REPORT ON

FIVE DAY CAPACITY BUILDING PROGRAMME ON APPROACHES FOR QUALITY

RESEARCH PAPER WRITING IN HIGH IMPACT JOURNALS

{2nd Sept. to 6th Sept.2020}



Organized By Internal Quality Assurance Cell (IQAC) Rajiv Gandhi University, Arunachal Pradesh

CONTENTS

Sl.	Particulars	Page(s)
	Organizing Committee	
	Acknowledgements	
	Executive Summary	
	: Preface	
1.1.	About the Host Institution	
	- The University	
1.0	- About the IQAC	
	About the Sponsoring Agency	
	Background	
1.4.		
	Expected Programme Outcomes Themes and Sub-themes	
	Resource Persons	
	Programme Beneficiaries Budget	
1.9.	Budget	
Part 2	: Session Wise Deliberations	
	Inaugural Session	
	Technical Sessions	
	Valedictory Session	
Part 3	: Major Takeaways	
	Academic Context	
3.2.	Research Context	
3.3.	Policy Making and Practice Context	
Part 4	: Annexure	
	Annexure 4.1.: Programme Schedule	
	Annexure 4.2.: List of Participants	
	Annexure 4.3.: Photographs	
	Annexure 4.4.: Media Coverage	
	Annexure 4.5.: Programme Brochure	

ORGANIZING COMMITTEE

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Acknowledgements

We acknowledge and express our deep thanks to our Hon'ble Vice-Chancellor **Prof. Saket Kushwaha** who was the backbone of this program and providing every support, cooperation and also for funding and organizing this important International level Capacity Building Programme on "Approaches for quality research paper writing in high impact journals".

We have been fortunate to have eminent and most valued resource person like **Prof. Ved Prakash**, Former Chairman UGC, **Prof. V.A.Tenebe**, Vice Chancellor, Taraba state university, Nigeria, **Prof. V.K. Jain**, Vice Chancellor, Tezpur University, Assam, **Prof. J.P. Singh Joorel**, Director INFLIBNET, Gujarat, **Prof. D. N. Sansanwal**, Former Head, DAVV, Indore, **Dr. Ashok Pandey**, Distinguished Scientist, Lucknow, **Dr. Archana Thakur**, Joint Secretary, UGC, **Dr. Ajit Kumar Mishra**, Associate Professor, Dept. of Humanistic Studies, IIT BHU, **Dr. Rajiv Pandey**, Scientist & Head division of Forestry statistics, ICFRE, Dehradun, **Dr. Anil Ramachandaran**, Associate Professor & Head, School of Physical Education, Kannur University, Kerala, **Dr. Subhada Nagarkar**, Assistant Professor, Dept. of Library & Information Sciences, Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune and **Ms.Tahseen Khanday**, Solution Manager, Research Intelligence Portfolio for south Asia Region.

We acknowledge the unwavering support received from the Director IQAC & Program director Prof. R. C. Parida

We extend our deep appreciation to Prof. Sarit Kumar Choudhuri, Prof. Kesang Degi, Dr. Rajesh Chakrabarty, Dr. Kaushalendra Pratap Singh and Dr. Sumin Prakash for their support and cooperation for organizing the program and making a successful one.

Our sincere thanks go to the technical committee Mr. Gyan Rai for managing the technical areas.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Improving the quality of Research by Faculty, Students & Creation of new knowledge and strategies for improving research culture in colleges & Universities

Getting published in a quality journal is considered a great accomplishment by the academicians. Research has significant importance in all the streams and provides significant ideas and knowledge for the welfare of communities and states and therefore Doctoral Research Scholars, Faculties and Professors are aspiring to publish. Moreover, publishing quality papers are need of hour to meet the challenges imposed by the global changes and the need of multidisciplinary and multi dimensional domain of research. However, under the

current circumstances with high pressure for achieving the professional and personal balance, ethical requirement, collaboration need under the resource crunch along with poor and uninterested intake of manpower, conducting quality research and publishing quality papers require focused and systematic approaches besides quality work. The Capacity Building programme is aiming to focus on this most challenging and pertinent issues. The importance of quality information has increased many folds with the National Education Policy for a teacher as the government demands quality information. Thereby, quality publications are a necessary prerequisite to achieve success in the academic profession. A good record of publications in topnotch journals does not only guarantee personal satisfaction but it also opens doors to well established portals of academic learning along with strengthening the academic pursuits besides recognition and fame However, despite growing concern by universities and faculties, professors to get more research publications, very few academicians understand and appreciate the mechanism of quality researches ranging from proper research design, appropriate methodology and appropriate format for developing a research paper that can meet the requirements of international journals. Keeping in view of the importance of quality papers, which not only support the academicians per se rather improve the ranking of Indian Five Day Capacity Building Programme On "Approaches For Quality Research Universities, Paper Writing In High Impact Journals" was organized focusing on young researchers through online platform under the COVID-19 pandemic scheduled from – Sept.2 -6, 2020. Our Hon'ble Vice-Chancellor Prof. Saket Kushwaha who was the backbone of this program and also a man behind the show, providing every support, cooperation and also for funding and organizing this important International level Capacity Building Programme. The Program commenced with the welcome address of Prof. R.C.Prida, Director, Internal Quality Assurance Cell, RGU formally welcomed the distinguished participants and eminent speakers from various disciplines and institutions. Dr. Sambhu Prasad, Coordinator of the programme gave brief outline about the programme, he talks in length about the production of quality of research papers in various fields. He said, the need of the hour is to create new knowledge based on significant ideas which will in turn be the building blocks for the welfare of the society. Emphasizing on the multi-disciplinary and multi-dimensional approach in research, he called upon collaboration in various levels. He added the workshop aims to stride the objectives laid down by the New Education Policy 2020. It aims to raise the position of the Indian universities in the global

ranking. The workshop got a huge response with a registration of more than 1282 participants from 10 different countries like Nigeria, UAE, Ukraine, Srilanka, Malaysia, Yamen, Kenya, Vietnam, Bahrain etc (Professor=48, Associate Professor=101, Assistant Professor=574, Scientist=06, Lecturer=91, other= 462)

Delivering his inaugural address, former Chairman of UGC (University Grant Commission) Prof. Ved Prakash throws light on many of the aspects of quality teaching and research. Talking there is a symbiotic relation between the two; the core concept of a university is to bring in innovation. He broadly deliberated on the very idea of a university which should cater new knowledge which is freely transferable, education which brings about social and economic changes, advancement of peace and harmony and builds patriotism among the fellow citizens.

We have been fortunate to have eminent and most valued resource person like **Prof. V.A.Tenebe**, Vice Chancellor, Taraba state university, Nigeria, **Prof. V.K. Jain**, Vice Chancellor, Tezpur University, Assam, **Prof. J.P. Singh Joorel**, Director INFLIBNET, Gujarat, **Prof. D. N. Sansanwal**, Former Head, DAVV, Indore, **Dr. Ashok Pandey**, Distinguished Scientist, Lucknow, **Dr. Archana Thakur**, Joint Secretary, UGC, **Dr. Ajit Kumar Mishra**, Associate Professor, Dept. of Humanistic Studies, IIT BHU, **Dr. Rajiv Pandey**, Scientist & Head division of Forestry statistics, ICFRE, Dehradun, **Dr. Anil Ramachandaran**, Associate Professor & Head, School of Physical Education, Kannur University, Kerala, **Dr. Subhada Nagarkar**, Assistant Professor, Dept. of Library & Information Sciences, Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune and **Ms.Tahseen Khanday**, Solution Manager, Research Intelligence Portfolio for south Asia Region.

The last day of last session was concluded by the inspiring and motivational speech of **Prof. Saket Kushwaha**, Vice Chancellor, Rajiv Gandhi University, Arunachal Pradesh, The speaker also made the participants actively engage in the discussion and laid emphasis on the quality of the research that needs to be done by the academicians. He gave the Overview of Research & Publication Strategy: Emerging Dimensions.

The Capacity building programme concluded with the valedictory session scheduled on 6th September 2020 at 6:15 PM. It began with a brief outline of the sessions of the workshop by the workshop coordinator Dr. Sambhu Prasad, He reiterated that the imperative of organizing such Capacity building program lies in improving the overall quality of research works of the participants. Prof. R. C. Parida, Director IQAC had addressed the concluding session of the

Program. This was followed by a brief feedback session from the participants of the Program. All participants expressed their satisfaction about the Capacity building programme and overall coordination of the member of the IQAC as well as the whole program.

PART 1: PREFACE

1.1 ABOUT THE INSTITUTION

The University Rajiv Gandhi University (formerly Arunachal University) is the premier institution for higher education in the state of Arunachal Pradesh and has completed twenty five years of its existance. Late Smt. Indira Gandhi, the then Prime Minister of India, laid the foundation stone of the university on 4th February 1984 at Rono Hills, where the present campus is located. Ever since its inception, the university has been trying to achieve excellence and fulfill the objectives as envisaged in the University Act. The University got academic recognition under section 2(f) from the University Grants Commission on 28th March, 1985 and started functioning from 1st April, 1985. It got financial recognition under section 12-B of the UGC on 25th March, 1994. Since then Rajiv Gandhi University then Arunachal University has carved a niche for itself in the educational scenario of the country following its selection as a University with potential for excellence by a high level expert committee of University Grants Commission from among universities in India. The University was converted into a Central University with effect from 9th April 2007 as per notification of Ministry of Human Resource Development, Government of India.

