

Test Booklet No. \_\_\_\_\_

This booklet consists of **100** questions and **12** printed pages.

RGUPET/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

Series

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**RGUPET 2023**  
**Ph.D. in TRIBAL STUDIES**

**Full Marks: 100**

**Time: 3 Hours**

Roll No. 

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Day and Date of Examination : \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of Invigilator(s) : \_\_\_\_\_

Signature of Candidate : \_\_\_\_\_

*General Instructions:*

***PLEASE READ ALL THE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE MAKING ANY ENTRY.***

1. DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.
2. Candidate must write his/her Roll Number on the space provided.
3. This Test Booklet contains 100 Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) from the concerned subject. Each question carries 1 mark.
4. Please check the Test Booklet to verify that the total pages and total number of questions contained in the test booklet are the same as those printed on the top of the first page. Also check whether the questions are in sequential order or not.
5. Candidates are not permitted to enter into the examination hall 15 minutes after the commencement of the entrance test or leave the examination hall before 30 minutes of end of examination.
6. Making any identification mark in the OMR Answer Sheet or writing Roll Number anywhere other than the specified places will lead to disqualification of the candidate.
7. Candidates shall maintain silence inside and outside the examination hall. If candidate(s) is/are found violating the instructions mentioned herein or announced in the examination hall, they will be summarily disqualified from the entrance test.
8. In case of any dispute, the decision of the Entrance Test Committee, RGU shall be final and binding.
9. The OMR Answer Sheet consists of two copies, the Original copy and the Student's copy.

1	A researcher selects a sample based on pre-defined characteristics- age, gender, income and education level. The sampling method the researcher has chosen is-					
	a)Multi stage sampling	b)Purposive sampling	c)Snowball sampling	d)Quota Sampling	d	Quota Sampling
2	Inferring about the universe on the basis of the observation made on a small part is known as					
	a)Deductive inference	b) Objective inference	c) Inductive inference	d) Pseudo-Inference	c	Inductive Inference
3	The theoretical perspective which emphasizes on how ‘meanings are handled in and are modified by, an interactive process used by the people in dealing with the phenomena that are encountered is-					
	a) Phenomenology	b) Realism	c) Symbolic interactionism	d) hermeneutics	c	Symbolic Interactionism
4	Reliability of a research result implies its					
	a) verifiability	b) validity	c) uniqueness	d) usefulness	b	Validity
5	Which of the following is the first step in a research process					
	a) Selecting a topic	b) Writing Synopsis	c)Formulating research problem	d) Formulating a hypothesis	c	Formulating Research Problem
6	What is presented in a research report					
	a) Positive evidence	b) Negative evidence	c) Neither ‘a’ nor ‘b’	d) Both ‘a’ and ‘b’	d	Both ‘a’ and ‘b’
7	The approach in tribal studies is					
	a) Interdisciplinary	b) Cross-disciplinary	c) Multi-disciplinary	d) Disciplinarily	a	Interdisciplinary
8	The variable that is the effect of another variable is					
	a) Nominal variable	b) Intervening Variable	c) Independent variable	d) Dependent variable	d	Dependent Variable
9	Attitudes, concepts, skills and knowledge are products of					

	a) Learning	b) Research	c) Heredity	d) Heredity	a	Learning
10	'WorldCat', 'ProQuest' and 'Web of Science' are					
	a) Journals	b) Bibliographic database	d) Online books	d) Research Agencies	b	Bibliographic database
11	In which of the following, reporting format is formally prescribed?					
	a) Doctoral level thesis	b) Conference of researchers	c) Workshops and seminars	d) Symposia	a	Doctoral level thesis
12	Which of the following is not a type of research question?					
	a) Predicting an outcome	b) Evaluating a phenomenon	c) Developing good practice	d) A hypothesis	d	A Hypothesis
13	Formulation of hypothesis may not be necessary in					
	a) survey studies	b) historical studies	c) experimental studies	d) normative studies	b	Historical Studies
14	Sample value is called.....					
	a) Parameter	b) Core Value	c) Statistic	d) Variable	c	Statistic
15	'No man is mortal' is contradictory of					
	a) Some men are mortal	b) Some man are not mortal	c) All men are mortal	d) No mortal is man	a	Some men are mortal
16	The attitude that other societies' customs and ideas can be judged in the context of one's own is _____.					
	a) Ethnocentrism	b) Relativism	c) Secularism	d) Reformist	a	Ethnocentrism
17	To be critical, thinking must be					

