# Course Structure & Syllabus of

# **Post Graduate Diploma in Geo-informatics**

Department of Geography Rajiv Gandhi University Doimukh Arunachal Pradesh

# **Objective:**

Application of Geoinformatics is spread over a large spectrum domain viz. cartography, geodesy, navigation, spatial analysis, web mapping, conservation & rational use of resources, disaster management; emerging areas like climate change modeling, decision support system, there is a growing demand for skilled human resource in this field. The objective of the course is to provide theoretical knowledge as well as hand-on training to students for various applications in Remote-Sensing (RS), GIS, Computer-Aided Cartography (CAC) and Computer Aided Photogrammetry and skills towards professional digital analysis of geo-spatial data.

# Duration

- 1. The duration of the course is for one academic year spread over two semesters.
- 2. This course will follow Academic Calendar of Rajiv Gandhi University.

#### **Seats**

Ten (10). Paid Course and open to all categories on merit basis<sup>1</sup>.

# Admission/Eligibility

- Candidates for admission to the Post Graduate Diploma in Geo-informatics shall be required
  to have passed M. A. /M. Sc. in Physics, Mathematics, Applied Mathematics, Statistics,
  Geology, Oceanography, Geography, Urban & Regional Planning, any Natural/
  Environmental Sciences OR B.E./B. Tech. in Civil Engineering, Electrical Engineering,
  Computer Sc. Agriculture Eng. Urban & Regional Planning OR B.Sc. (4Years) Agriculture /
  Forestry.
- 2. Candidates should have stereoscopic normal vision.
- 3. Candidates having a minimum of 55% marks at graduate and postgraduate level will be eligible for the course and admission will be made on the merit basis which will be based on the scheme adopted by the University for Admission.
- 4. The applicants should possess basic computer proficiency with good working knowledge of Microsoft office.
- 5. Students of reserved category will be given relaxation in percentage as per university rules.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> University authority may decide on reservation policy.

#### Fee:

- 1. Fee for this One Year Diploma Course will be charged from students at the time of admission with Annual Charges and Semester Charges for I Semester. II Semester fees will be charged during entry to II Semester as per the Rajiv Gandhi University norms.
- 2. Besides these normal charges, candidates will have to pay a onetime fee of `20000.00² (twenty thousand) as technical course fee at the time of admission to the course.

#### **Examination and Result**

- 1. The course work of the Diploma in Remote Sensing and Geographic Information System shall be in accordance with the scheme of examinations and prescribed syllabus.
  - a. Sessional and End-Semester division shall be 20% and 80%. (both for Theory and Practical)
  - b. Sessional shall constitute of average of three internal tests. (Two tests for theory and one test for practical)
  - c. End-Semester theory part examination shall be on the basis of unitary pattern.
  - d. End-Semester Practical part examination covering syllabus will be conducted by external examiner and internal examiner.
  - e. The Projects shall be evaluated (a) Progress evaluation (Internal) (20%) + (b) Project itself (50%) + (c) Viva-voce (30%) (a: by Internal; b & c by External)
- 2. The minimum attendance required by a candidate will be as per University Rules.
- 3. A candidate for a pass in Examination shall be required to obtain at least 50% marks in the aggregate of the papers prescribed for the examination and at least 40% marks in each theory and practical papers separately, provided that a candidate failing to secure at least 25% marks in any individual paper at the examination he/she shall be deemed to have failed at the examination notwithstanding having obtained the minimum percentage of marks required in the aggregate for the examination.
- 4. The candidate failed in one paper subject to a minimum of 25% will be allowed to continue and appear for examination in the failed subject in the next academic year.
- 5. Division shall be awarded in the Final examination as following:

a. First Division: 60% of Aggregate

b. Second Division/Pass: 50% of Aggregate

#### **Evaluation:**

Twenty (20) percent of the full marks in each course shall be evaluated on a continuous evaluation method consisting of test (three internal tests of 1 hour duration each)

Eighty (80) percent of the credits in each course shall be evaluated on the basis of an end-term examination consisting of theory examination of two hours and practical examination of 2 hours.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> To be approved by University Authority

A combination of theory part and practical part examinations may be held on same day or may be formulated for separate dates for convenience by Examination branch in consultation with the Course Coordinator.

# **FACULTY**

- University may appoint visiting faculty with teaching experience in RS & GIS or appoint guest (two) faculty members with M. Tech. in Remote Sensing & GIS or M. Tech. Geoinformatics as per University rule to share and support in running the course.
- 2. Remunerations for visiting faculty or guest faculty for teaching will be as per University rules.

# **Course Structure:**

The course shall be spread over 2 (two) semesters with weightage (contact hours) of 5 hours for each paper per week. The structure of the course shall be as follows:

# Semester I

emarks
·50+P-50
-50+P-50
50+P-50
-50+P-50
50+P-50
.5(

# **Semester II**

Course No	Course Title	Credits	Remarks
GEOINFO-606	Digital Image Processing	100	T-50+P-50
GEOINFO-607	Spatial Analysis & Modeling	100	T-50+P-50
GEOINFO-608	Project	100	100
GEOINFO-609	Geoinformatics in Agriculture, Soil & Land Evaluation	100	T-50+P-50
GEOINFO-610	Geoinformatics in Regional and Urban Planning	100	T-50+P-50
GEOINFO-611	Geoinformatics in Water Resources	100	T-50+P-50
GEOINFO-612	Geoinformatics in Disaster Management	100	T-50+P-50

Note: Two papers from Course No: GEINFO 609 to GEINFO 612 will be opted.

#### **SEMESTER-I**

# GEOINFO 601 PRINCIPLES OF REMOTE SENSING & GPS

#### **UNIT 1: BASIC PRINCIPLES**

- Remote Sensing: History, Development, Definition, Concept & Principles
- Electromagnetic Radiation (EMR): Spectrum and its properties, Atmospheric windows, Interaction of EMR with atmosphere & Earth's Surface
- Spectral signatures & Resolutions: Spatial, Spectral, Radiometric and Temporal
- Remote Sensing Systems: Platform, types of platforms & its characteristics.
- Sensor classification: Active and Passive, Optical-Mechanical Scanners & Push-broom scanners
- Thermal Infrared: Introduction, Radiation Properties, Kinetic Heat, Temperature, Radiant Energy and Flux, methods of transferring heat
- Thermal properties of terrain: Capacity, conductivity, Inertia, Infrared,
- Microwave: Passive & Active Sensors, RADAR, Scatterometer

# **UNIT 2: AERIAL PHOTOGRAPHY AND PHOTOGRAMMETRY**

- Introduction: Fundamentals of Aerial Photography: flight planning & execution Photogrammetry: Basic concepts of measurements of object height and length,
- Stereo Photogrammetry: Stereovision & Stereoscopes, Stereoscopic Parallax & Parallax Equations
- Digital photogrammetry: Model deformation & Rectification ,Relief displacement , Vertical exaggeration ,Triangulation, Control & Mapping.

# UNIT 3: REMOTE SENSING SATELLITES & SPECTRAL DATA ANALYSIS

- Satellites & their characteristics Geostationary & Sun Synchronous
- Earth Resource Satellite: (Sun Synchronous) IRS, LANDSAT, SPOT, IKONOS, QUICKBIRD, MODIS, RADARSAT, ERS, CARTOSAT etc.
- Weather & Communication Satellites: (Geostationary) NOAA, TERRA, MOS, INSAT, GOES, etc.
- Spectral Signature and its Response: Soil, Vegetation, Rocks and Water bodies etc.,
- Ground Truth Verification:
- Remote Sensing Applications: Agriculture, Forestry, Water resources, Regional and Urban Planning

# **UNIT 4: GLOBAL POSITIONING SYSTEM**

- Fundamentals of GPS and its applications
- Geodesy
- Components of global positioning system
- Factors affecting GPS accuracy
- GPS surveying methods and accuracy
- Reference station, reference equipments and radios

#### LAB WORK

Exercise 1	Test of Stereo Vision, computation of photo scales, Orientation of Stereo pair
Exercise 2	Parallax bar handling and height measurements
Exercise 3	Interpretation of satellite image for landuse/landcover, urban sprawl and

slope mapping

Exercise 4 Creating codes and attribute table in GPS

Exercise 5 Data collection: Measurements, Line, Area Calculation

Exercise 6 Data collection in DGPS mode.

Exercise 7 Processing of GPS data in the software

#### **ESSENTIAL READING**

• Jensen, J.R., (2006) "Remote Sensing of the Environment – An Earth Resources Perspective", Pearson Education, Inc. (Singapore) Pte. Ltd., Indian edition, Delhi.

- George Joseph, (2004) "Fundamentals of remote sensing", Universities press (India) Pte Ltd., Hyderabad.
- Sabins, F.F. Jr., (2007) Edition. 'Remote Sensing Principles and Interpretation', W.H. Freeman & Co.
- Reeves, Robert G. (1991), "Manual of Remote Sensing, Vol. I, American Society of Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing, Falls Church, Virginia, USA
- Lillesand, Thomas M. and Kiefer, Ralph, W., (2007) "Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation", 4th Edition, John Wiley and Sons, New York
- Rampal, K.K., (1999) Handbook of Aerial Photography and Interpretation, Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi
- N.K.Agrawal, (2004), Essentials of GPS, Spatial Network Pvt. Ltd
- Sathish Gopi, (2000), GPS and Surveying using GPS
- Leica. A., (2003), GPS Satellite Surveying, John Wiley & Sons, use. New York
- Terry-Karen Steede, (2002), Integrating GIS and the Global Positioning System, ESRI Press

#### **GEINFO 602 GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEMS**

#### **UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION**

- Basic concepts: Definition and history
- Components of GIS,
- Data structure and formats
- Spatial data models Raster and Vector
- Data base design editing and topology creation in GIS, Linkage between spatial and non spatial data
- Data inputting in GIS

# **UNIT 2: RASTER AND VECTOR DATA ANALYSIS**

- Integration of Raster & Vector Data
- Cartographic Modeling Map Algebra
- Raster Data & its Representation: Types, Data Structure, Data Compression, Data Files,
   Data Conversions
- Raster Data Analysis Overlay Operations, Slope & Aspects, Statistical Analysis
- Geometric Transformations Affine Transformation and Geometric Transformation Coefficients, RMS Error
- Vector data representation: Topological & Non-topological Vector Data, Map scale,
   Spatial Resolution, Spatial Data Accuracy, Location Data Accuracy and Precision, Vector Data Sources
- Comparison between Raster & Vector Data
- Feature Based Topological functions: Buffering Overlay Analysis, Distance Measurements
- Layer Based Topological Functions

# **UNIT 3: DATA EXPLORATION & DATA INTEGRATION**

- Interactive Data Exploration, Vector Data Query, Attribute Data Query
- Logical Expressions, Types of Operations
- Relational Database Query: Use of SQL, Descriptive Statistics of Attribute Data
- Spatial Data Query, Raster Data Query, Query by Cell Value, Query using Graphical Methods, Charts
- Geographic Visualization, Data Classification, Spatial Aggregation, Map Comparison
- Problem Identification & Designing a Data Model

# **UNIT 4: APPLICATONS OF GIS**

- Application of GIS Techniques in Various Fields
- Web GIS

# LAB WORK

- Exercise 1 Data Organization (location, attributes, consistency, scale)
- Exercise 2 Spatial and Non Spatial data collection, representation and standardization
- Exercise 3 Graphical Representation of Spatial data (Raster/Vector Method)
- Exercise 4 Overlay Analysis, data Linkage for Analysis
- Exercise 5 Relational Data Base Query

- Burrough, Peter A. and Rachael McDonnell, (1998), 'Principles of Geographical Information Systems' Oxford University Press, New York.
- C.P.L and Albert K.W.Yeung (2006) "Concepts and Techniques of Geographic Information Systems" Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi.
- Demers, Michael N. 2000. Fundamentals of Geographic Information Systems. John Wiley, Singapore.
- ESRI 1993. Understanding GIS. Redlands, USA
- George, Joseph 2003. Fundamentals of Remote Sensing. Universities Press (Pvt.) Ltd, Hyderabad.

- Girard, M-C. and Girard, C. M. 2003. *Processing of Remote Sensing Data*. Oxford & IBH, New Delhi.
- Heywood, Ian 2003. An Introduction to Geographical Information Systems. 2<sup>nd</sup> ed. Pearson Publ. Co., Singapore.
- Kang-tsung Chang (2007), 'Introduction to Geographic Information Systems' Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
- Longley, P., Goodchild, M.F., Maguire, D. and Rhind, D. 1999. *Geographic Information Systems. Principles, Techniques, Management, Applications*. John Wiley, New York.
- Magwire, D. J., Goodchild, M.F. and Rhind, D. M., (2005), 'Geographical Information Systems: Principles and Applications', Longman Group, U.K.
- Martin, D. 1996. *Geographic Information Systems: Socioeconomic Implications*. Routledge, London.
- Ralston, B. A. 2002. *Developing GIS Solutions with Map Objects and Visual Basic*. OnWord Press: Thompson Learning, New York & Singapore.
- Reddy, M. Anji 2001. *Textbook of Remote Sensing and Geographic Information Systems*. B. S. Publs., Hyderbad.

#### **GEOINFO 603 CARTOGRAPHY & GEOSTATISTICS**

# **UNIT 1: BASIC CONCEPT OF CARTOGRAPHY**

- Introduction to cartography: nature and scope
- Approximation of Earth, Introduction to Geometrics.
- Categories & Characteristics of maps, Study of different types of maps, Survey of India national series maps Interpretation of topographic maps,
- Basics of Map scales.
- Reference and coordinate system
- Indexing and Numbering of topographical maps

# **UNIT 2: DESIGN ISSUES**

- Fundamentals of Cartographic Design, colour, pattern, lettering, compilation, border information, aesthetics
- Generalization: Semantic & Geometric, symbolization, dot, isopleth and choropleth mapping,
- Multivariate and dynamic mapping,
- Map production, methods of map printing
- Visualization of geospatial data: Design aspects, Multiscale and geometric aspects scale, dissemination of (visualized) geospatial data, Graphic Symbology & Variables.
- Data products, use and users of products
- 3D Visualization, Various issues in map visualization, Interactive Cartography

# UNIT 3: DIGITAL MAPPING, DATA STRUCTURE AND LAYOUT

- Digital Cartography Elements of digital Cartography
- Analog to Digital Conversion of Data.
- Conventional mapping VS Digital Mapping
- Nature of Data, Database and Data structures,
- Data Input: data capture, digitization and scanning,
- Digital database creation: Point features, Line features, Polygon features
- Data Editing-Removal of errors Overshoot & Undershoot, Snapping
- Data Collection and Integration, Non-spatial data attachment working with tables
- Dissolving and Merging

#### **UNIT 4: ELEMENTARY STATISTICS**

- Data base query: Reclassification, overlay cross tabulation, editing, assigning attribute values, extraction of attribute values, histogram, area and perimeter calculation, profile generation, probability classification.
- Mathematical operations: Image overlay, scalar image operations, image attribute transformation.
- Distance operators: Distance analysis (spherical distance, cost distance), buffer analysis, direction variable cost distance, dispersion distance, least cost path analysis, spatial allocation and reallocation, Thiessen Polygon.
- Context operators: Surface analysis, filtering pattern analysis, grouping watershed, determination, hinterland determination.
- Statistics: Regression analysis (multiple, logistic, pattern analysis, trend surface analysis, spatial auto correlation, quadrant analysis, weighted mean, centre/standard radius, compaction index, sampling (random, systematic and stratified), standard scores method.

# LAB WORK

- Exercise 1. Construction of different types of scales: Simple, Comparative, Diagonal Scale.
- Exercise 2. Construction of different types of map projection: Conical projection, Cylindrical Projection ,

Zenithal Projection

Exercise 3. Preparation of UTM grid Exercise 4. Preparation of Base Map

# Exercise 5. Designing, Symbolization, Pattern and Shading techniques

- Keates, J.S., (2008): Cartographic Design and production, London, Longman
- Ramesh, P. A., (2000): Fundamentals of Cartography, Concept Publishing Co., New Delhi.
- Rampal, K.K., (2004): Mapping and Compilation, Concept Publishing Co., New Delhi.
- Anson, R.W.& Ormeling, F.J., (2008), Basic Cartography, Vol. I&II ed., Elsevier Applied Science Publishers, London.
- Robinson A.H. & Morrison J.L, (1995) Elements of Cartography, John Wiley & Sons
- Singh, R.L & Dutt. P.K,(2008), "Elements of Practical geography", Students Friends Allahabad
- Peterson, M.P., (1995) "Interactive and Animated Cartography" Upper Sadde River, NJ: Prentice Hall.
- Clark, I. (1979), Practical Geostatistics, Applied Science Publishers, London
- Davis, J.C. (1973), Statistics and Data Analysis in Geology, Wiley, New York.
- Matheron, G.F, (1963) Principles of Geostatistics: Economic Geology vol.58
- Stein, A. (1998), Spatial Statistics for Soils and the Environment, ITC lecture notes.

#### **GEOINFO 604 GEO SCIENCES & IMAGE INTERPRETATION**

#### **UNIT 1: THE EARTH SYSTEM**

- Concept of Earth System, Lithosphere, Biosphere, Hydrosphere & Atmosphere
- Elements Of Photo Interpretation In Geological Studies- lithotypes and structural features

#### **UNIT 2: IMAGE INTERPRETATION**

- Visual and Digital Satellite Image Interpretation
- Elements of Image Interpretation
- Development of Interpretation Keys
- Ground Truth Verification

# **UNIT 3: GEOMORPHOLOGY & LANDFORMS**

- Fundamental Concepts: Geomorphic Agents and Processes
- Development of Drainage Patterns and their Significance.
- Image Characteristics of Major Landforms: Fluvial, Aeolian, Glacial and Marine

# **UNIT 4: OPERATIONAL APPLICATIONS**

- Natural Hazard Risk Management.
- Regional & Urban Planning
- Agricultural, Soil and Land Evaluation
- Water Resources

#### LAB WORK

Exercise 1	Tracing of Details From Stereo Pair
Exercise 2	Interpretation of Satellite Imagery in different Bands
Exercise 3	Interpretation of Thermal Image and Drawing of Isotherms
Exercise 4	Identification of different Features using TM, FCC and Thermal Imagery
Exercise 5	Identification of Cultural Details from Satellite Imagery

- Murk & Skinner, (1999). Geology Today Understanding Our Planet, John Wiley And Sons Inc, New York
- Lillisand, T. M. and Keifer, R. W., (2007). Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation', John Willey and Sons, New York, Fourth Edition
- Pandey, S. N., (1987). Principles and Applications of Photogeology. New Delhi: Eastern Wiley.
- Jenson, J.R., (2006). Remote Sensing of the Environment An Earth Resource Perspective, Prentice Hall Inc.
- Drury, S.A., (2004). Image Interpretation in Geology, Chapman & Hall, India.
- Thornbury, W. D., (1969): Principles of Geomorphology, John Wiley and Sons, New York
- Sabins, Floyd F., (2007). Remote Sensing: Principles and Interpretation, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., Freeman, New York.

#### **GEOINFO 605 COMPUTER PROGRAMMING**

# Unit 1: Basics of Computer Hardware, Numerical Systems, Basic Programming (10 hrs) Introduction to Computers

- Essential PC hardware, peripherals and software, Data storage and manipulation
- Computer configurations including PCs, terminals & workstations for networks to serve large and small businesses. Broad introduction to the main types of software.

#### **Data Communications**

- Introduction to Networks
- Star and Bus LAN topologies;
- Central and distributed computing;
- Wide area and global networks;
- The World Wide Web; Using the Internet and email effectively.

# **Unit 2. HTML Programming: (5 hrs)**

**HTML Elements** 

<HEAD>,<TITLE>,<BODY>,<P>,<BR>,<CENTER>,<DIV>,<BLOCKQUOTE>,<PRE>,<FONT >,<BASEFONT> Lists (<UL>,<OL>,<LI>), HR,Text formatting

elements(<I>,<B>,<U>,<STRIKE>)

**Address Element** 

Links and Addressing

Linking basics: HREF, NAME

Images and Anchors: <IMG>,image alignment, Plug-Ins Using <EMBED>, Scrolling with

<MARQUEE>

Text Alignment, Tables and Fonts

Word Hinting <NOBR>,<WBR> Specific to Netscape <SPACER>,<MULTICOL>

# Unit 3. C++ Programming: (10 hrs)

Introduction to Algorithms, C Fundamentals, I/O functions, Control Statements and C Preprocessor Definition of Program & Algorithm, Pseudocode, Flowchart, Implementation of algorithms

C Fundamentals: The C character set, identifiers and key words, Data types, constants, variables and arrays, declarations, expressions, statements, symbolic constants, Operators and Expressions, Arithmetic operators, unary operators, relational, logical and bitwise operators, assignment operators, library functions.

I/O functions: Preliminaries, getch, getche, getchar, putch, putchar, scanf, printf, gets, puts. Control statements: Preliminaries, while, do.. while, for, if..else, switch, break, continue, goto statements. The C Preprocessor: Macro Expansions.

#### Functions, Storage Classes, Arrays and Pointers

Functions: A brief overview, defining a function, accessing a function, passing arguments to a function, specifying argument data types, function prototypes, recursion, call by value, call by reference.

Program Structure: Storage classes, Automatic, Register, External, Static Variables.

Arrays and Pointers: Defining an array, processing an array, passing array to a function, multidimensional arrays, arrays and strings, pointer declarations, passing pointer to a function, pointer and one dimensional arrays, Operation on pointers, pointers and multidimensional arrays.

# **Unit 4. Vsual Basic Programming: (10hrs)**

Creating Working Directory, Project, Forms, Module, Project window, Object, Event.

Controls & Properties: PictureBox, Label, TextBox, Frame, CommandButton, CheckBox, OptionButton, ComboBox, ListBox, HScrollBox, Timer, DriveListBox, DirListBox, FileListBox, Shape, Line, Image, Graph, Mhstate, Outline and their Corresponding Properties

Basic Programming Building Blocks: Variables, Data types, Logical testing, Arithmetic and Relational Operators, Branching with if, Select Case, GoTo, For...Next, Do Loops, While... Wend, Arrays(ReDim), On...GoSub, On...OnGoTo, InputBox, Msgbox, InputBox, String Functions like Space, Space\$, Str, Str\$, Len, Trim, Ltrim, Rtrim, Trim\$, Mid, Mid\$, Left, Left\$.

Procedures: Procedures (Sub and Fun), Attaching an Event procedure to a Form or Control, Creating a General procedure.

Testing & Debugging: Errors & Watches, Error Trapping

# Unit 5.Relational Database Management System (RDBMS): (8 hrs)

*Introduction*: Introduction to databases, characteristics of the database approach, database users and designers, role of a DBA, advantages of using a DBMS, data models, schemas, instances, DBMS architecture (Three-Schema Architecture)

Conceptual Data Modeling: Phases of database design, entity type, entity set, attributes, keys, value sets, relationships, relationship types, relationship sets, relationship instances, relationship degree, role names, recursive relationships, constraints on relationship types, attributes of relationship types, weak entity types, ER Diagram, naming conventions and design issues.

# LAB WORKS

Lab 1. Introduction to computers & programming concept

# Programming in 'C' Language

- Lab 2. Programming using concepts of Variables, Operators
- Lab 3. Programming using Control Structures
- Lab 4. Programming using Functions and Arrays
- Lab 5. Programming using Strings
- Lab 6. Programming using Data Structure
- Lab 7. Programming using File Handling

# Programming in 'C++' Language

- Lab 8. Programming using concepts of Control Structure, Function & Arrays.
- Lab 9. Programming using Classes
- Lab 10. Programming using concept of Inheritance

#### **Essetial Readings**

- Byron S. Gottfried, *Theory and Problems of Programming with C*, Tata McGraw Hill Publication
- E. Balaguruswamy, *Programming in ANSI C*, Tata McGraw Hill publication
- Jeffrey P. McManus, *DataBase Access with Visual Basic 6: The Authoritative Solution*, Tech Media, Sams Publishing.
- Paul Sheriff's Teaches Visual Basic, Prentice, Hall India.
- R.Elmasri, S.B Navathe, Fundamentals of Database Systems, Addision, Wesley

#### **SEMESTER-II**

#### GEOINFO 606 DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING

#### **UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION**

- Concepts about digital image and its characteristics
- Spectral, Spatial, Radiometric and Temporal resolution
- Visual vs. Digital methods, Image data storage and retrieval
- Image restoration and Noise Abatement , Radiometric and Geometric correction technique
- Interpolation methods linear and non linear transformation for geometric corrections

# **UNIT 2: IMAGE ENHANCEMENT & FILTERING TECHNIQUES**

- Look-up Tables (LUT) and Types of image displays and FCC
- Image Enhancement Techniques: Radiometric and Spatial
- Contrast stretching: Linear and non-linear methods
- Spatial Filtering: High and Low frequency, Image smoothing
- Accuracy Assessment, Error Matrix

# UNIT 3: MULTI-BAND ENHANCEMENT TECHNIQUES & CLASSIFICATION

- Band ratio, Types of Vegetation indices
- Principal Component Analysis, Multi dated data analysis and Change detection
- Digital Image Classification: Supervised & Unsupervised

# **UNIT 4: PATTERN RECOGNITION**

- Concept of Pattern Recognition, Multi-spectral pattern recognition
- Spectral discrimination, Signature bank, Parametric and Non-Parametric classifiers
- Kriging

#### LAB WORK

- Exercise 1 Import / Export of files using DIP Software
- Exercise 2 Geo-reference of the Toposheet and imageries
- Exercise 3 Display, Analysis and interpretation of Imageries
- Exercise 4 Performing contrast enhancement techniques, Filtration: High, Low

# frequency

- Exercise 5 Sub-setting of area of interest from the satellite image
- Exercise 6 Principal Component Analysis
- Exercise 7 Classification: Supervised, Unsupervised
- Exercise 8 Mosaic of Images
- Exercise 9 Map composition

- Sabins, Floyd F. (2007), Remote Sensing: Principles and Interpretation, H. Freeman and C., New York.
- Thomas M. Lillesand & Kiefer, Ralph W. (2007), Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation, John Wiley & Sons, New York.
- Jensen, JR. (2006), Remote Sensing of the Environment- An Earth Resources Perspective, Prentice Hall Inc.
- Rencz, Andrew N., (1999), Remote Sensing for the Earth Sciences: Manual of Remote Sensing, 3<sup>rd</sup> ed., John Wiley & Sons, Inc., New York.
- Curran, P., (1985), Principles of Remote Sensing, Longman, London.
- Campbell, James B., (2006), Introductory Remote Sensing: Principles and Concepts, Routledge.
- Gibson, P.J., (2000), Introduction to Remote Sensing, 2<sup>nd</sup> ed., Taylor & Francis, London.

• Cracknell, A.P. & Hayes, L.W B., (2007), Introduction to Remote Sensing, Taylor & Francis, London.

#### **GEOINFO 607 SPATIAL ANALYSIS & MODELING**

# UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION TO GIS ANALYSIS AND MODELING

- Spatial Data: Definition, Analysis, Processes & Steps, Software and Tools
- Raster-Based and Vector-Based GIS Modeling, Binary Models, Index Models, Regression Models, Process Models
- Geodatabase Model, Role of Databases in GIS, Creating, Editing and Managing

#### **UNIT 2: SPATIAL DATA ANALYSES TECHNIQUES**

- Classification Scheme of Vector-Based and Raster-Based GIS Operations
- Raster–Based Techniques: Methods of Reclassification, Overlay Analysis, Slope and Aspects, Buffering, Cost-Distance Calculation
- Vector-Based Techniques: Map Manipulation Techniques, Buffering, Overlay Analysis, Network Analysis
- Digital Terrain Analyses and Modeling: TIN and DEM, Surface Representation & Analysis

#### **UNIT 3: GEOSTATISTICAL ANALYSIS TECHNIQUES**

- Introduction to Spatial Interpolation: Control Points
- Global Methods: Trend Surface Analysis, Regression Models
- Local Methods: Thiessen Polygons, Density Estimation, Inverse Distance Weighted Interpolation
- Kriging: Ordinary Kriging (Semivariance, Semivariogram), Universal Kriging,

# **UNIT 4: INTRODUCTION TO DSS**

- GIS and decision support system, Introduction to decision making process and decision support systems, Introduction of a frame work for planning and decision making, Spatial Decision Making
- Development of DSS, DSS Architecture
- Principles and components of multiple-criteria decision making
- Main multiple-criteria evaluation methods/techniques
- Spatial multiple criteria decision making
- Multiple-criteria decision making in spatial data analysis
- Introduction to AHP, Basic Principles of AHP
- Effect Table, Pair Wise comparison, Standardization, Consistency, Wieghtage, performance score, Different method in PWC

# LAB WORK

- Exercise 1 Creating conceptual models Site Suitability Model.
- Exercise 2 Representing features in Raster data set
- Exercise3 Creating TIN surface from vector/ raster data,
- Exercise 4 Monitoring of forest fires using DSS
- Exercise 5 Spatial Multi Criteria decision making for site selection

- Bonczek, R.H., C.W. Holsapple, and A.B. Whinston, (1981), Foundations of Decision Support Systems, Academic Press, New York. Basic text on DSS
- Geoffrion, A.M., (1983). "Can OR/MS evolve fast enough? Interfaces 13:10. Source for six essential characteristics of DSS
- House, W.C. (ed.), (1983). Decision Support Systems, Petrocelli, New York. Basic DSS text
- Sprague, R.H., (1997). "A framework for the development of decision support systems, "Management Information Sciences Quarterly 4:1-26. Source for DSS development model
- Sprague, R.H., and Carlson, E.D., (1982). Building Effective Decision Support Systems, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs NJ. Basic DSS text

- Burrough, Peter A. and Rachael McDonnell., (1998), Principles of Geographical Information Systems. Oxford University Press, New York
- Laurini, Robert and Derek Thompson., (1992), Fundamentals of Spatial Information Systems. Academic Pr., London
- Kluwer Fotheringham A S, O'Kelly M E., (1998), Spatial Interaction Models: Formulations and Applications.
- Paul Longley, Michael Goodchild, David Maguire and David Rhind:, (2005), Geographical Information Systems.
   Principles, Techniques, Applications and Management. John Wiley & Sons.

# **GEOINFO 608 PROJECT**

The subject/topic of the Project Work, related to the problems will be allotted to each student in the beginning of the IInd Semester. The students, in consultation with their respective supervisors, may give their choice of preference of problem /topic / area. However, the decision of the Head/Course Coordinator shall be final. Each student will be required to work independently on the problem assigned including literature consultation, data collection, fieldwork and/or training, laboratory investigations, report writing etc., under the guidance of his/her supervisor. The students will have to submit to the department three typed (bound) copies of his/her work, in the form of Project Report. After the evaluation, a copy of which will be returned to the concerned supervisor and the student separately.

The Project topic should consist of the following:

- Problem identification and its aims and objectives,
- Review of Literature,
- Data acquisition and Collection,
- Methodology,
- Analysis and Result.

#### **Presentation:**

On satisfactory completion of the project, each student is required to defend his/her thesis through a PowerPoint presentation in front of an external expert and faculty and students which will be followed by Viva-Voce. This should be a substantial piece of research work, which both reinforces the skills learned in the taught component of the course and provides a genuine opportunity to undertake valuable research.

# GEOINFO 609 GEOINFORMATICS IN AGRICULTURE, SOIL & LAND EVALUATION

# UNIT 1: ESTIMATION & SPECTRAL ANALYSIS OF CROPS AND DAMAGE ASSESSMENT

- Spectral Properties of Crops and Yield Parameters
- Identification of Crops and Acreage Estimation.
- Vegetation Indices
- Production Forecasting through Digital Analysis
- Monitoring, Condition, and Damage AssessmentDetection of Pests and Diseases
- Damages due to Droughts and Floods
- Water-logging and Salinity, Stress Detection.

#### UNIT 2: SOIL CLASSIFICATION & MAPPING

- Soil Types in India
- Soil Survey Methods, Soil Classification
- Problems with Soil Identification
- Mapping of Soils using RS and GIS techniques.

#### **UNIT3: LAND EVALUATION & ASSESSMENT**

- Land Evaluation,
- Role of Remote Sensing in Soil Conservation.
- Principle and Methods of Land Assessment
- Agriculture and Soil Development
- RS & GIS in Land Evaluation

# **UNIT 4: CASE STUDIES**

- GIS for Drawing out Action Plans & Recent Development in Agro- Climatic Modeling
- Watershed Planning, Remote Sensing in Agriculture & Soil studies

- Steven, M.D. and Clark, J.A., 1991, Application of Remote Sensing in Agriculture, Butterworths, London
- Ghassem Asrar, 1989. Theory and application of optical remote sensing. John Wiley & Sons, New York
- Space Applications Centre- Manual of procedure for Forest mapping and Damage Detection using satellite data, Report No. IRS-UP/SAC/FMDD/TN/16/90, 1990: pp-58.
- Space Applications Centre -Status Report on Crop Acreage and Production Estimation, Report No. RSAM/SAC/CAPE/SR/ 25/90, October 1990, pp-253.
- Brockington, N.R., (1979): "Computer Modelling in Agriculture", Oxford University
- Siva Vandana, (2002), "Sustainable agriculture and food security", Sage Publications New Delhi.
- Narayan, L.R.A., (2001),: "Remote Sensing and its application", University Press, Hyderabad.

#### GEOINFO 610 GEOINFORMATICS IN REGIONAL AND URBAN PLANNING

# **UNIT 1: BASIC CONCEPT**

- Importance & Relevance of Remote Sensing data for Urban and Regional Planning
- Visual and Digital Data Analysis Techniques
- Scale and Resolution concepts
- Scope and Limitations of Remote Sensing Application to Urban and Regional Planning.

# **UNIT 2: REGIONAL AND URBAN PLANNING**

- Urban and Regional Mapping
- Base Map Preparation, Regional, City, Intra—City,
- Scale & Methodology
- Urban and Regional Plan Formulation
- Application of Remote Sensing Techniques in Regional Plan, Master Plan,

#### **UNIT 3: URBAN ANALYSIS**

- Urban Analysis, Urban Growth
- Trend Analysis, Change Detection
- Slum Development, Housing Typology and Density Analysis, Population Estimation
- Information system
- Database Organisation- Large Scale Data Entry
- Interpretation Manipulation- Retrieval- Attribute Information for Urban Planning

#### **UNIT 4: CASE STUDIES**

- Analysis of Urban Land Use Change
- Preparation of Master Plan in City Development
- Object-oriented GIS Data Modelling for Urban Design
- Delineation of socio-infrastructure database into GIS for land use planning

- Arnoff, S (1989); Geographical Information Systems: A Management Perspective, WDL Publications, Canada
- Brench M.C. (1972), City planning and Aerial Information, Harvard University, Cambridge
- Burrough, P.A (1988), Principles of Geographical Information Systems for land Resources Assessment, Oxford University Press
- Subudhi A.P, Sokhi, Roy (2001), Remote Sensing and GIS, Application in Urban and Regional Studies, IIRS, Dehra Dun
- Subudhi, A.P (1992), Design of Automated Land Use Information System for Town & Country planning, Institute of Town planners, New Delhi,

#### **GEOINFO 611-GEOINFORMATICS IN WATER RESOURCES**

# **UNIT 1:** BASIC CONCEPT

- Hydrologic Cycle, hydrological parameters,
- Watershed characterization, delineation and codification
- Watershed problems and management strategy
- Geoinformatics approach for watershed prioritization
- Drainage Morphometric Analysis

# UNIT 2: REMOTE SENSING IN SURFACE-SUBSURFACE WATER EXPLORATION

- Application of remote sensing in hydrogeomorphological interpretation for ground water exploration
- Water quality monitoring through remote sensing
- Geophysical Methods for Groundwater Exploration.

# UNIT 3: OPERATIONAL APPLICATIONS IN WATER RESOURCES

- Flood Prediction, Drought Evaluation
- Snow Cover Mapping
- Reservoir Sedimentation Evaluation.
- Geoinformatics Based Runoff & Hydrological Modeling
- Flood Hazards Modeling, Snowmelt Runoff Modeling.

# **UNIT 4: CASE STUDIES**

- Hydrogeomorphological Mapping in Plateau Region
- Flood Prone Zone Mapping in Indo Gangetic Plains
- Water Harvesting Initiatives in Urban Built Up Lands
- Drought Assessment in Jharkhand.

- Schultz, G. A. and Engman, E. T., (2000), Remote Sensing in Hydrology and Water Management, Springer-Verlag, Berlin, Germany.
- Murthy, J. V. S. (1994). Watershed Management in India. Wiley Eastern Ltd., New Delhi.
- Todd David Keith., (2005), Groundwater Hydrology, John Wiley & Sons, New York, Second Edition.
- Schultz, G.A. & Engman, E.T., (2000), Remote Sensing in hydrology and water management, Springer-Verlang, Berlin, Germany.

# **GEOINFO 612 GEOINFORMATICS IN DISASTER MANAGEMENT**

# **UNIT 1: INTRODUCTION**

- Hazards and disasters, their types, and characterization
- Zonation of hazards, natural and human induced disasters
- Disaster and National losses, historical perspective of disasters in India.
- Fundamental concept of Disaster Management
- Government, NGOs and peoples participation disaster management
- Existing organization structure for managing disasters in India
- Geoinformatics in disaster mitigation.

#### **UNIT 2: HAZARDS**

- Landslide, Earthquake
- Mining hazards (Land subsidence, Mine flooding etc.)
- Volcanic hazards, Groundwater hazards, Glacial hazards
- Flash floods, River floods
- Dam burst, Cloud burst
- Cyclones, Coastal hazards and Drought
- Forest hazards (Deforestation, Degradation and Forest fire)
- Land & soil degradation, Desertification
- Pollution (Water, air and soil)

#### **UNIT 3: GEOINFORMATICS APPLICATIONS:**

 Geoinformatics models in managing forest fires, floods, landslides, cyclone and earthquake mapping.

# **UNIT 4: CASE STUDIES**

- Earthquakes in India
- Floods in Indo Gangetic plains
- Landslides in Himalayan region
- Drought in Indian plateau regions.

- P.S. Roy (2000) Natural Disaster and their mitigation. Published by Indian Institute of Remote Sensing.
- Sdidmore A (2002) Environmental Modeling with GIS & Remote Sensing, Taylor & Francis.
- Anji Reddy. M. (2004) Geoinformatics for Environmental Management. B. S. Publication.