The University is located atop Rono Hills on a picturesque tableland of 302 acres overlooking the river Dikrong. It is 6.5 km away from the National Highway 52-A and 25 km away from Itanagar, the State capital. The campus is linked with the National Highway by a Dikrong bridge. The teaching and research programmes of the University are designed with a view to play a positive role in the socio-economic and cultural development of the State. The University offers Under Graduate, Post-Graduate, M. Phil and Ph.D. programmes. The Department of Education also offers B.Ed. programme. There are fifteen colleges affiliated to the University. The University has been extending educational facilities to the students from the neighbouring States, particularly Assam. The strength of students in different Departments of University and in affiliated colleges has been steadily increasing.

1.2 ABOUT THE INTERNAL QUALITY ASSURANCE CELL (IQAC):

The Internal Quality Assurance Cell (IQAC) is a fully fledged office of Rajiv Gandhi University which oversees the overall academic and organisational quality of the Institution. UGC in the XI Plan made a policy decision that all higher educational institutes may establish Internal Quality Assurance Cell (IQAC) to maintain the momentum of quality consequences. IQAC was conceived as a mechanism to build and ensure a quality culture at the institutional level. The IQAC is meant for planning, guiding and maintaining Quality Assurance (QA) and Quality Enhancement (QE) activities of the institution. The IQAC is to undertake quality assurance and quality enhancement activities of Rajiv Gandhi University and the Higher Educational Institution (HEIs) under it, as well as maintaining an effective Management Information System (MIS). The Cell is also entrusted with the publication of RGU Annual Report, coordination of Annual Self-Assessment for Performance Based Appraisal System (PBAS) of RGU faculty, semester-wise Student Feedback on Teachers and Courses, coordinating the preparation of Self-Study Report (SSR) for NAAC Inspection, and the monitoring of various cells and implementing resolutions of committees notified by IQAC.

1.3 ABOUT THE PROGRAM

Getting published in a quality journal is considered a great accomplishment by the academicians. Research has significant importance in all the streams and provides significant wisdom for the welfare of mankind. Therefore, teachers/researchers are aspiring to publish in high impact factor journals. Moreover, publishing quality papers are need of hour to meet the challenges imposed by the global changes also due to the need of multidisciplinary and multi dimensional domain of research. However, under the current circumstances to exemplify in professional and personal balance the ethical requirements, conducting quality research and publishing quality papers need to be focused. The importance of quality information has increased manifold with the implementation of New Education Policy. Thereby, quality publications are necessary prerequisite to achieve success in the academic profession. A good record of publications in topnotch journals not only guarantees personal satisfaction but also

open doors to well established portals of academic learning along with strengthening the academic pursuits besides recognition and fame. However, despite growing concern by universities and teachers to get more research publications, a very few academicians understand and appreciate the mechanism of quality researches. Hence, the research paradigm ranging from proper research design, appropriate methodology and appropriate format for developing a research paper etc need to be reenergized in order to meet the requirements of high quality and international journals. The Capacity Building Programme (CBP) is aiming to instill the search aptitude in every academic pursuit. Keeping in view of the importance of quality papers, which not only support the academicians per se rather improve the ranking of Indian Universities, a CBP in these aspects is envisaged with a great focus on budding and young researchers through online platform.

1.4 OBJECTIVES OF THE CBP

- > This CBP is intended to discuss basic issues and challenges of quality research paper
- > To develop skills for presenting the research outcomes in quality journals
- > To address the challenges of peer review process of high quality journals

1.5 OUTCOME OF THE CBP

- Skill up-gradation of young researchers for scientific and technical writing.
- Removal of bottleneck while attempting for quality publication
- Promotion of quality writing for academicians.

1.6 THEME:

Five Day Capacity Building Programme on "Approaches for Quality Research Paper Writing in High Impact Journals"

1.7 TARGET AUDIENCE

Academicians, Doctoral Scholars and Faculty members at the level of Assistant Professor /Associate Professor/Professor in the disciplines of Arts, Science, Commerce, Social Science and all allied disciplines in Higher Education Institutes / Universities/Colleges are eligible to apply for the programme.

1.8 RESOURCE PERSONS

SI. No	Name	Designation
1.	Prof. Ved Prakash	Former Chairman, UGC, MHRD, Gol, New Delhi
2.	Prof. Vinod Kumar Jain	Vice Chancellor, Tezpur University, Tezpur, Assam
3.	Prof. Vincent Ado Tenebe	Vice Chancellor, Taraba State University, Nigeria
4.	Prof. Saket Kushwaha	Vice Chancellor, Rajiv Gandhi University, Arunachal Pradesh
5.	Prof. J. P. Singh Joorel	Director, INFLIBNET, Gandhinagar, Gujarat
6.	Dr. Archana Thakur	Joint Secretary, UGC, MHRD, Gol, New Delhi
7.	Dr. Ashok Pandey	Distinguished Scientist, Centre for Innovation and Translational Research, CSIR, Indian Institute of Toxicology Research, Lucknow
8.	Prof. Dayanand Sansanwal	Rtd. Professor & Former Head, Dept. of Education, DAVV, Indore (MP) Residence- Gurgaon
9.	Dr. Rajiv Pandey	Scientist-E & Head, Division of Forestry Statistics, Indian Council of Forestry Research and Education (ICFRE), Dehradun
10.	Dr. Ajit Kumar Mishra	Associate Professor, Department of Humanistic Studies, IIT, BHU, Varanasi
11.	Dr. Shubhada Nagarkar	Assistant Professor, Dept.of Library & Information Sciences, Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune
12.	Prof. Anil Ramachandran	Associate Professor & Head, School of Physical Education and Sports Sciences, Kannur University, Kannur
13.	Ms.Tahseen Khanday	Solution Manager, Research Intelligence Portfolio for South Asia Region



Prof. Ved Prakash former Chairman UGC, Academic & Professional Qualifications D.Litt. (Hon.); US Fulbright Fellow, Michigan University; CCEPAP, HIID, Harvard University. He was Former Vice-Chancellor, National University of Educational Planning & Administration, New Delhi. Vast 41 years (Teaching, Research and Administrative). He was also a Member of the Jury for the UNESCO-APEID Wenhui Award for Educational Innovation, 2010-todate. Prof. Prakash was awarded with Interlocutor under US International Visitors' Leadership Programme (IVLP), September, 2007; visit to Universities of Chicago, Yale, Columbia, Wisconsin, Howard, Georgetown, New York City, North Western, Stanford, Hawaii. Prof. Ved Prakash served as Chairman/Member of Search-cum-Selection Committees for the Appointment of Vice- Chancellors & Directors. His Experiences as abroad Like USA, United Kingdom, Russia, Germany, France, Canada, China, Brazil, Australia, Belgium, Poland, New Zealand, The Bahamas, Ireland, Latvia, Israel, Turkey, Iran, Hong Kong, Singapore, South Korea, Thailand, Indonesia, Malaysia, Maldives, Mauritius, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Bhutan & Nepal and many more.



Prof. Vinod Kumar Jain, Vice Chancellor, Tezpur University (Assam), Former Vice Chancellor, Doon University, Dehradun, Professor (Retd.), School of Environmental Sciences, JNU, New Delhi-110067. Prof. Jain's area of research interest were Instabilities in Magnetized Plasmas, Beam-Plasma interactions - Linear and Nonlinear effects, Environmental Issues (Air and Noise Pollution, Energy, Mathematical Modeling). He was awarded with National Scholarship holder during the college and university education in India (1966-1972), Govt. of India 1966. Junior Research Fellowship (1972-1975) CSIR, Govt. of India 1972, National Scholarship to study abroad from Ministry of Education, Govt. of India (1975-1979), Ministry of Education, Govt. of India 1975. Excellence in Academy Medal SzentIstvan University, Godollo, Hungary 2013, Advisor, McDonnell Academy Energy and Environment Partnership (MAGEEP) Washington University, St. Louis, USA 2007. Prof. Jain was having Total Impact Factor [IF] = 205.42, Citations 2303, h-index 27, i10-index 52. Reviewer of various international and national Research Journals.



Prof. Vincent Ado Tenebe is the current Vice-Chancellor of the Taraba State University, Jalingo, Nigeria. He was the Vice- Chancellor and CEO of the National Open University of Nigeria (NOUN) (2010 to 2016). He holds the UNESCO/COL Professorial Chair in Open and Distance Learning in Nigeria covering the whole of West Africa. A public servant with 35 years post-graduation working experience in academics and management of higher education. Prof. Tenebe held various top administrative and management positions such as Managing Director/CEO, University Companies, Director Consultancy, Director Endowment in four different universities in Nigeria. As a gifted teacher and a talented Researcher he has successfully supervised and graduated 15 PhD, 45 M.Sc and over 150 B.Sc. candidates in various aspects of Agriculture, Education, Social and Management Sciences with over 180 articles published in referred national and international journals. He is a member of over 20 professional associations and a Fellow of over 10 learned societies. Professor Vincent Ado Tenebe is a recipient of many outstanding national and international awards, a few of which include: Outstanding Achievement in Administration and Academic Management, Mauritius, African-India Partnership Summit, 2011/2012; Most Valuable Vice-Chancellor in Nigeria, 2011 from the National Association of Nigerian Students (NANS); Socrates

Medal from the European Business Assembly (EBA) Oxford, UK, 2013; The CEO of the Year (Public Sector) 2014 from Newswatch Magazine, Nigeria; Africa Best Performing Vice-Chancellor of the Year 2015 from Africa Development Magazine, Nairobi, Kenya, Papal Medalist of 'Bene Merenti' 2016; Award of Excellence from the Association of Medical Laboratory Scientists of Nigeria, 2018, among many other laurels.



Prof. Saket Kushwaha, Vice Chancellor, Rajiv Gandhi University, Arunachal Pradesh. Prof.Kushwaha was also Vice Chancellor, L.N. Mithila University, Darbhanga. Over 20 Years Professor of Agricultural Economics (African & Indian Universities) since 1st Oct. 1999 till date.

Under his supervisor 23 Ph.D. and over 130 M.Sc./MBA/MABM has been awarded. He has published more than 105 Referred Article and 16 Books/Book Chapters/Proceedings. Funded of more than 950 lac rupees as Co-Principal Investigator in NAIP Project under Componenet-3 titled "Ensuring livelihood security through watershed based farming system modules in disadvantaged districts of Mirzapur and Sonbhadra in Vindhyan region, and amounting of 124 lac Seed Village Programme under Ministry of Agriculture for 55 Village for Rabi crops in Eastern Uttar Pradesh (2011) as Co-PI. More than 18000 farmers network in India and Africa under his supervision. Attended over 100 international/ national seminar/ conferences in India and Abroad. Attended Penn State Academic Leadership Academy USA-2014 Gold Medal on PM's Birthday 18 International and National level Awards including Gold Medal "Sulabh Swachhata Samman" & Rs 5 lac on PM's Birthday by Sulabh International Social Service Organization at Delhi in the year 2016.



Professor Ashok Pandey, is currently Distinguished Scientist at the Centre for Innovation and Translational Research, CSIR-Indian Institute of Toxicology Research, Lucknow, India and Executive Director (Honorary) at the Centre for Energy and Environmental Sustainability - India. Formerly, he was Eminent Scientist at the Center of Innovative and Applied Bioprocessing, Mohali and Chief Scientist & Head of Biotechnology Division and Centre for Biofuels at CSIR's National Institute for Interdisciplinary Science and Technology, Trivandrum. His major research and technological development interests are industrial & environmental biotechnology and energy biosciences, focusing on biomass to biofuels & chemicals, waste to wealth & energy, industrial enzymes, etc. Professor Pandey is Adjunct/Visiting Professor/Scientist in universities in France, Brazil, Canada, China, Korea, South Africa, and Switzerland and also in several universities several in India. He has ~1400 publications/communications, which include 16 patents, 87 books, >700 papers and book chapters, etc with h index of 102 and ~46,000 citations (Goggle scholar). He has transferred several technologies to industries and has done industrial consultancy for about a dozen projects for Indian/international industries. Professor Pandey is the recipient of many national and international awards and honours, which include Distinguished Scientist, VDGOOD Professional Association, India (2020); Distinguished Professor of Eminence with global impact in the area of Biotechnology, Precious Cornerstone University, Nigeria (2020), Highest Cited Researcher (Top 1% in the world), Clarivate Analytics, Web of Science (2019); IconSWM Lifetime Achievement Award 2019, International Society for Solid Waste Management, KIIT, Bhubaneshwar, India (2019); Yonsei Outstanding Scholar, Yonsei University, Seoul, Korea (2019), Highest Cited Researcher (Top 1% in the world; Top 10 in India), Clarivate Analytics, Web of Science (2018) and many more. Professor Pandey is Founder President of the Biotech Research Society, India.



Prof J P Singh Joorel, prior to joining Director, INFLIBNET, was working as Professor of Statistics in the University of Jammu, Jammu and also holding the position of Director, UGC-Human Resource Development Centre (Formerly Academic Staff College). Prof Joorel has 33+ years of vast experience in teaching and research. Prof Joorel has supervised twenty four Ph D & M Phil students and has about 100 research papers published in referred and peer reviewed journals of repute and presented in International/National Conferences and Book Chapters. His research work has recognized and covered in a book titled "Restricted Parameter Space Estimation Problems: Admissibility and Minimaxity Properties" authored by Constance Van Eeden and published by Springer, NY, US.

Prof J P Singh Joorel has contributed to higher education institutions and their management. He has served as Member on Council of the premier institute "Indian Statistical Institute" and Governing Bodies of several Autonomous Colleges besides Member of Planning and Monitoring Board of Universities and Member Syndicate. Currently, Prof Joorel is contributing as Member on University Court, Central University of Haryana, Planning and Monitoring Board of Central University of Gujarat, ICT Committee of NAAC, Academic Council of Consortium of Educational Communication (Inter University Centre of UGC), Empowered Committee of NIRF and Framework Development Committee and Team of Atal Ranking of Institutions on Innovation Achievements (ARIA) etc. He is Life Member of various academic Bodies/Societies and on Reviewer/Editorial Board of the Journals of international reputes. He has also been Secretary, Vice President and Executive Member of Indian Society of Probability and Statistics. He has visited Australia, Portugal, U.S.A., Thailand, Taiwan, Malaysia, for academic pursuits.



Prof. D. N. Sansanwal retired as Head and Dean, Faculty of Education, Devi Ahilya University, Indore. He holds M.Sc. (Physics) and Ph.D. (Education) degrees. His areas of specializations are Research Methodology, Experimental Design, Advanced Educational Statistics, Educational Measurement and Evaluation, Educational Technology, Science Education, Computer Education, and Information and Communication Technology. He has taught Business Research Methods and Quantitative Techniques in IIM, Indore from 2004 to 2008. He also taught Business Research Methods in Indian Institutes of Foreign Trade (IIFT), New Delhi. He has published extensively both in Indian and Foreign Journals of repute. After retirement, he has conducted 180 workshops of seven to fifteen days on Research Methodology, Statistics and use of SPSS all over India. He has given Sixty Webinar Lectures on different topics including Research Methodology, Statistics and use of SPSS. He has invented Jerk Technology, Multiple Discriminant Type Items, Multiple Answers Type Items, Educational Clinic, etc. Dr. Sansanwal was given best TEACHER EDUCATOR AWARD by ALL INDIA ASSOCIATION OF TEACHER EDUCATORS, India.



Dr. Archana Thakur is the Joint Secretary, University Grants

Commission, New Delhi. Since 2004, she has been working in different capacities, at the University Grants Commission. She has got a multi-faceted persona with a unique blend of scientific rigor, interdisciplinary approach and high regard for academic excellence. As scientist,

educationist, administrator and academic leader, she has served in various positions in national and international institutions in past 25 years of her career (in JNU, Tripura University, GGSIP University, New Delhi, Burapha University, Thailand). She provided academic leadership to several international assignments, as Visiting Scientist at the US Dept of Agriculture, Maryland, USA in 1998 and Norwegian University of Sc and ech, (Trondheim, Norway) in 2008 and recently MHRD has nominated her for the leadership Academic program at the University of Pennsylvania.



Dr. Rajiv Pandey is currently Scientist –E and Head, Division of Forestry Statistics, Indian Council of Forestry Research & Education, Dehradun. Dr. Pandey Coordinating Lead Author (CLA) for the Chapter 8: Poverty, livelihoods and sustainable development of the Working Group II Contribution to the Inter-governmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) Sixth Assessment Report – Climate Change 2021: Impacts, Adaptation and Vulnerability. He is also a member of Editorial Board for the Journal – Ecological Indicators (An Elsevier Publication IF – 4.49) and also a regular reviewer of Multi-Country Projects on Global Change for the Asia Pacific Network (APN), Japan.

Dr. Rajiv Pandey is currently working on several research projects (consortium) amounting more than 100 million. Dr. Pandey is an outstanding reviewer status for many Journals of Elsevier, Springer, Wiley, Sage and Nature. The researches on the issues have been figured in the form of papers in several national and international journals. In his publication dairies published 60 papers in International journals and 53 in Indian journals. Dr. Pandey also participated in various national and international conferences in India and abroad and contributed 13 book chapters in various edited book.



Dr. Ajit Kumar Mishra holds a doctorate degree in African American studies from Banaras Hindu University. He is currently working as an Associate Professor in the Department of Humanistic Studies at Indian Institute of Technology (BHU) Varanasi. His research interests include narrative studies, visual culture, research communication, and humanistic communication. He has been an institutional and corporate trainer in areas of research communication, management communication, and health communication.

He finds it thoroughly enjoyable when he is interacting and learning from the multitude. He has conducted scores of technical sessions on research writing, pedagogical strategies, and research communication in FDPs, STCs, and workshops. He has been active in his mission of Literature for Humanity for quite some time now. He has designed courses like "Literature and Coping Skills", "Literature and Design Thinking", and "Leadership through Literature" to guide STEM students into the world of literary experience and affective knowing.



Dr. Anil Ramachandran is Associate Professor & Head, School of Physical Education and Sports Sciences, Kannur University, Kannur, Kerala and Former Director, IQAC, Kannur University. Dr. Anil delivered lectures as resource person for UGC Refresher Courses and Orientation Programmes at Calicut University, Kerala University, Kannur University and Goa University, LNIPE and Punjabi University. He attended as Resource person for 75 national and 25 international conferences/seminars. Dr. Anil Completed a Major Project of Sports Science Research Grant of Badminton World Federation, Malaysia, 2016 and also completed Minor & Major Research project of UGC. Invited talk at BWF Coaching Conference along with World Badminton Championship at Basel, Switzerland.



Assistant Professor, Department of Library and Information Science, and Co-ordinator, Centre for Publication Ethics, Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune. She has been instrumental in creation and maintenance of the Research Portal of Savitribai Phule Pune University. She is recipient of travel grants from National Science Foundation, Ford Foundation, OCLC, USA and GBIF, Copenhagen. Her work has been published by Current Science, Annals of Library and Information Studies, Library Review, Library Management, Sage publication, etc. She is also a Yoga teacher.



Tahseen Khanday joined Elsevier in July 2014 and works as a Solution Manager for the Research Intelligence Portfolio for South Asia Region. She has worked closely with government, NIRF team, policy makers and funding bodies in her role to improve the quality of higher education in South Asia. Before joining Elsevier, Tahseen has worked as a marketing consultant and has an overall work experience of 13+ years. She has an MBA from HEC, Paris and Bachelors in Electronics Engineering from Maulana Azad National Institute of Technology Rs.18, 000/-(Rupees Eighteen Thousand only)

PART-2 SESSION WISE DELIBERATIONS

2.1 INAUGURAL SESSION

Prof. Saket Kushwaha, Vice-Chancellor of Rajiv Gandhi University in his address as the Chief Patron of the programme shared that research is a technique one had to work hard to perfect it. Adding, a researcher should have a clear cut idea about what he is doing, Prof. Saket addressing the young researcher also advised that before undergoing any research work, a scholar should put more hard work in coming out with the concept note of his/her topic, which is the key to any quality research.

Professor R. C. Parida, Director IQAC and Program Director while delivering the welcome address highlighted the importance and significance of the workshop. He added the workshop aims to promote quality research papers.

In the inaugural session, briefing about the importance of the programe, Dr. Sambhu Prasad, Coordinator of the program and member of IQAC talks in length about the production of quality of research papers in various fields. He said, the need of the hour is to create new knowledge based on significant ideas which will in turn be the building blocks for the welfare of the society. The workshop got a huge response with a registration of more than 1282 participants from 11 different countries.

Delivering his keynote address, former Chairman of UGC (University Grant Commission) Prof. Ved Prakash throws light on many of the aspects of quality teaching and research. Talking there is a symbiotic relation between the two; the core concept of a university is to bring in innovation. He broadly deliberated on the very idea of a university which should cater new knowledge which is freely transferable, education which brings about social and economic changes, advancement of peace and harmony and builds patriotism among the fellow citizens.

Dr. Archana Thakur, Joint Secretary of the University Grant Commission (UGC), resource person the programme deliberated on the topic 'Academic research and Integrity'. She highlighted the various research activities of the UGC that are undergoing under various universities, colleges and institutes across India. Calling upon standard ethical practices in quality journals publications, she said the UCG CARE listed journal is a step toward it. She encouraged researchers should try to publish their papers in high index journal. Talking about New Education Policy 2020, she emphasized on creating a robust ecosystem of research in the Indian institutes. Research on AI (Artificial Intelligence), digital market which is leading to a knowledge society is the need of the hour, she added. She also encouraged the participants to promote holistic education with a research mindset.

Dr Ashok Pandey, Distinguished Scientist, Centre for Innovation and Translation Research, CSIR, Indian Institute of Toxicology Research, Uttar Pradesh delivered his talk on 'How to write a scientific manuscript and get it published'. He shared with the participants the specific guidelines that one has to undergo before writing a research paper. He talked about starting from an idea stage to the publication of the paper. Dr. Ashok highlighted the importance of choosing the right journal of the research work and how to do it. He also stressed on the understanding of Impact factor of various journals which are a prime requisite for quality publications.

Dr. Kaushalendra Pratap Singh, Joint Coordinator of the programme proposed the vote of thanks. The capacity building workshop (CBP) was conducted online thought the Zoom platform. It was also broadcasted LIVE on Rajiv Gandhi University You tube Channel which was views by many.

2.2 TECHNICAL SESSIONS (DAY WISE)

DAY 1

Session I

Delivering his inaugural address, **Prof. Ved Prakash**, former Chairman of UGC (University Grant Commission) spoke on the different aspects of quality teaching, research, publication, and innovation. He stated that there is a symbiotic relation between teaching and research and the core concept of any university is to bring in innovation through the synergy between the

two. He focused on the fact that the basis of any university should be to cater to new knowledge which is freely transferable, education which brings about social and economic changes, advancement of peace and harmony and builds patriotism among the fellow citizens. He said that the universities are places which should offer to its member's tools to be successful leaders, professionals and academicians. It should have an environment of inspiring thinking and living. It should aim to produce a workforce at par with global standards who can work at local, state, national and global level with equal flair. He pointed out that one of the most important criteria for a university is to achieve academic excellence. What drive the academic excellence is excellent programmes and excellent programmes are driven by excellent faculties. Therefore, universities need to develop programmes that are counted amongst the best. It is also imperative for universities to recruit and retain the best academicians. He also pointed out that universities must be able to develop and promote entrepreneurship sense in every student. It is the duty of each university to develop exciting proposals in frontiers of knowledge. He stated that every university should have discourses on issues of historical and cultural significance where learning fuels economic development. Such all-round approach will ensure the standing of Indian universities among global rankings. He stated that in research driven universities whatever scientific achievements are made will have its consequences in the lives of other people too. Even basic science can be used to understand human life. In this sense, universities must be truly international. He also guided on how to present research proposals, the theoretical framework, the lucidity of statement of problems and the contribution of research to existing knowledge. He pointed out that every element of the research proposal is significant. He concluded his talk by congratulating the Hon'ble VC of Rajiv Gandhi University and IQAC on the conduct of the workshop on such an important topic.

Session II

The second speaker of the session was **Dr. Archana Thakur**, Joint Secretary of the University Grant Commission (UGC). She deliberated on the on the topic **Research Quality**, **Integrity and Publication Ethics** in the light of UGC's commitments and the New Education Policy and its vision. She stated that responsible conduct, academic integrity, and publication ethics are central to education and scientific research. It is important, she said to promote quality because this will lead to awareness about plagiarism and prevent academic misconduct.

Serious concerns regarding these issues have been raised by various scientists, academics and other stakeholders. She stated that this is a global problem contaminating all domains of research and publication. She highlighted the various research activities of the UGC that are undergoing in various universities, colleges, and institutes across India. University Grants Commission (UGC) is committed to maintain standards in teaching, research and innovation. She also pointed out that GOI provides around ten thousand research scholarships every year and according to Scopus data more than 1,47,530 research articles are published every year in India. She pointed out that unethical and deceptive practices in publishing are leading to an increase in numbers of predatory journals worldwide. After 2018 UGC decided to take firm steps to improve research quality and academic integrity as well as curb the growth of predatory journals. She pointed out how these journals had seriously compromised the integrity of scholarly publications and had severely polluted the scientific database. She stated that these predatory journals were churning out more than 4 lakh items each year. It has become urgent therefore to combat these predatory journals and make academic community aware of integrity of research journals. The well- meaning regulations which UGC gave earlier has encouraged a culture of publish or perish, pay and publish and the ineffective monitoring of research methods which has led to a massive growth of predatory journals in India. She pointed out that the large numbers of research publication in predatory journals in India is likely due to the emphasis on quantity rather than quality. Calling upon standard ethical practices in quality journals publications, she said the UCG CARE listed journal is a step toward it. It is a consortium for Academic Research and Ethics which was announced by its notification on 14 January 2019 to continuously monitor and identify quality journals from across all disciplines. UGC follows the basic principal that good publication needs good research. The main task of UGC care is to improve research in Indian universities and to promote academic and research integrity as well as the publication ethic. She encouraged researchers should try to publish their papers in high index journal and also encouraged the researchers, scientists and academicians that the journals and conferences they choose fall under ethical policies. Talking about New Education Policy 2020, she emphasized on creating a robust ecosystem of research in the Indian institutes in all fields through a new research foundation. National Research Foundation (NRF) is to encourage research to permeate through universities and develop a culture of research. She particularly stressed on point 17.3 of the New Education Policy where it

is clearly indicated that despite critical importance in research the research innovation and investment in India in the current time is only .69% of GDP as compared to 2.8% of USA, 4.3% in Israel and 4.2% in South Korea. Therefore it is all the more important to develop a robust ecosystem for research in areas that are developing in the world in the realm of climate change, research on AI (Artificial Intelligence), digital market, population management etc which is the need of the hour, she added. If India is to become a leader, and fully use the potential of its human resource and become a leading society in knowledge then the nation will require a significant increase in its research output across disciplines. She stated that today the critical research output is the even more necessary for economic, intellectual, societal, environmental and technological health and progress of the nation. She also encouraged the participants to promote holistic education with a clear and lucid research mindset.

Session III

The final speaker of the day **Dr Ashok Pandey**, Distinguished Scientist, Centre for Innovation and Translation Research, CSIR, Indian Institute of Toxicology Research, Uttar Pradesh spoke on How to Write a Scientific Manuscript and Get it Published. Since he also manages one Journal of Elsevier on Applied Biotechnology and Energy Biosciences he shared his expertise in the field with the participants. He informed that Elsevier is one of the largest publishers with around 5500 journals in domains of natural sciences, biological sciences, humanities etc. He pointed out that in the archives of Elsevier alone a staggering 12.6 million articles are available. From 1976 onwards these articles are online. But, normally a fee is charged for downloaded. Most of the article before 2000 fees may not be charge. He shared with the participants the specific guidelines that one must undergo before writing a research paper to publish in a high Impact Factor journal. He began by stressing that there is no alternative to good science and research. He elaborated on various steps beginning with setting the background for a research paper, followed by writing the research paper with attention paid to the English language, structuring the article and the steps to submit the manuscript to a good journal. He also stated that important questions must be asked like the significance of positive or negative results in a research work, whether the research is adding to existing knowledge and whether it is an outdated work. Basically the first question one has to ask is AM I ready to publish? The gap in

knowledge becomes the main focus of research he pointed out. He talked about starting from an idea stage to the publication of the paper. He stated that what materials were used for a scientific research must be stated clearly Also, define any conflict of interest. Give proper acknowledgements. He also spoke on the importance of ethics and how to avoid unethical behavior. He pointed out that fabrication of date, willful falsification of data, plagiarism and not admitting missing data are considered as serious ethical violations. Also, redundant publications, gift authorship and inadequate literature search is considered as questionable research practices. Dr. Ashok highlighted the importance of choosing the right journal of the research work and how to do it. He also stressed on the understanding of Impact factor of various journals which are a prime requisite for quality publications. The session ended with closing remarks by Dr. Sambhu Prasad the coordinator of the programme.

Day-2

Session I

The second day of the program commenced with **Prof. V. A. Tenebe**, Hon'ble Vice Chancellor Taraba State University, Nigeria who shared his expertise on The Specific Components to Write and Publish Quality Research Papers in Recognized Journals. He pointed out how specific components of such papers that would remain attractive to high profile journals must emanate from the internationally accepted components of scientific or empirical research. Furthermore, he stated that a study based on this internationally accepted research structure always comes out with brilliant and attractive results which culminate into quality journal papers. Such papers are the preferences of high profile or high impact and respected journals. To produce a quality and attractive journal paper from a well organised research work involves the utilisation of all the structural aspects of the major scientific research. He also highlighted the importance of proper referencing of sources for any research article. In this he elaborated on Bibliography and Referencing and explained the use of both the methods. He described how both the methods provide sufficient documentations of supporting statement of facts to the reader from contributions of earlier researchers. It reveals the quality of earlier works reviewed and utilised for the present study. He also explained the two styles of referencing in research publications: -The American Psychological Association (APA) method also known as Harvard Style and The Kate Turabian Style of referencing often referred to as the Chicago Style.

Session II

The second session of the second day saw **Ms.Tahseen Khanday**, Solution Manager, Research Intelligence Portfolio for South Asia Region, who gave a brilliant presentation to the participants about Steps to strengthen your Research Output and Author Profile using **SCOPUS.** She stated that India's Research and Development (R&D) spend has been stagnating for the last twenty years at 0.7% of GDP and under a difficult economic climate it is under immense pressure. She also pointed put the important fact that research drives sustainable economic development and emerging research nations today are changing the dynamics of research landscape. To have a healthy research environment in the nation it is crucial to identify strengths and shortcomings to inform research decisions, to collaborate to secure more research funding and retain and hire best-in-class researchers in institutions. She also stated that the international higher education system is growing, creating fiercer competition for top talent and funding and questions on where to study, teach, or how to refine research strategies have become more complex and data driven. Institution rankings have become a key resource in attracting students, faculty, researchers, and talent. Academic Institutes' compete intensively with each other for Talent, funding, rankings & reputation. Rankings are particularly helpful in revealing institutions' relative strengths, providing crucial information for would-be students, professionals navigating their academic careers, policymakers planning funding programs, and research and education leaders who make decisions on behalf of institutions in areas like teaching, research, knowledge transfer and international visibility. But, for rankings to be as helpful to the academic community as possible, good data and a comprehensive global view is an absolute must. The speaker noted that rankings can help institutions gain a perspective on their global position and will undoubtedly remain important. In addition to using rankings data, universities benchmark themselves and their researchers against their peers using all the data available to them. Academic Institutes globally are, more and more, investing in an evidencebased approach to develop a clear understanding of their position and progress. In the later part of her deliberation, she also described the function and importance of SCOPUS particularly in the area of research and publication. SCOPUS is the largest abstract and citation database of peer-reviewed literature, and features smart tools that allow you to track, analyze and visualize scholarly research. Scopus also helps researchers, Librarians & Key Decision Makers to

overcome their challenges and reach their goals quickly and effectively and thus improve ranking

Session III

The day concluded with the talk by **Prof. D. N. Sansanwal**, Rtd. Professor & Former Head, Dept. of Education, DAVV, Indore (MP), who spoke on Requirement of Quality Research Paper. He focused on what is quality in a research paper, ways to improve quality and presentation status of research paper. He discussed a list of points in which researchers are usually weak in making a research paper, like research title, wording of objectives and wording of hypotheses. He said that one of the reasons for this is because Research Methodology is not made a mandatory subject at curriculums. Some other reasons he stated was poor quality of books on Research Methodology, the weak Pre-PhD programme, that mostly teachers do not teach difference between tools, development and standardization of tool, Data analysis and interpretation of results. He ended his talk by suggesting various ways to improve quality in research work and writing research papers like focusing on Qualitative Analysis Techniques, teaching of Parametric Statistics as well as Non-parametric Statistics, Use of SPSS or other soft-wares, teaching interpretation of results obtained from use of different statistical techniques, improving research proposal writing and research paper writing.

Day-3

The third day of the program proceeded with enriching lecture of **Prof. Vinod Kumar Jain**, Vice

Session I

Chancellor, Tezpur University, Tezpur, Assam. The speaker spoke on Approaches for Quality **Research Paper Writing in High Impact Journals**. He said that an article is considered a quality article when the idea which has been enunciated or the research question or the hypotheses is novel and very well stated. He also spoke on how research work that leads to patents is also a quality research work. Lot of hard work goes into designing a research proposal, using the appropriate techniques and the analysis of results. He spoke in depth on the important steps to keep in mind while writing a quality research paper. Introduction gives the broad areas of research and also familiarizes what are the contemporary areas of research. He also pointed out the importance of broad reading of research materials available in ones area of interest.

Objectives will help in focusing on the research questions and zero in on the research problem. The Research Methodology as an approach must be properly justified. It is also important to mention the analytical tools for interpreting the data or findings. He stressed on the importance of giving proper citations and references which are key to a research work.

Session II

The next session was taken by **Prof. D. N. Samsanwal**, Rtd. Professor & Former Head, Dept. of Education, DAVV, Indore, who discussed on **Presentation of Result &Interpretation**. He also presented his talk on writing of objective for different statistical techniques and stressed that objectives must be extremely specific. He elaborated on his presentation using examples and practically showing to the participants the application of SPSS to analyse data. He also spoke on Formulation of Hypothesis and analyzing data using SPSS.

Session III

Dr. Anil Ramachandran, Associate Professor& Head, School of Physical Education and Sports Sciences, Kannur University, Kannur, spoke on The Genres in Scientific Writing -Developing a **Good Introduction.** He began by stating that a research project has not contributed to science unless it has been published in a standard journal. Therefore, to be a contributing scientist one must write research papers. He stated that more than ninety percent of research papers are written in the English language. Therefore, researchers are obliged to write in English whether they are familiar with this language or not. Most of the scientific papers are published in English. He said that the basic rules in writing are brevity, logic and clarity and neat typing. He stated that the proper order of writing is in the sequence, Materials and Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusion, Introduction, Title and Abstract. The standards of a scientific research paper as he pointed out area Stereotype format, precise language, single and clear direction and which is then reviewed and made available. He stated that the essential characteristic of a scientific writing is clarity, there is no place for ambiguity and archaic words, descriptions must be precise, recipes complete, data must be exact, logic must be transparent and conclusion clearly stated. A scientific paper must be made available to others so that scientific community is able to make use of it.

Session I

The first session of the fourth day was handled by **Prof. J. P. Singh Joorel,** Director, INFLIBNET, who gave his lecture on **Method Description along with Design, Number of Samples and Data Analysis**. He focused on the Research Design for a research proposal. For designing a research it is important to formulate a research problem. He stated that after designing the research problem, a sound knowledge of literature is important which will lead to a comprehensive literature survey. Also, he said that the purpose of literature survey must be clear and the next important step is to find out what is to be ascertained or tested i.e developing a hypothesis. He pointed out that in Statistics there are two types of hypothesis - Null hypothesis and Alternative hypothesis. Hypothesis means assumptions regarding some parameters or some claims made in the research proposal. He also stated that sample collection is the backbone for any survey-based study. Important questions a researcher must ask are what should be the sample size and how to decide the sample size? This must be tackled technically. How to collect data, analyze the data and testing the hypothesis and finally generalizing of the results based on the objectives are other important questions that the speaker pointed out in his talk.

Session II

The next session has been taken by **Dr. Rajiv Pandey**, Scientist-E & Head, Division of Forestry Statistics, Indian Council of Forestry Research and Education (ICFRE), Dehradun, who focused on **Research Papers and Developing Tables.** He spoke at length on signifying communication of research and ethics in research. He emphasized on a balance between protecting participants (subject) vs quest for knowledge. He stated that the principle of voluntary participation requires that people not be forced into participating in research. Some important points to keep in mind as he pointed out was, Informed consent - prospective research and must give their consent to participate, Ethical standards - researchers cannot put participants in a situation where they might be at risk of harm (both physical and psychological) as a result of their participation and Confidentiality and Anonymity. Speaking on ethics he emphasized the importance of acknowledging the author's original work and stated that the best method of avoiding plagiarism is to simply be honest and acknowledge a source in the paper and give credit where it's due. He also explained using examples Deductive reasoning and Inductive reasoning. He also discussed the relationship between scholars quality products vs dependency on digital

platform. He pointed out that qquality reporting is only possible if you have conducted research. He advised the participants to be honest, simple, and follow scientific guidelines while writing a research article.

Session III

In continuation with the session **Dr. Ajit Kumar Mishra**, Associate Professor, Department of Humanistic Studies, IIT, BHU, Varanasi, presented on **Research Writing: Title Abstract and Keywords**. The speaker reiterated that a good structure for a research paper begins at the micro level. He said that it is always good to divide a paper into sections such as introduction, methodology, or discussion. The content can be divided into Paragraphs- as the main blocks of argumentation, Sentences- as the main block of meaning and Words- as the nuclei of any writing. The development should be move from a word to a sentence, to a clause and then form a paragraph. He also spoke about the Academic Word List (AWL) developed by Averil Coxhead at Victoria University of Wellington, New Zealand which contains 570 word families which frequently appear in academic texts. He focused in depth on the language and structure for a good research article.

Day-5

Session I

The 1st session of the fifth day of the Capacity Building Program again saw **Dr. Ajit Kumar Mishra**, who presented on **Research Writing: Title Abstract and Keywords**. The speaker highlighted purposeful writing targeted at a specific audience of a given academic field and constraints faced in report writing and key components in report writing. The speaker enumerated the crucial aspects of the micro level care of research papers especially title, abstract, and keywords in writing research paper. The title he stated is designed to stimulate the reader's interest, the abstract summarizes the content, the half-dozen or so key words, sometimes called 'descriptors', together with the title and the abstract, facilitate computerbased search and retrieval. He pointed that an effective title should be concise, clear, and interesting; it should predict content, reflect tone and contain keywords. He pointed out that to acquire elements of a good writing for scholarly publication one should ask oneself questions like what is my paper about?, what techniques/ designs were used?, who/what is studied and what are the results? Structured abstracts are typically written using five sub-headings – 'background', 'aim', 'method', 'results' and 'conclusions'. He also gave a detailed exploration of Informative and Descriptive abstracts. Informative abstracts are commonly used in the sciences and present information on the background, aim, methods, results, and conclusion/s. Descriptive abstracts on the other hand is commonly used in the Social Sciences and Humanities. He also spoke at length about the key guides available that can be used by researchers in writing their papers like the *Chicago Manual of Style*, *, A Manual for Writers of Research Papers, Theses, and Dissertations, Chicago Style for Students and Researchers*, by Kate L. Turabian, *MLA Handbook for Writers of Research Papers*, by Joseph Gibaldi and *Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association*, by the American Psychological Association (APA).

Session II

Dr. Subhada Nagarkar, Assistant Professor, Dept.of Library & Information Sciences, Savitribai Phule Pune University, Pune, engaged with the participants on Publication Ethics & Research Metrics. She made her presentations in two parts with the first part focusing on Research Metric and Predatory journals and the second part on Ethics in Research, Principals of Ethical Publications and Publication misconduct. She said that publication has a sociological foundation i.e personal knowledge contribute to sociological knowledge and vice versa. She also spoke on the importance of library in disseminating such knowledge where it can be accessed. She also spoke on the actions that can be taken after a paper is published. One important criterion is in the form of 'citation'. We must be aware of how many people have referred and cited our articles. Citation has many metrics for example Impact Factor(IF) is counted based on the citations that you have received. She also spoke on the different publishing models like open access publishing, hybrid publications and paid publishing. She also addressed a number of questions like how to select good journals for publication?, What one needs to check?, Are Open access journals predatory?, What is an indexed Journal?, Is Google Scholar an indexing database? and so on. She also discussed in depth about academic journals which she pointed out involves three parties, scholars, publishers and reviewers. She pointed out that Academic journal has structures, format, rules and standard practicing protocols. She also spoke on the important aspects of Research Integrity and responsible conduct of research. The speaker also spoke on publication ethics like falsification, fabrication, undetected conflict of interest and plagiarism etc. She highlighted some important criteria to be kept in mind like the ISSN which is not important because good journals sometimes do not have ISSN, publisher/editor's address,

Impact Factor, Indexed Journals, publications of chief editor, publication charges, and journal back volumes. She concluded with the remark that time must be spent to search good journals, be familiar with the standard setting institutions like Committee on Publication Ethics and Check Retraction watch website.

Session-III

The final session of the Capacity Building Programme witnessed the inspiring and motivational speech of **Prof. Saket Kushwaha**, Vice Chancellor, Rajiv Gandhi University, Arunachal Pradesh. Prof Kushwaha began his talk with the invocation to the teachers and wishing the fellow teachers on the auspicious day of Teacher's Day on 5th of September, 2020. He said that the primary goal of a teacher and researcher are to conduct good research along with teaching and learning process. Institutions are known not only by the position it has acquired but also by its academicians, researchers, and research contributions. He began with the definition of research by quoting from OECD, which highlighted the need to 'increase the stock of research' and 'knowledge to devise new application'. He pointed out that the end-product of any research should be to develop practical applications in life. So, the purpose of research is to add something new and new application must be devised. There must be the desire in every researcher to make his/her research novel. The speaker also actively engaged the participants in the discussion by giving his personal experiences during his stay in his alma mater Banaras Hindu University (BHU) and during his stint in Africa as an academician. He emphasized on the quality of the research that needs to be done by the academicians and made a brilliant presentation on Overview of Research & Publication Strategy: Emerging Dimensions. Prof Kushwaha also spoke on why there is the need for regular and quality publications in institutions of higher learning. He pointed out that there are four important contributions that an academician in Higher Institutions of Learning must perform-Teaching, Research, Outreach Activity and Community Service. The extension services are as important as the research activities. Prof Kushwaha spoke on the function of National Research Foundation (NRF) which is being introduced under National Education Policy (NEP) 2020. NRF will fund research projects across four major disciplines- Science, Technology, Social Sciences and Arts and Humanities. He said that NRF will provide reliable base of merit-based funding to develop a culture of research

within the country further NRF would 'seed, grow, and facilitate' cutting edge research activities in academic institutions. The speaker also described using a flowchart the important steps to select research topics. He suggested steps beginning with selection of research topics, doing extensive literature review, developing the research methodology, collection of relevant materials, research analysis and writing the final report. The speaker also gave insights to the participants on how to select journals with Multi-Criterion Analysis. Important points that he suggested the participants to keep in mind while selecting journals are the scope of the journal, the Impact Factor and Indexing and to compare the journal with other journals on the same topic.

2.3 VALEDICTORY SESSION

The Capacity building programme concluded with the valedictory session scheduled at 6:15 PM. It began with a brief outline of the sessions of the workshop by the workshop coordinator **Dr. Sambhu Prasad**, He reiterated that the imperative of organizing such Capacity building program lies in improving the overall quality of research works of the participants. **Prof. R. C. Parida**, Director IQAC had addressed the concluding session of the Program. This was followed by a brief feedback session from the participants of the Program. All participants expressed their satisfaction about the Capacity Building Programme and overall coordination of the member of the IQAC as well as the whole program.

PART-3: MAJOR TAKEAWAYS

1. Academic Context

This program provides us with a very useful platform to exchange information, ideas, experiences and lessons learned in skills of research writing in different disciplines. During these past five days, we have generated a wealth of information and experience. Over the years, it has been found that the quality of Research-output has been far from the much needed standards. A Research-work must act as a catalyst for further researches to be undertaken in the said field. The quality of research depends on the understanding of the Research-problem and the output is significantly based in the appropriate research-tools used for the data-collection and its analysis.

2. Research Context

A Five Day Capacity Building Programme (CBP) on "Approaches for quality research paper writing in high impact journals" is designed to impart knowledge on tools and techniques used in empirical research, report writing, choosing an ideal research topic, abstract, thesis and research papers writing skills, selecting right journals for the produced research papers, detecting plagiarism and handling editorial decisions along with revising the manuscript in line with the suggested comments of peer referees. To promote truth avoid inaccuracy in their Research work, students should have Clarity and Methodology for analysing their research work. This programme will helpful for those who are willing to undertake research project under various discipline.

3. Policy Making and Practice context

An ignited mind is the most powerful weapon on the earth, above the earth and under the earth; and this is got through education. The best practice in research was discussed at the five day Capacity Building Programme.

PART 4: APPENDICES & ANNEXURE

ANNEXURE 1: PROGRAMME SCHEDULE

Day	Date & Time	Session	Name	Title
1	2 nd Sept. 2020	I	Prof. Ved Prakash	Concept and Characteristics of a Research University
	(2:30-6:00pm)	Π	Dr. Archana Thakur	Academic & Research Integrity
		III	Dr. Ashok Pandey	How to write a scientific manuscript and get it published
2		I	Prof. V.A. Tenebe	Specific Components of attractive quality research journal paper
	3 rd Sept.2020 (2:50-6:00pm)	Π	Ms.Tahseen Khanday	Steps to Strengthen your Research Output and Author Profile using SCOPUS
		III	Prof. D.N. Sansanwal	Requirement of Quality Research

3		I	Prof. Vinod Kr. Jain	Approaches For Quality Research Paper Writing in High Impact Journals
	4 th Sept.2020 (2:50-6:00pm)	II	Prof. D.N. Sansanwal	Presentation of Result & Concluding Remarks
			Dr. Anil Ramachandran	Genres in Scientific Writing -Developing a Good Introduction
4	5 th Sept.2020	I	Prof. J. P. Singh Joorel	Method description along with design, number of samples and data analysis
	(2:50-6:00pm)	Ш	Dr. Rajiv Pandey	Research Papers and Developing Tables
		III	Dr. Ajit Kumar Mishra	Building Blocks of Research Writing
5	6 th Sept.2020	I	Dr. Ajit Kumar Mishra	Research Writing: Title Abstract and Keywords
	(3:00-6:00pm)	I	Dr. Shubhada Nagarkar	Publication Ethics & Research Metrics
			Prof. Saket Kushwaha	Overview of Research & Publication Strategy: Emerging Dimensions

Annexure 2: List of Participants

SI. No.	Name	Place
1.	Abdullah Mohammed Abdullah Alshami	Nanded
2.	Palle Sadhik	Ranchi
3.	Tame Ramya	Itanagar
4.	Sushma H. B.	Gulbarga
<u> </u>	Inderpreet Kaur Nanda	New Delhi
<u> </u>	Gursharan Kaur	Delhi
7.	Mumthas N S	Calicut
8.	Dr. R. Sudha	Coimbatore
9.	Smita Barua Deka	Tezpur
10.	Seleena M	Nagercoil
11.	Bimal Prasad Kar	Bhubaneswar
12.	Kabita Kumari	Aizawl
13.	Md Nawaz Sarif	Shillong
14.	Sudip Sinha	Karimganj
15.	Tacha Thaman	Khonsa
16.	Kalpana Hazarika	Assam
17.	Sanjaya Kumar Bag	Bhubaneswar
18.	K.Santha Kumari	Perambalur
19.	Soumya L	Thalassery
20.	Mukta Mani	Darbhanga
21.	Dr Anjuli Suhane	New Delhi
22.	Debolina Halder Adhya	Kolkata
23.	Swapan Kumar Mandal	Silchar
24.	Dr.Yumnam Jamuna Devi	Imphal

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25.	Soumen Prakash Kabi	Asansol
26.	Payal Kanwar Chandel	Haryana
27.	Sonia Saini	Chandigarh
28.	Sujata Saha	Varanasi
29.	Manish K. Shukla	East Siang
30.	Richa Singh	Daltonganj
31.	Gunjan Verma	New Delhi
32.	Ankoor sakhare	Pune
33.	Bahunlang Tron	Shillong
34.	Dilima Siga	Doimukh
35.	Punita Upadhyay	Jabalpur
36.	Saradakanta Mishra	Cuttack
37.	Hanamantraya Gouda	Shiggaon
38.	Dr. Sarita Kumari Madesia	Dhanbad
39.	Shaik Karim	Tirupati
40.	Biri Amji	Deomali
41.	Pratima Sahu	Hyderabad
42.	Deepti Chaurasiya	Bareilly
43.	Indrajeet Dutta	Bhopal
44.	Rajlaxmi Konwar	Silchar
45.	Primika Hagjer	North Lakhimpur
46.	Subhra Priyadarshini Nayak	Pune
47.	R. Amsaraj	Coimbatore
48.	Dr. Smita Kumari	Patna
49.	Abhishek Kumar Maurya	Ayodhya
50.	Danish Mahmood	Aligarh
51.	Asmita Sharma	Rajpura
52.	Rashmi Mishra	Kanpur
53.	Silen Sutar	Jagatsinghpur
54.	Anand kumar Singh	Madhepura
55.	Mutum Rameshwor Singh	Imphal
56.	Bijumoni Borah	Bongaigaon
57.	Wungreithan Awungshi	Shillong
58.	Sujata Raosaheb Bhujang	Pune
59.	Chandan Maurya	Lucknow
60.	Shiney Sam	Ajmer
61.	Zahid Hussain	Dhubri
62.	Nibedita Swain	Jajpur
63.	Soumya Ranjan Mallick	Keonjhar
64.	G.Nageswar Rao	Parlakhemundi.
65.	Philip Mody	Itanagar
66.	Toolika Wadhwa	Delhi
67.	T.T. Lalnunmawia	Aizawl
L	1	1

68.	Cadiganna M Sunagar	Hubballi
	Gadigeppa M.Sunagar	
69. 70.	Lhundup Tsomo Bhutia Shakila Azim	Gangtok
		Muzaffarpur Jhansi
71.	Arun Kumar Tripathi	
72.	Parijat Dhar	Bongaigaon
73.	Puspaa Sinha	Patna
74.	Bibhudatta Khandayatray	Cuttack
75.	Alina Mishra	Burla
76.	Sangey Drema	Bomdila
77.	Vineeta Singh	Agra
78.	Juti Moni Barman	Aizwal
79.	Indu Aggarwal	Rajpura
80.	Rhea Bose	Ahmedabad
81.	Kiran Kumari	ltanagar
82.	Vanaja Mahadasu	Hyderabad
83.	Shreya Sharma	New Delhi
84.	Uddipana Gogoi	Doimukh
85.	Bijaya Kumar Parida	PURI
86.	Chandra Chetry	Tura
87.	Kaling Dabi	Doimukh
88.	R.Venkatajalapathy	Pondicherry
89.	Rinki Verma	Barabanki
90.	Priyanka	Hisar
91.	Dulumoni Nath	Tezpur
92.	Saurabh Kumar Dixit	Shillong
93.	Ramnish Kaur	Rajpura
94.	Onhring Langhu	Mumbai
95.	tenzing norzom	Gwalior
96.	Uma	Rajkot
97.	Sunil Dabhade	Pune
98.	Deepjyoti Choudhury	Silchar
99.	Abhigyan Bhattacharjee	Tura
100.	Rajesh Kumar Pandey	Jhansi
101.	Simrah Ahmed	Delhi
102.	Anil Kumar Vishwa	Ayodhya
103.	Padi Hana	Itanagar
104.	Mohd Jafar	Gandhinagar
105.	Aparajita Sengupta	Jabalpur
106.	Sandeep Bal	Derabis
107.	Sarita Sinha	Patna
108.	Rupamoni Thakur	Golaghat
109.	Sapram Choudaiah	Tirupati
110.	Rosie Lalmuanpuii	Aizawl
L		L

111.	Akshita Chauhan	Mumbai
111.	Mamoni Hazarika	Dhemaji
112.		Mumbai
113.	•	Lucknow
114.	Harleen Kaur	Rajpura
115.		Thalassery
110.	Illham Dhala	Vile Parle
117.		Ziro
118.		
119.		Gurgaon
120.	3	Muvattupuzha Thiruvananthapuram
122.	•	Imphal New Delhi
123.	Ruth Nengneilhing Krishna M. Bordoloi	
124.		Tezpur
125.	Jahara magdum shaikh	Vile parle
126.	, ,	Delhi
127.	Temsutula Longkumer	Kohima
128.	Rajesh Singh Kushwaha	Ayodhya
129.	•	Jorhat
130.	Om Prakash Mishra	Gandhinagar
131.	•	Bhagalpur
132.	Jeetendra Kumar Padhy	Bhubaneswar
133.	1	Cuttack
134.	Praneetha V	Chennai
135.	· ·	Bhubaneswar
136.	Ravi Karar	New Delhi
	R.Subramaniya Bharathy	Salem
138.		Ernakulam
	D. Chandra Prabha	Tirunelveli
140.	Shiva Shukla	Bathinda
141.	Manohar Lal	Varanasi
142.	Gurmeet Kaur	Chandigarh
143.	Arup Mallick	Barrackpore
144.	Pooja Tewari	Mohali
145.	Reter Potom	Naharlagun
146.	Kalpana Behera	Sundargarh
147.	R.Pushpa Namdeo	Wardha
148.	Rouchi Chaudhary	Samba
149.	Delphine A Kharmylliem	Shillong
150.	Abani Doley	Pasighat
151.	Jitendra Singh	Jaipur
152.	Seema Yadav	BHOPAL
153.	Marina Langkam	Pasighat

154.	Manoj Kumar	Lucknow
154.	Khangembam Bronson Kumar	Kokrajhar
155.	Rawoofu Nisha. J	Tirunelveli
-		Aizawl
157. 158.	Khawlsiamthanga Khawlhring	
158.	Mr.Tranjit Saikia MD Tarik	Dibrugarh Malda
159.	Sarita Kumari	
160.	Minam Yomso	Darbhanga Pasighat
161.		Patna
162.		Patna
	Sorokhaibam Tiken Singh	
164.	M.Sini	Imphal west
165.	Satish Modi	Thalassery
166.		Anuppur
167.	Sunil Koijam	PapumPare
168.	Bikash Meher	Bhawanipatna
169.		Sivasagar.
170.		Manipal
171.	Nibedita Pattnayak	Bhubaneswar
172.	Veerakumaran	Coimbatore
173.		Lucknow
174.	Sabiha Alam Choudhury	Guwahati
175.	Rajesh Kumar	Tezu Lohit District
176.	Nidhi Goel	Delhi
177.	G. Umamageswari	Chennai
178.	Rinkal Chamariya	Mumbai
179.	Nanda Kishore Prusty	Itanagar
180.		Palakkad
181.	K. Vidyasagar	Tirupati
	Lalit Kumar Meena	Udaipur
183.	Rohit Kumar Kasera	Silchar
184.	Anindita Barman	Kalimpong
185.	Ramen Barman	Guwahati
186.	Kalyani Kumari	Dhanbad
187.	Mukesh Kumar	Sikar
188.	K.Balaji	Tirupati
189.	Ravinder Arora	Puducherry
190.	Deepti Kavathekar	New Delhi
191.	Niju Moni Das	Guwahati
192.	Sanjib Kumar Mohanty	Bhubaneshwar
193.	Binaya Bhusan Sahoo	Bhubaneshwar
194.	Abhaya kumar Tada	puri
195.	Arunima Bayan	Shillong
196.	Manohar Kumar Das	Ranchi

197.	Preety Shekhar	Gaya
198.	Yogambal.N	Krishnagiri
199.		Golaghat
200.		New Delhi
201.		Kohima
202.	, , ,	Koloriang
203.	Atul Ch. Kalita	Diphu
204.	Sandeep C.Nagarale	Yavatmal
205.	Arundhati Nachiket Abhyankar	Mumbai
206.	Gupteswar swain	Puri
207.	-	Ghaziabad
208.	Khaiminthang Lunkim	Kanglatombi
209.	-	Dibrugarh
210.	Jutimala Misra	Guwahati
211.	Y Prabhabati Devi	Imphal
212.	Dr.H.Manju	Shiggaon
213.	Gaichuimeilu Palmei	Imphal
214.	Varsha Patnaik	Doimukh, Itanagar
215.	Lalrintluangi	Falkawn
216.	BINI.T.V	Thrissur
217.	Saurabh Kaushik	Gangtok
218.	Sweta Sharma	Guwahati
219.	Malaya Ranjan Mallik	Puri
220.	Chitrasen Sethy	Dhenkanal
221.	C.Saraswathi	Pondicherry
222.	Rekha Kumari	Delhi
223.	Nimkit Lepcha	Gangtok
224.	Oinam Momoton Singh	IMPHAL
225.	Hemlata Patel	Itanagar
226.	Radhika Raheja	Mumbai
227.	Shiny Raizada	Pune
228.	Kajal jadeja	Vile parle
229.	Dipti Paridhi Kindo	Kharagpur
230.	Kunal Patil	Mumbai
231.	Sushma Dongre	Osmanabad
232.	Jugal Kishore Barman	Guwahati
233.	Deep Shikha	Lucknow
234.	Hitesh Sharma	Tezpur
235.	Ajaya Kumar Singh	Bhubaneswar
236.	Nuki Gammeng	Doimukh
237.	Amanpreet Kaur	Chandigarh
238.	Latika Sharma	Chandigarh
239.	V.Charankumar	Payakaraopeta

240.	Konda Hari Krishna	Tadepalligudem
241.		Naharlagun
242.		Ranchi
243.	Tulasi Prusty	Rajsunakhala
244.	•	Ganderbal
245.		Tirupati
246.	Alphonsa Diana Haokip	Naharlagun
247.		Hyderabad
248.	Pujashree Priyadarshini Sethy	Cuttack
249.	Nafisa Alli	Cuttack
250.	Neha Perween	Ranchi
251.	Komal Prasad Yadav	Dhamtari
252.	Ashish Kumar Srivastava	Jaunpur
253.	Kavita Karmakar	Itanagar
254.	Amar Ranjan Dash	Berhampur
255.	Raju Odela	Warangal
256.	Naina Trivedi	Udaipur
257.	Ritu Rani	New Delhi
258.	Bipin Kumar sethy	Cuttack
259.	Fazil Ashar NV	Calicut
260.	Malaya Kumar Muduli	Phulbani
261.	Rachna kumari	Fazilka
262.	Dr. Sunil datt Lakhera	Jabalpur
263.	Dr. David Gao	Itanagar
264.	Baishnobi Dash	Berhampur
265.	Riseswar Payeng	Dibrugarh
266.	Parthasarathi Das	Cuttack
267.	Kailash Prakash Chandola	Uttarakhand
268.	Wilson V A	Kannur
269.	Nambiar Veena Chindankutty	Puducherry
270.	Dharmeshwari Lourembam	Itanagar
271.	Md Hassan Jafri	Patna
272.	Rohin Vinayak	Chandigarh
273.	Ridameka	Shillong
274.	Narayan Sharma	Lanka
275.	Sahana Naddunuri	Vishakapatnam
276.	B.Ujwala	Tirupati
277.	Subodh Singh	Varanasi
278.	Hage Yanka	Doimukh
279.	Arjun Kumar	Santiniketan
280.	Vandana Singh	Lucknow
281.	Yab Rajiv Camder	Itanagar
282.	Debajit Chatterjee	Santiniketan

283.	Shiba Khatoon	Kasaragod
284.	Ajees A P	Mangattuparamb
285.	Prasitha Indhumathy R	Chennai
286.	Jigmee Wangchuk Bhutia	Kolkata
287.	Jeevitha V	Salem
288.	Somapalli Venkatesulu	Tirupati
289.	Abhishek Rana	Bhubaneswar
290.		Tirupati
291.	Mrunal Jadhav	Mumbai
292.	Mridula Pandey	Ayodhya
293.	Urmila Bhaina	Berhampur
294.	Vikash Kumar	Muzaffarpur
295.	Sekharjit Gogoi	Moranhat
296.	Narayan Malakar	Kolkata
297.	Shambhavi Kumari	Purnea
298.	Augusty T. A	Kasargod
299.		Ziro
300.	Heikham Dayami	Imphal
301.	Atasi Dalui	Bolpur
302.	Sadhishkumar V	Salem
303.	Durgesh Mishra	Indore City
304.	Shaffali Joshi	Panchkula
305.	Parvind kumar verma	Prayagraj
306.	Yogesh Limbu	Gangtok
307.	Subhasmita nayak	Paradeep
308.	Nang Rasami Thamoung	Pasighat
309.	Debapriya Ghosh	Hyderabad
310.	Amar Jyoti Bhuyan	North Lakhimpur
311.	Dr.Gurija Prasad Dash	Kandhamal
312.	Paolenmang Haokip	Gangtok
313.	Ngamwang Lowang	Deomali
314.	K. Jeyaprakash	Madurai
315.	Rekha Rani	Nivai
316.	Geetha C	Kannur
317.	Prasanta Kumar Tripathy	Khordha
318.	Rajendra Kumar Behera	Sambalpur
319.	Deepmala Arun Nikam	Nanded
320.	Arti Singh	Ghaziabad
321.	Olena Yarmoliuk	Ukraine
322.	Raseela K.N	Kannur
323.	A. Smitha	Kasaragod
324.	Abhinav Tomar	Dehradun
325.	Smita Patra	Rajpura

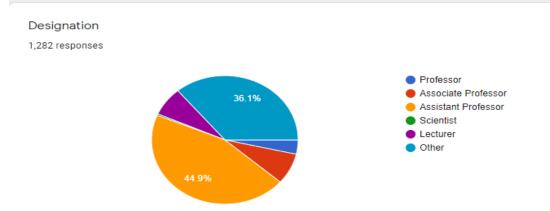
326.	Rinku kumari	Ranchi
327.	Vishakha Sen	Lucknow
328.		Mumbai
329.		Pimpri Pune
330.	Ananya Baruah	Tinsukia
331.	•	Bangalore
332.	Yakam saroh	Pasoghat
333.	V. Sasikala	Tirunelveli
334.	Sindhu Menon	Mumbai
335.		Kolkata
336.		Pondicherry
337.	Ms. Mamata Pradhan	Sambalpur
338.	Mr. Abhaya ku Tada	Puri
339.	Dr. Pravin Kumar Agrawal	Prayagraj
340.	Ms. Chirasrota Jena	Cuttack
341.	Mr. Rohan Bhalla	New Delhi
342.	Ms. Jaishree Devi	Silchar
343.	Dr Mukesh Chaudhari	Firozabad
344.	Mr. Abhishek Gupta	Varanasi
345.	Ms.Priyanka verma	Jind
346.	Ms. Sidhi Sood	Delhi
347.	Dr. Geeta Rani	Ghaziabad
348.	Dr. Dipankar Malakar	Guwahati
349.	Dr. Periyasamy P	Bangalore
350.	Dr. Manish Meshram	Greater Noida
351.	Ms. Shaveta Chauhan	Amritsar
352.	Ms. Ejati Danladi Tukura	Jalingo
353.	Mr. Milan Mukhopadhyay	Saltora
354.	Dr. Subash Chandra Nath	Bhubaneswar
355.	Dr.Jami Nyitan	Namsai
356.	Ms. Vandana sharma	Meerut
357.	Ms. Evarisa Mary Nengnong	Shillong
358.	Dr. Brij Kishore Prasad	Gwalior
359.	Dr. Juhie Agarwal	Bijnor
360.	Dr. Gyan Singh	Varanasi
361.	Prof. Jayadeba Sahoo	Itanagar
362.	Ms. Sushma Lama	Guwahati
363.	Dr. Kavita Verma	Varanasi
364.	Dr.Sunil Kumar Surothiya	Mehroni
365.	Ms. Kaksha vidhyadhar sankhe	mumbai
366.	Ms. Nayana Teron	North lakhimpur
367.	Ms. Anoo Pandey	Dibrugarh
368.	Mr. Thalari Sanjeev Kumar	Adoni

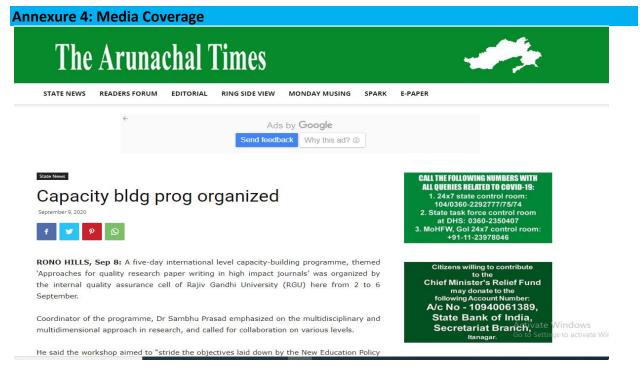
Mr Koj Taro	Pasighat
Ms. Rashmi Mallya	mumbai
Dr. Vasanti Suvarna	Mumbai
Dr. Jayashree	Patna
Dr. Natasha Saqib	Jammu and Kashmir
Dr. Hema Verma	Bareilly
Ms. Asha S akki	Raichur
Dr. Sanjit Kumar Mohanty	Jajpur
Ms.Walimunige Buddhi Sugandi	Srilanka
Dr. Shovan Mondal	West Bengal
Prof.Seema Shah Singha	Dibrugarh
Dr. Binayak Kr.Dubey	Varanasi
Dr. Biswajit Sardar	Varanasi
Dr. Sumin Prakash	Itanagar
Dr. Rajesh Chakraborty	Itanagar
Dr. K.Thiyagu	Kerela
Bengia Mamu	ltanagar
	Ms. Rashmi Mallya Dr. Vasanti Suvarna Dr. Jayashree Dr. Natasha Saqib Dr. Hema Verma Ms. Asha S akki Dr. Sanjit Kumar Mohanty Ms.Walimunige Buddhi Sugandi Dr. Shovan Mondal Prof.Seema Shah Singha Dr. Binayak Kr.Dubey Dr. Biswajit Sardar Dr. Sumin Prakash Dr. Rajesh Chakraborty Dr. K.Thiyagu

Annexure 3: Photographs



Inaugural Session with Prof. Ved Prakash, former Chairmen- UGC, Dr. Archana Thakur, Joint Secretary-UGC along with Prof. Saket Kushwaha, Vice Chancellor, RGU, Prof. R.C. Parida, Director IQAC, RGU





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