	a) Practical	b) Socially relevant	c) Individually satisfying	d) Analytical	d	Analytical
18	In social research, the design used to search for 'what' of the problem is					
	a) Exploratory design	b) Experimental design	c) Comparative Study design	d) Descriptive design	a	Exploratory design
19	what is the crucial feature of a good sample?					
	a) small size	b) representativeness	c) Easily approachable	d) Easy to study	b	Representativeness
20	A common test in research demands much priority on-					
	a) Reliability	b) Objectivity	c) Usability	d) All of the above	d	All of the above
21	A declarative statement of relationship between or among variables is called					
	a) Concepts	b) Value	c) Hypothesis	d) None of the above	c	c) Hypothesis

22	A description about a particular culture is					
	a) A) Ethnology	b) Ethno history	c) Ethnography	d) Ecology	c	Ethnography
23	Testing hypothesis is a _____					
	a) Descriptive statistics	b) Inferential statistics	c) Data preparation	d) Data analysis	b	Inferential statistics
24	Information is _____					
	a) Organized data	b) Raw Data	c) Processed	d) Input data	a	Organized data

			Data			
2 5	Non- Probability sampling design is used in				b	Exploratory research
	a)Exponential research	b)Exploratory research	c)Descriptive research	d)Pure research		
2 6	A research which includes surveys and fact finding inquiries of different kinds is called as				d	Descriptive research
	a)Exploratory research	b)Fundamental research	c)Analytical research	d)Descriptive research		
2 7	Emic Approach in anthropological research is useful to trace out the 'insiders views' on the research problem				b	True
	a)Neither true nor false	b)True	c)False	d)None of the above		
2 8	Research techniques which explore the meanings that humans attribute to their behavior through interviews and other narrative approaches is				c	Qualitative methods
	a)Quantitative methods	b)Sampling methods	c)Qualitative methods	d)Applied research		
2 9	Research techniques which measure, count, and/or statistically assess data is				a	Quantitative methods
	a)Quantitative methods	b)Qualitative methods	c)Sampling methods	d)Applied research		
3 0	Research always starts from				a	Question or problem
	a)Question or problem	b)Answer	c)Society	d)Methodology		
3 1	Survey means				b	Over- looking
	a)Organizing social data	b)Over- looking	c)Observation	d)Experiment		

3 2	Informed consent refers to				c	Obtaining consent from the informants
	a)Acknowledgement	b)Informing to the informants	c)Obtaining consent from the informants	d)Courtesy		
3 3	The depth of any research can be judged by:				a	objectives of the research
	a)objectives of the research	b)title of the research.	c)total expenditure on the research	d)duration of the research		
3 4	Which one is called non-probability sampling?				d	Quota sampling
	a)Cluster sampling	b)Stratified random sampling	c)Systematic sampling	d)Quota sampling		
3 5	A person consumes more Cigarettes because of Family Stress, it resulted into Cancer. Which of the following is dependent variable?				c	Cancer
	a) Cigarette	b) Family Stress	c) Cancer	d) All		
3 6	Which of the following arises when researcher's judgment is compromised based on connections, favours, or competitiveness?				a	Conflict of Interest
	a) Conflict of Interest	b) Integrity	c) Legality	d) None of the above		
3 7	Which of the following study is conscious or true experience observed by the actors or researchers?				a	Phenomenological Studies
	a) Phenomenological Studies	b) Quasi Experimental	c) Descriptive	d) Non-Experimental		

38	Which of the following is a form of harm that might be suffered by research participants?				d	All of the above
	a) Physical Injury	b) Stress and Anxiety	c) Impaired Development	d) All of the above		
39	Which method is most commonly associated with a lack of informed consent?				c	Covert Observation
	a) Qualitative content analysis	b) In-depth interviewing	c) Covert observation	d) Structured interviewing		
40	Which of the following Ideally, the research participant's identity is not known to the researcher. This is called:				b	Anonymity
	a) Confidentiality	b) Anonymity	c) Deception	d) Desensitising		
41	The existing company information is an example of which data??				b	Secondary
	a) Primary	b) Secondary	c) Both a and b	d) None of the above		
42	Field-work-based research is classified as:				a	Empirical
	a) Empirical	b) Historical	c) Experimental	d) Biographical		
43	The research which is exploring new facts through the study of the past is called				b	Historical research
	a) Philosophical research	b) Historical research	c) Mythological	d) Content analysis		

			research			
4	The research that applies the laws at the time of field study to draw more and more clear ideas about the problem is:				c	Experimental research
4	a) Applied research	b) Action research	c) Experimental research	d) None of these		
4	Triangulation research refers to				a	multiple methods or data sources in qualitative research
5	a) multiple methods or data sources in qualitative research	b) Three scholars involved in research	c) holistic research	d) None of the above		

46	Which one of the following best describes the custom by which a widower marries the sisters of the deceased wife?				a	Sororate
	a) Sororate	b) Levirate	c) Polygyny	d) Plural marriage		
47	The attitude that other societies' customs and ideas can be judged in the context of one's own is				d	Ethnocentrism
	a) Relativism	b) Androcentrism	c) Individualist	d) Ethnocentrism		
48	Shared ideas characteristic of a given social group and the patterns of behavior that result from them is				c	Culture
	a) Evolution	b) Adaptation	c) Culture	d) Enculturation		
49	A society in which no individual or group has more privileged access to resources, power, or prestige than any other				b	Egalitarian society



	a) Elite society	b) Egalitarian society	c) Agrarian society	d) Industrial society		
50	Study of cultural transmission from society to society is				a	Diffusion
	a) Diffusion	b) Evolutionism	c) Cultural relativism	d) Structuralism		
51	The book “Glimpses of the History of Arunachal Pradesh” (1973) is written by				d	L.N Chakravarty
	a) P N Luthra,	b) J.N. Chaudhury	c) Bose M.L	d) L.N Chakravarty		
52	<b>NEFA was renamed as Arunachal Pradesh</b> by Late Sri Bibhabasu Das Shastri on				b	20 January 1972
	a) 22 January 1971	b) 20 January 1972	c) 20 January 1973	d) 20 January 1974		
53	The number of deaths of children less than 5 years old per 1000 live births is				b	Child mortality rate
	a) prenatal mortality rate	b) child mortality rate	c) maternal mortality ratio	d) maternal mortality rate		
54	Denotified tribes are				a	Ex-criminal tribes
	a) Ex-criminal tribes	b) Untouchables	c) Wandering communities	d) Artisans		
55	“Nature-Man-Spirit complex” is associated with				c	L.P Vidyarthi
	a) M.N Srivivas	b) S.C Dube	c) L.P Vidyarthi	d) S.C. Roy		
56	Tribal-Sub Plan was started in the				b	Fifth Five Year Plan
	a) Fourth Five Year	b) Fifth Five Year Plan	c) Sixth Five Year Plan	d) Seventh Five Year Plan		

	Plan					
57	Assimilation of tribal groups into the larger Hindu society was proposed by				d	G S Ghurye
	a) S.C Dube	b) S.C. Roy Burman	c) V Elwin	d) G S Ghurye		
58	The concept of 'Cultural Area' was proposed by				c	Clark Wissler
	a) V Elwin	b) EB Taylor	c) Clark Wissler	d) E Durkheim		
59	The theory of reference groups is relevant for				d	Kin groups
	a) Totemism	b) Sanskritisation	c) Personality type	d) Kin groups		
60	The process of acquiring culture traits as a result of contact is				a	Acculturation
	a) Acculturation	b) Diffusion	c) Isolation	d) Socialisation		
61	A society in which no individual or group has more privileged access to resources, power, or prestige than any other				b	Egalitarian society
	a) Elite society	b) Egalitarian society	c) Agrarian society	d) Nomadic society		
62	Multilinear evolution of culture propounded by				c	Jullian Steward
	a) B. Malinowski	b) Leslie White	c) Jullian Steward	d) L.H. Morgan		
63	"Rites of Passage" refers to				b	Life cycle rituals
	a) Rituals performed for ancestors	b) Life cycle rituals	c) War rituals	d) Village rituals		

64	Chieftainship as a sociopolitical and administrative system found among which tribal communities of Arunachal Pradesh				b	Nocte, Wancho, Khamti
	a)Khamti, Miji, Wancho	b) Nocte, Wancho, Khamti	c)Nocte, Khamba, Khamti	d)Khamti, Nah, Nocte		
65	Tribal Research and Development Institute is situated at which of the following place?				b	Bhopal
	a) Indore	b) Bhopal	c)Jhabua	d)Datia		
66	Small units of narrative occurring in oral circulation is called				b	Motifs
	a) Myths	b) Motifs	c) Legends	d) Motifemes		
67	The creation of a new group or tribal identity is known as				b	Ethno genesis
	a) Culture determinism	b)Ethno genesis	c) Counter culture	d) Enculturation		
68	The actions and artifacts of a people which can be directly perceived by the ethnographers are called				c	Overt culture
	a) Ethos	b) Eidos	c) Overt culture	d) Covert culture		
69	He may be considered as the first scholar to have attempted the racial classification of India on a scientific basis				d	Risley
	a) Ashok Mitra	b) Hamilton	c) SC Roy Burman	d) Risley		
70	The book <i>The folk Culture of the Yucatan</i> has been authored by				a	Redfield
	a) Redfield	b) Redcliffe	c) Hemilton	d) Redstone		
71	Ethnographic Atlas was prepared by				c	George Murdock
	a)Michael Allen	b) MarchallSahlins	c) George Murdock	d) Cheyennes		
72	Symbolist school is best represented by				d	Clifford Geeriz

	a) Ray Rappaport	b) Redcliffe	c) Claude-Levi-Strauss	d) Clifford Geeriz		
73	Knowledge of Trobrianders is associated with the name of				d	Malinowski
	a) EB Taylor	b) Sigman Freud	c) Redcliffe	d) Malinowski		
74	Levi-Strauss thought that it transposes a problem to a symbolic frame of reference in which the problem can be handled. It refers to				d	myth
	a) custom	b) caste	c) ritual	d)myth		
75	The book <i>Origin of Species</i> was published in the year				a	1859
	a) 1859	b)1869	c)1879	d)1910		
76	Who coined the word <i>sociology</i> ?				c	Auguste Comte
	a) Charles Darwin	b) EB Taylor	c) Auguste Comte	d) Herbert Spencer		
77	In her book "Pattern of Culture" Ruth Benedict discusses the cultures of				b	Zuni, Kwakintl, Dobu
	a) Zuni, Greek, Dobu	b) Zuni, Kwakintl, Dobu	c) Zuni, Omaha, Dobu	d) Kwakintl, Dobu, Hopi		
78	Unilineal Kin group is characterized by				a	Their corporate character
	a) Their corporate character	b) Their amorphous character	c) Their utility in emergency situation	d) Their size		
79	Who among the following is a consanguineal kin?				a	Father's younger brother
	a) Father's younger brother	b) Wife's sister	c) Sister's husband	d) Wife's brother		

80	The book <i>Arunachal Pradesh – Rich Land and Poor People</i> (1986) is written by				d	S. D Jha
	a) D.P Choudhury	b) J.N Chowdhury	c) P Dutta	d) S. D Jha		
81	An object, often an animal or plant, held in special regard by an individual or social group				b	Totem
	a) Taboo	b) Totem	c) Shaman	d) Ritual		
82	Myth is based on				a	Supernatural and religion
	a) Supernatural and religion	b) History and religion	c) Ethics and religion	d) Legend and religion		
83	<b>Who is the Minister of Tribal Affairs?</b>				d	<b>Arjun Munda</b>
	a) <b>Naveen Patnayak</b>	b) <b>Nitin Gadkari</b>	c) <b>Nitish Kumar</b>	d) <b>Arjun Munda</b>		
84	The definition “An arrangement of persons in institutionally controlled or defined relationship” is				c	Social structure
	a) Culture	b) Material culture	c) Social structure	d) Family		
85	A description about a particular culture is				b	Ethnography
	a) Ethnology	b) Ethnography	c) Ethnohistory	d) Ecology		
86	Who has divided Family into ‘Family of orientation’ and ‘Family of procreation’?				c	Robertson
	a) Murdock	b) Kapadia	c) Robertson	d) Warner		
87	The folklore which is taken out of context and used for some other purposes is called				c	Folklorism
	a) Function of folklore	b) Folklore process	c) Folklorism	d) Application of culture		
88	Who among the following is associated with Diffusionism?				b	Fritz Graebnet

	a) Lewis H. Morgan	b) Fritz Graebnet	c) Marvin Harris	d) Gordon Childe		
89	Which is the oldest theory of the origin of language				d	Divine theory
	a) Divine theory	b) Theory of gesture	c) Theory of imitation	d) Yo He Ho theory		
90	Who was the originator of 'Tana Movement' ?				b	Jatra Bhagat
	a) Budhu Bhagat	b) Jatra Bhagat	c) Gang Narain	d) Kartik Oraon		
91	Which of these is not part of the tribal studies perspective?				c	Ethnocentrism
	a) Cross-cultural study	b) Cultural relativism	c) Ethnocentrism	d) Holism		
92	Who among the following anthropologists explained bipolar model of "Great and Little Tradition"?				c	Robert Redfield
	a) Mckim Marriott	b) S.C. Dube	c) Robert Redfield	d) M.N. Srinivas		
93	The relationships of folklore to culture is generally explored by				c	Anthropology
	a) Sociology	b) History	c) Anthropology	d) Geography		
94	Which one of the following best describes the custom by which a widower marries the sisters of the diseased wife?				a	Sororate
	a) Sororate	b) Levirate	c) Polygyny	d) Plural marriage		
95	Diachronic approach to the study of culture was advocated by				a	Franz Boas
	a) Franz Boas	b) Jules Hentry	c) Margaret Mead	d) AR Redcliffe-Brown		
96	Provisions as to the Administration of Tribal Areas in the States of Assam, Meghalaya, Tripura, and Mizoram is contained in				c	Sixth Schedule
	a) Fourth Schedule	b) Fifth Schedule	c) Sixth Schedule	d) Eight Schedule		

97	Following are tribes found in Andaman and Nicobar Islands EXCEPT				c	Bagata
	a) Onges	b) Sentinelese	c) Bagata	d) Shom Pens		
98	An object, often an animal or plant, held in special regard by an individual or social group				c	Totem
	a) Taboo	b) Ritual	c) Totem	d) Shaman		
99	Emile Durkhiem defines society as				c	Moral community
	a) Community of ideas	b) Homogeneous community	c) Moral community	d) Ethical community		
100	The quest of identity is the thrust area of				a	Folklore
	a) Folklore	b) History	c) Economics	d) Psychology		

**SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK**