adam<br>Smith  | c) A. C.<br>Pigou                    | d) J.S Mill                  | (d)      | J.S Mill                      |
| 76 |  | For a Cobb-Douglas production function exhibiting constant return to scale, sum of output elasticity with factors will be equal to: |                                      |                              |          | equal to<br>unity             |
|    | a) Greater<br>than unity   | b) Less than<br>unity   | c) equal to<br>unity                 | d) Zero                      |          |                               |
| 77 |  | or a normal good, substitution effect for a price change is   |                                      | а                            | Negative |                               |
|    | a) Negative  | b) Positive   | c) Zero                              | d) Unity                     |          |                               |
| 78 | -  | d Y is equal to   | X+ 3Y, Marginal                      | I rate of substitution       | а        | 4/3                           |
|    | a) 4/3   | b) 3/4  | c) 0.5                               | d) 1                         |          |                               |
| 79 | For a inferior   | good substitutic  | n effect is                          |                              | С        | Positive                      |
|    | a) Negative  | b) Zero   | c) Positive                          | d) Unity                     |          |                               |
| 80 | For a CES production function, elasticity of substitution is unity. In that case the output elasticity will be equal to                        |   |                                      | d                            | Unity    |                               |
|    | a) Negative  | b) Zero   | c) Positive                          | d) Unity                     |          |                               |
| 81 | Given a Utility function $U=X^{0.3}Y^{0.7}$ , Budgetary constraint is given as 100= 10X+ 15Y, Marginal rate of Substitution between X and Y is |   |                                      |                              | b        | 3y/7x                         |
|    | a) 7x/3y   | b) 3y/7x  | c) x/y                               | d) y/x                       |          |                               |

| 82 | Given a Utility function U= X <sup>0.3</sup> Y <sup>0.7</sup> , Budgetary constraint is given as 100= 10X+ 15Y, what is the equilibrium consumption of X |   |             |         |                 |            | a    | X=2.99,       |
|----|--|---|-------------|---------|-----------------|------------|------|---------------|
|    | a) X=2.99  | b) X=2.49,  | c) X=2.33   | ,       | d) X=2.39,      |            |      |               |
| 83 |  | function U= X <sup>0.3</sup> Y <sup>0.7</sup> , Budgetary constraint is given 15Y, what is the equilibrium consumption of Y |             |         |                 | а          | 4.67 |               |
|    | a) Y= 4.67 b) Y= 4.87 c) Y= 4.39 d) Y= 4.89  |   |             |         |                 |            |      |               |
| 84 | For a monopolist, given the demand function X= 50-0.5P and Cost function C=50+40X, what is the equilibrium output of X?                                  |   |             |         |                 |            | С    | 15            |
|    | a) 20  | b)10  | c)15        |         | d)20            |            |      |               |
| 85 | In the business o  | ycle analysis,  | the opposit | e of a  | trough is       |            | а    |               |
|    | a) Peak  | b) Stagnat  | ion         | c) Inf  | lation          | d)         |      |               |
|    |  |   |             |         |                 | De<br>fla  |      | Peak          |
|    |  |   |             |         |                 | tio        |      |               |
|    |  |   |             |         |                 | n          |      |               |
| 86 |  | In order to influence spending on goods and services in the short run, monetary policy is directed at influencing           |             |         |                 | С          |      |               |
|    | a) GDP growth  | b) Unempl   | oyment      | c) Int  | erest rate.     | d)         |      |               |
|    | rate   | rate  |             |         |                 | Inf<br>lat |      | Interest rate |
|    |  |   |             |         |                 | io         |      |               |
|    |  |   |             |         |                 | n<br>rat   |      |               |
|    |  |   |             |         |                 | e.         |      |               |
|    | According to cap   | ital asset prici  | ng model, i | f the e | expected return | n of       |      |               |
| 87 | a security is greater than its actual return; then it is   |   |             |         |                 |            |      |               |
|    | (a) Over   |   | Underpri    |         | (c) Profita     | d)         |      |               |
|    | riced  | •   | ced.        |         | ble.            | Mi<br>sle  | а    | Over priced   |
|    |  |   |             |         |                 | adi        | a    | Over priced   |
|    |  |   |             |         |                 | ng.        |      |               |
| 88 | Interest rate risk   | is an example   | e of        | •••••   |                 |            | а    | Systematic    |

|    |   |                          |                                   |                                   |     | risk                  |
|----|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----|-----------------------|
|    | (a) Systematic risk.  | (b) Banking risk.        | (c)<br>Unsysten<br>tic risk.      | d) Cap ital lost risk .           |     |                       |
| 89 | What is risk?   |                          |                                   | l                                 |     | Variability in return |
|    | a) Negative return  | b) Loss of capital       | c) Loss of<br>financial<br>assets | d) Var iabi lity in ret urn       | d   |                       |
| 90 | Portfolio investmen   | t reduces                |                                   |                                   | b   | Unsystemati<br>c risk |
|    | a) Systematic risk  | b) Unsystematic risk     | c) Corporate<br>risk              | d) inte rest rat e risk           |     |                       |
| 91 | Which of the follow   | ring is not an element o | f social capital?                 | <u> </u>                          |     |                       |
|    | a) Networks   | b) Reciprocity           |                                   | d) Skill                          | (d) | Skill                 |
| 92 | Which of following countries?                                       |                          |                                   |                                   |     |                       |
|    | a) Asymmetric information   | b) Externalities         | property<br>rights                | d) Low<br>per<br>capita<br>income | (d) | Low per capita income |
| 93 | Which of the following is a barrier to agricultural transformation? |                          |                                   |                                   |     |                       |

|    | a) Fragmentation of land holdings                                  | b) tenancy   | c)<br>conservatis<br>m                                      | d) All of<br>the<br>above                   | (d) | All of the above                                    |  |
|----|--|--|---|---|-----|---|--|
| 94 | Which of the follo<br>a<br>developing econor                       | wing is not a rationale f  | or economic pla   | inning in                                   |     |   |  |
|    | a) Market failure  | b) Institutional failure   | c) Resources<br>mobilisation<br>and<br>allocation           | d) )<br>Foreign<br>aid                      | (b) | Institutional failure                               |  |
| 95 |  | alanobis two-sector mo<br>high when the higher pr  |   |   |     |   |  |
|    | a) Capital goods<br>sector   | b) Consumer goods sector   | c) Service<br>sector  | d)<br>Primary<br>sector                     | (a) | Capital goods sector                                |  |
| 96 |  | Samuelson's substitution theorem is based on the criticism of which assumption of input-output analysis? |   |   |     |   |  |
|    | a) The economy consists of two sectors                             | b) There are no joint products   | c) There are fixed technical coefficient of production      | d) There are constant returns to scale      | (c) | There are fixed technical coefficient of production |  |
| 97 | According to Krue of the following re                              | ger model, rent seeking sults?   | activities lead t   | o which                                     |     |   |  |
|    | a) Operation of<br>the economy<br>below<br>transformation<br>curve | b) Higher welfare loss   | c) divergence between private and social cost               | d) All of<br>the<br>above                   | (d) | All of the above                                    |  |
| 98 | Which of the follo   |  |   |   |     |   |  |
|    | a) Low income<br>elasticity of<br>demand for<br>primary products   | b) development of synthetic substitutes  | c) Low<br>population<br>growth in<br>developed<br>countries | d)<br>Inferior<br>quality<br>of<br>products | (b) | developmen<br>t of<br>synthetic<br>substitutes      |  |

|    | Among the eigh |          |              |              |   |       |
|----|----------------|----------|--------------|--------------|---|-------|
| 99 | capita NSDP    | d        | Sikkim       |              |   |       |
|    |                |          |              |              |   |       |
|    | a) Arunachal   | b) Assam | c) Meghalaya | d) Sikkim    |   |       |
|    | Pradesh        |          |              |              |   |       |
|    |                |          |              |              |   |       |
|    |                |          |              |              |   |       |
| 10 | The Northeaste |          |              |              |   |       |
| 0  | is             |          |              |              |   |       |
|    |                |          |              |              |   |       |
|    | a) Manipur     | b) Assam | c) Arunachal | d) Meghalaya | b | Assam |
|    |                |          | Pradesh      |              |   | ,     |

## **SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK**