

Test Booklet No. _____

This booklet consists of 150 questions and 20 printed pages.

RGUPET/2024/___/___

**RGUPET 2024
Common Entrance Test, 2024**

DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY IN SOCIOLOGY

**Full Marks: 150
Hours**

Time: 3

Roll No.

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Day and Date of Examination: _____

Signature of Invigilator(s) _____

Signature of Candidate _____

General Instructions:

PLEASE READ ALL THE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY BEFORE MAKING ANY ENTRY.

1. DO NOT OPEN THIS TEST BOOKLET UNTIL YOU ARE TOLD TO DO SO.
2. Candidate must write his/her Roll Number on the space provided.
3. This Test Booklet contains 150 Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) from the concerned subject. Each question carries 1 mark.
4. Please check the Test Booklet to verify that the total pages and total number of questions contained in the test booklet are the same as those printed on the top of the first page. Also check whether the questions are in sequential order or not.
5. Candidates are not permitted to enter into the examination hall after the commencement of the entrance test or leave the examination hall within two hour.
6. Making any identification mark in the OMR Answer Sheet or writing Roll Number anywhere other than the specified places will lead to disqualification of the candidate.
7. Candidates shall maintain silence inside and outside the examination hall. If candidates are found violating the instructions mentioned herein or announced in the examination hall, they will be summarily disqualified from the entrance test.
8. In case of any dispute, the decision of the Entrance Test Committee shall be final and binding.
9. The OMR Answer Sheet consists of two copies, the Original copy and the Student's copy.

1	Which of the following Article states about the “Special provision concerning the state of Arunachal Pradesh” ?				
	a) A 371 H	b) A 371	c) A 371 P	d) A 372	A
2	The father of Indian missile technology is _____ ?				
	a) Dr Chidambaram	b) Dr Homi Bhabha	c) Dr U.R Rao	d) Dr A.P.J Abdul Kalam	D
3	Match the following:				
	1. International Women’s Day		i. 1 st December		
	2. World Environment Day		ii. 8 th March		
	3. World Labour day		iii. 5 th June		
	4. Indigenous Faith Day, Arunachal Pradesh		iv. 1 st May		
	a) 1-ii, 2-iii, 3-iv, 4-i	b) 1-ii, 2-iii, 3-i, 4-iv	c) 1-iv, 2-iii, 3-ii, 4-i	d) 1-i, 2-iii, 3-iv, 4-ii	A
4	At which place on earth are there days & nights of equal length always?				
	a) Equator	b) Poles	c) Prime meridian	d) Nowhere	A
5	In the context of NITI Aayog, what does ‘T’ stand for in NITI?				
	a) Travelling	b) Transforming	c) Transferring	d) Training	B
6	Which of the following city named the cleanest city in India for the seventh consecutive year?				
	a) Jaipur	b) Bhopal	c) Mysore	d) Indore	D
7	Which state has launched ‘Lakhpati Baideos’ scheme recently?				
	a) Tripura	b) West Bengal	c) Assam	d) Odisha	C
8	In which state was the 'School on Wheels' initiative launched recently?				
	a) Manipur	b) Tripura	c) Arunachal Pradesh	d) Gujarat	A
9	_____ country has recently issued its new currency?				
	a) South Africa	b) Kenya	c) Iran	d) Zimbabwe	D
10	What is the primary objective of ‘Bharatiya Bhasha Samiti’, recently seen in the news?				
	a) Promotion of Indian languages in education	b) Promotion of foreign languages	c) Promotion of science and technology	d) None of the these	A
11	4, 27, 16, 125.....? What is the next series?				Answer option (c)
	a) 32	b) 46	c) 36	d) 52	c) 36
12	J, M, A, M, J, J, A, S, OD Fill the blanks with appropriate letters from the below.				Answer option (d)
	a) A & C	b) F & G	c) X & Y	d) F & N	d) F & N
13	In a code, CORNER is written as GSVRIV. How can CENTRAL be written in that code?				Answer option

					(b)
	a) DFOUSBM	b) GIRXVEP	c) GNFJKER	d) None of these	b) GIRXVEP
14	What is the standard deviation of 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5				Answer option (b)
	a) 2	b) 1.41	c) 2.2	d) 3	b) 1.41
15	Mr Deepak Mohan walks 5 km towards the south and then turns to the right. After walking 3 km he turns to the left and walks 5 km. What direction is he facing right now?				Answer option (b)
	a) West	b) South	c) North-East	d) South-West	b) South
16	Which part of speech modifies a noun ?				Answer option (d)
	a) Conjunction	b) Verb	c) Pronoun	d) Adjective	Answer
17	Our house is practically on the highway. The adverb "practically" modifies 'Prepositional phrase				Answer option (a)
	a) True	b) False	c) Neither True or False	d) Both True or False	Answer
18	Convert into direct speech: John's father reminded him to take his umbrella.				Answer option (b)
	a) John's father said, "Remember your umbrella John?"	b) "Don't forget to take your umbrella, John" said his father.	c) "Are you going to take your umbrella or not?" said John to his father.	d) "Here, is your umbrella John," said his father.	Answer
19	Convert into indirect speech: He said, "Babies, drink milk."				Answer option (c)
	a) He said that babies drink milk	b) He told that babies should drink milk	c) He advised that babies to drink milk	d) . He said that babies drank milk	Answer
20	Choose the sentence that is punctuated correctly.				Answer option (c)
	a) In the morning, Tom and I picked peppers, strawberries, and beans, Lauren and	b) In the morning, Tom and I, picked peppers, strawberries, and beans; Lauren and Julie picked peas, celery, and beets.	c) In the morning, Tom and I picked peppers, strawberries, and beans; Lauren and	d) In the morning, Tom and I, picked peppers, strawberries, and beans;	Answer

	Julie picked peas, celery, and beets.		Julie picked peas, celery, and beets.	Lauren and Julie, picked peas, celery, and beets.	
21	Which measure of central tendency is best used for categorical data?				
	a) Mode	b) Median	c) Mean	c) Standard Deviation	A
22	_____ gives a measure of the "peakedness" of a dataset.				
	a) Variance	b) Median	c) Kurtosis	d) Range	C
23	Paraphrasing other's academic works without proper citation is				
	a) unethical	b) ethical	c) only allowed in PhD thesis	d) Not an academic concern	A
24	COPE guidelines in the context of research stand for				
	a) Committee on Presentation Ethics	b) Committee on Publication Ethics	c) Council on Publication Ethics	d) Council on Presentation Ethics	B
25	What does the standard deviation measure in a dataset?				
	a) The spread or dispersion of data points around the mean	b) The central value of the dataset	c) The total range of the dataset	d) The frequency of each data point in the dataset	A
26	<p>Given below are two statements; one labelled as Assertion (A) and the other labelled as Reason (R)</p> <p>Assertion (A): Many new researchers end up publishing their work in a fake journal</p> <p>Reason (R): Predatory journals are proliferating in academics</p> <p>Select your answer from the given below</p>				Answer option (a)
	a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A	a) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation	c) A is true, but R is false	d) A is false, but R is true	a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A
27	Self-plagiarism means				Answer option (b)
	a) Doing plagiarism by the author himself/herself	b) When an author reuses his/her earlier published work without proper references	c) Checking plagiarism by the author himself/herself	d) citing one's own publication again and again	b) When an author reuses his/her earlier published work without proper references

28	Ghost Writing in academics is				Answer option (b)
	a) Accepted	b) Not accepted	c) Depends on its intention	d) Accepted if the ghostwriter is paid well	b) Not accepted
29	Which of the following is not a referencing software				Answer option (b)
	a) Zotero	b) NVivo	c) Mendeley	d) Endnote	b) NVivo
30	BOOLEAN logic in literature search means use of				Answer option (c)
	a) Online Sources	b) Use of Artificial Intelligence	c) Use of 'OR' 'AND' 'NOT'	d) Use of multiple search engines	c) Use of OR AND NOT
31	How many categories of Care List Journal is mentioned by UGC				Answer option (b)
	a) One Type	b) Two types	c) Three Types	d) Four types	b) Two types
32	Which of the following is not Plagiarism software				Answer option (d)
	a) Turnitin	b) iThenticate.	c) URKUND (also known as Original)	d) SPSS	d) SPSS
33	Which of the following is not an academic referencing style				Answer option (c)
	a) APA	b) MLA	c) Latex	d) IEEE	c) Latex
34	Conflict of interest should be academic papers				Answer option (d)
	a) Hide	b) Clearly mention	c) Depends on the author	d) Depends on the publisher	b) Clearly mention
35	The Journal entitled <i>Sociological Bulletin</i> (ISSN: 0038-0229/ Online ISSN: 2457-0257) is a				Answer option (d)
	a) Fake Journal	b) Predatory journal	c) Not a journal but a newspaper	d) SCOPUS Indexed Journal	d) SCOPUS Indexed Journal
36	In research, measuring scales are used to				

	a) Determine sample size	b) Establish research hypotheses	c) Collect and quantify data	d) Analyze qualitative data	C
37	<p>Given below are two statements: One is labelled as Assertion(A) and the other is labeled as Justification (J):</p> <p>Assertion (A): Non probability sampling methods are often used in situations where it is difficult to obtain a complete list of population.</p> <p>Justification (J): Unlike probability sampling, non-probability sampling does not rely on random selection and may introduce bias into the samples.</p> <p>Choose the correct answer from the code given below:</p>				
	a) Both (A) and (J) are true and (J) is the correct explanation of (A).	b) Both (A) and (J) are true but (J) is not the correct explanation of (A)	c) (A) is true and (J) is false.	d) Both (A) and (J) are false.	A
38	<p>Given below are two statements: One is labelled as Assertion (A) and the other is labeled as Justification (J):</p> <p>Assertion (A): The selection of appropriate variables is crucial in research design.</p> <p>Justification (J): Variables serve as the building blocks of a research study, influencing the outcomes and conclusions drawn. Careful consideration and selection of variables ensure that the study effectively investigates the research question, enhances validity, and facilitates accurate analysis and interpretation of results.</p> <p>Choose the correct answer from the code given below:</p>				
	a) Both (A) and (J) are true and (J) is the correct explanation of (A).	b) Both (A) and (J) are true but (J) is not the correct explanation of (A)	c) (A) is true and (J) is false.	d) Both (A) and (J) are false.	A
39	Which one of the following is more likely to have study populations (sample size) that are very large?				
	a) Qualitative	b) Quantitative	c) Case study	d) Historical study	B
40	In social research, when abstract concepts are converted into a variable that can be measured, the research term used to describe this process is _____				
	a) Theory	b) Operationalization	c) Hypothesis	d) Logic	B
41	Timeline represents in research design				

	a) The specific dates when data collection occurs	b) The duration of time required for data analysis	c) The sequence of events and activities from project initiation to completion	d) The frequency of participant interactions during the study	C
42	Which of the following is a characteristic of cluster sampling?				
	a) Every individual in the population has an equal chance of being selected	b) The population is divided into homogeneous subgroups before sampling	c) Samples are selected based on their accessibility or convenience	d) The population is divided into clusters, and entire clusters are randomly selected for sampling	D
43	In systematic sampling, individuals or elements are selected from a population				
	a) Through random selection without replacement	b) Using a predetermined pattern or interval	c) After dividing the population into clusters	d) Based on their accessibility or convenience	B
44	Which type of questionnaire design involves administering the same set of questions to multiple respondents over time?				
	a) Longitudinal questionnaire	b) Cross-sectional questionnaire	c) Sequential questionnaire	d) Retrospective questionnaire	A
45	What is the purpose of a statement of the problem in a research study?				
	a) To summarize the findings and conclusions of the study	b) To identify and articulate the research question or issue being investigated	c) To outline the methodology and data analysis techniques	d) To provide a detailed review of existing literature	B
46	Which of the following is a characteristic of a well-constructed questionnaire?				
	a) Biased questions to elicit specific responses	b) Ambiguous language to encourage diverse interpretations	c) Lengthy and complex questions to capture detailed information	d) Clear and concise wording to ensure respondent understanding	D
47	What is the utility of research design?				
	a) To collect only primary data	b) To eliminate the effects of extraneous variables	c) To determine the methods for data collection and analysis	d) framing hypothesis	C
48	PRISMA flow in research is associated with				Answer option (c)

	a) Research work typesetting	b) Narrative literature review	c) Systematic literature review	d) A referencing style	c) Systematic Literature Review
49	De-ontological ethics is concerned with				Answer option (b)
	a) Consequence	b) Whether it is right or wrong	c) Maximizing happiness	d) Cynicism	b) Whether it is right or wrong
50	In a perfectly symmetrical dataset, which measure of central tendency will be at the center?				
	a) Mean	b) Median	c) Mode	d) Variance	A
51	According to Max Weber, sociology is the interpretative understanding of				
	a) Interaction	b) Action	c) Group	d) Behaviour	B
52	According to Durkheim, social facts are				
	a) Reality of individual	b) Internal to individual	c) External to individual	d) Social for individual	C
53	What is 'Hermeneutics' ?				
	a) Theory of action	b) Theory of society	c) Theory of Religion	d) Theory of Interpretation	D
54	A: Assertion: Displacement is one of the indicators of development B: Justification: Displacement brings hardship, miseries and other problems to the people.				
	a) Both A and B are true and B is the correct explanation for A	b) Both A and B are true and B is not the correct explanation for A	c) A is true but B is false	d) A is false but B is true	D
55	Match the following: A) P. Berger & Luckmann i. The problem of social reality B) A. Schutz ii. Studies in Ethnomethodology C) H. Garfinkel iii. The Sacred Canopy D) P. Berger iv. Social Construction of Reality				
	a) 4123	b) 1234	c) 4132	d) 1324	A
56	'Thick description' is				
	a) An ethnographic method	b) Narrative analysis	c) Anthropological analysis	d) Interpretive theory of culture	D
57	Which are the characteristics of 'Dominant Caste' as given by M. N. Srinivas?				
	A) Numerical strength and Political power. B) Economic power through ownership of land. C) Western education and jobs in administration. D) Urban source of income.				

	a) A,B,D	b) A,B,C,D	c) A and B only	d) B,C,D	B
58	“Good anthropological texts are plain texts, unpretending” (Clifford Geertz). This statement is a reflection of				
	a) Ethnographic realism	b) Alterity and representation	c) Thick description	d) Interpretive anthropology	A
59	Match the following in terms of the movements and Types. A) Kheda satyagraha i. Social upliftment movement B) Chipko movement ii Women upliftment movement C) Justice movement iii Women ecological movement D) Anti-Sati iv Peasant movement				
	a)a-1, b-4, c-3, d-2	b) a-2, b-3, c-1, d-2	c) a-4, b-3, c-1, d-2	d) a-3, b-2, c-1, d-4	D
60	Who introduced the term ‘indexicality’?				
	a) Erving Goffman	b) Pierre Bordieu	c) Harold Garfinkel	d) Karl Manheim	C
61	Which one of the following term is associated with ‘Theory of Knowledge’?				
	a) Epistemology	b) Ontology	c) Positivism	d) Phenomenology	A
62	Who is the author of the book ‘Village India’?				
	a) Oscar Lewis	b)M.N Srinivas	c)A.R Desai	d) G.S Ghurye	C
63	Match the following: A. Social Change in Modern India i. S.C Dube B. India’s Changing Villages ii. M.N Srinivas C. Caste, Class and Power iii. A. Beteille D. Hindu Social Organization iv. P.N Prabhu				
	a) 1234	b) 2134	c) 3124	d) 4213	B
64	A. Who has stated that in India, direction of change is represented in a linear evolutionary form from ‘traditionalization’ towards ‘modernization’?				
	a) MN Srinivas	b) Milton Singer	c) Yogendra Singh	d) SC Dube	C
65	Pick the answer that correctly lists the progressive stages in the social movement’s life cycle. A. Coalescence, Bureaucratization, Emergence & Decline B. Decline, Bureaucratization, Coalescence & Emergence. C. Bureaucratization, Coalescence,, Emergence & Decline D. Emergence, Coalescence, Bureaucratization & Decline				
	a) A	b) B	c) C	d) D	D
66	There is the danger of the dominant group’s culture being treated as :				
	a) Static culture	b) National culture	c)People’s culture	d)Universal culture	B
67	Which of the following is true about the study of cultural ecology?				

	a) Biology affects culture	b) Culture affects biology	c) Physical environment affects culture	d) Biology affects evolution	C
68	Queer Theory makes the claim that:				
	a) Heterosexuality is the normal and most desirable way to be	b) The sexual categories and discourses we use are based upon true, underlying biological differences	c) Deviant forms of masculinity are seen as more threatening to the gender order than deviant forms of femininity	d) All sexualities are pluralistic, fragmented and frequently reconstructed	D
69	Post-modernist writers have argued that:				
	a) We live in a world of superficial, fragmented images	b) No theory is better than any other: 'anything goes'	c) Society has changed and we need new kinds of theory	d) All of the above	A
70	E. Sutherland founded the theory of				
	a) Blue collar crime	b) Crime by dacoits	c) White collar crime	d) Optimum stage	C
71	The term 'feminist standpoint' suggests:				
	a) taking a stand on the issues neglected by feminism	b) the recognition of difference and diversity in women's lives	c) a tendency to ignore the gendered nature of knowledge	d) studying society from the perspective of women	D
72	A: Assertion: Some scholar's say, in countries which have recently introduced Sociology, indigenization of the subject is required. B: Justification: This can be helpful in the growth of native scholarship and will contribute to the nation building process.				
	a) Both A and B are true and B is the correct explanation for A	b) Both A and B are true and B is not the correct explanation for A	c) A is true but B is false	d) A is false but B is true	A
73	Secularization involves the two related ideas of:				
	a) disappointment and disproportion	b) disbelief and disintegration	c) disengagement and disenchantment	d) distribution and distillation	C
74	Judith Butler (1999) suggested that:				
	a) sexual characteristics are the biological determinants of gender	b) heterosexuality and homosexuality are essential,	c) gender is performed through bodily gestures and	d) the 'two-sex' model replaced the 'one-sex' model in the	C

		opposing identities	styles to create sex	eighteenth century	
75	Among the post structuralists who has focused on the 'linkage between knowledge and power'?				
	a) Foucault	b) Levi-Strauss	c) Miller	d) Derrida	A
76	The embourgeoisement thesis suggests that:				
	a) the affluent working class is adopting middle class values and ways of life	b) white collar occupations are being 'deskilled' by the introduction of new technologies into the workplace	c) capitalists are being replaced by salaried managers with bureaucratic authority	d) the class structure has fragmented and there are no longer any distinct social classes	C
77	Theories of racialized discourse suggest that:				
	a) the idea of race is socially constructed through powerful ideologies	b) race is an objective way of categorizing people on biological grounds	c) race is tied to the geographical boundaries	d) race relations in Britain and America can be traced back to colonial times	A
78	The social construction of childhood can be traced back to:				
	a) the introduction of compulsory education	b) increasingly emotional ties between parents and children	c) new consumer goods for children, such as clothes, toys and books	d) All of the above	D
79	Goldthorpe identified the 'service class' as:				
	a) those in non-manual occupations, exercising authority on behalf of the state	b) people working in consultancy firms who were recruited by big businesses	c) the young men and women employed in domestic service in the nineteenth century	d) those who had worked in the armed services	A
80	Which type of community is based on personal and direct relationships, often found in rural areas?				c
	a) Urban community	b) Virtual community	c) Gemeinschaft	d) Gesellschaft	Gemeinschaft
81	Values in sociology refer to:				b
	a) Tangible objects of a society	b) Abstract standards that define what is	c) Strict laws and regulations	d) Random behaviors	Abstract standards that define

		good or desirable			what is good or desirable
82	Which of the following is an example of a social norm?				b
	a) A country's constitution	b) Greeting someone with a handshake	c) The architecture of a building	d) The economic system	Greeting someone with a handshake
83	Habitus, as described by Pierre Bourdieu, is:				c
	a) A legal term for personal property	b) The physical environment one lives in	c) The deeply ingrained habits, skills, and dispositions that individuals possess	d) The genetic makeup of a person	The deeply ingrained habits, skills, and dispositions that individuals possess
84	Agency in sociology refers to:				b
	a) The structure of social institutions	b) The capacity of individuals to act independently and make their own free choices	c) The economic system	d) The political structure of a society	The capacity of individuals to act independently and make their own free choices
85	Bureaucracy is characterized by:				b
	a) Informal and flexible rules	b) A hierarchical structure and formal rules	c) Lack of organization	d) Personal relationships dictating actions	A hierarchical structure and formal rules
86	Authority is a form of power that is:				b
	a) Based on coercion	b) Legitimately recognized by individuals in a society	c) Always negative	d) Based on physical force	Legitimately recognized by individuals in a society
87	Which type of authority is based on laws and procedures?				c
	a) Traditional authority	b) Charismatic authority	c) Rational-legal authority	d) Informal authority	Rational-legal authority
88	Assertion (A): Objectivity is crucial in social science research. Reason (R): It ensures that personal biases do not influence the findings.				a
	a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.	b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the	c) A is true, but R is false.	d) A is false, but R is true.	Both A and R are true, and R is the correct

		correct explanation of A.			explanation of A.
89	Assertion (A): Ethnography is a quantitative research method. Reason (R): Ethnography involves detailed descriptions and interpretations of cultural practices.				d
	a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.	• b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.	c) A is true, but R is false.	d) A is false, but R is true.	A is false, but R is true.
90	Which concept is closely associated with Radha Kamal Mukherjee's work?				c
	a) Functionalism	b) Cultural Lag	c) Social Ecology	d) Symbolic Interactionism	Social Ecology
91	Ghurye's work on the study of castes in India is most famously captured in which book?				a
	a) "Caste and Race in India"	b) "The Hindu Social System"	c) "Indian Society"	d) "Caste Dynamics"	"Caste and Race in India"
92	Srinivas conducted an extensive field study in which Indian village that became famous in sociological literature?				a
	a) Rampura	b) Shantinagar	c) Barpali	d) Mangala	Rampura
93	Which method did M.N. Srinivas advocate for in sociological research?				b
	a) Quantitative Analysis	b) Ethnographic Fieldwork	c) Laboratory Experiments	d) Archival Research	Ethnographic Fieldwork
94	Which book by Irawati Karve explores the complexities of Indian social structure and family?				a
	a) "Kinship Organization in India"	b) "The Hindu Social System"	c) "Caste and Class in India"	d) "Family and Marriage in India"	"Kinship Organization in India"
95	Which of the following thinkers is known for integrating ecological concerns with sociological theory?				c
	a) M.K. Gandhi	b) B.R. Ambedkar	c) Radha Kamal Mukherjee	d) M.N. Srinivas	Radha Kamal Mukherjee
96	Which of the following best describes epistemology in social science?				b
	a) The study of historical events	b) The study of knowledge and justified beliefs	c) The study of economic systems	d) The study of technological progress	The study of knowledge and justified beliefs

97	Hermeneutic traditions in social science focus on:				c
	a) Quantitative data analysis	b) Statistical sampling methods	c) Interpretation and understanding of social texts	d) Experimental research design	Interpretation and understanding of social texts
98	Reflexivity in social science research implies:				b
	a) Ignoring one's biases	b) Reflecting on the researcher's own influence on the research process	c) Relying solely on quantitative data	d) Avoiding ethical considerations	Reflecting on the researcher's own influence on the research process
99	A research hypothesis is:				c
	a) A factual statement	b) An untestable belief	c) A tentative statement that can be tested empirically	d) A subjective opinion	A tentative statement that can be tested empirically
100	Ethnography is best described as:				d
	a) A statistical method	b) An experimental approach	c) A historical analysis method	d) A detailed, qualitative study of people and cultures	A detailed, qualitative study of people and cultures
101	The survey method is primarily associated with:				b
	a) Qualitative data collection	b) Quantitative data collection	c) Historical analysis	d) Comparative analysis	Quantitative data collection
102	A questionnaire is used for:				b
	a) Conducting face-to-face interviews	b) Gathering standardized information from a large number of respondents	c) Observing participants in natural settings	d) Analyzing historical documents	Gathering standardized information from a large number of respondents
103	Statistical analysis in research is used to:				b
	a) Interpret qualitative data	b) Describe, summarize, and infer conclusions from quantitative data	c) Collect raw data	d) Conduct ethnographic fieldwork	Describe, summarize, and infer conclusions from quantitative data

104	Which technique is most suitable for collecting in-depth, qualitative data from participants?				d
	a) Survey method	b) Statistical analysis	c) Structured observation	d) Interview and case study	Interview and case study
105	Interpretation of data in research involves:				b
	a) Collecting data	b) Analyzing and making sense of the collected data	c) Preparing a questionnaire	d) Conducting sampling	Analyzing and making sense of the collected data
106	Social structure refers to:				b
	a) The physical layout of a society	b) The organized pattern of social relationships and social institutions	c) The biological makeup of individuals	d) The economic system of a society	The organized pattern of social relationships and social institutions
107	Culture in sociology refers to:				c
	a) The genetic traits of a population	b) The physical artifacts of a society	c) The shared beliefs, values, norms, and material objects of a society	d) The political system of a society	The shared beliefs, values, norms, and material objects of a society
108	Gandhi's principle of "Satyagraha" refers to:				b
	a) Passive resistance	b) Truth force or soul force	c) Armed struggle	d) Political negotiation	Truth force or soul force
109	Which movement was led by B.R. Ambedkar to promote the conversion of Dalits to Buddhism?				c
	a) Satyagraha Movement	b) Dalit Movement	c) Navayana Movement	d) Non-Cooperation Movement	Navayana Movement
110	Durkheim's study of suicide identified which of the following types of suicide as being caused by a lack of social integration?				a
	a) Egoistic suicide	b) Altruistic suicide	c) Anomic suicide	d) Fatalistic suicide	Egoistic suicide
111	In Durkheim's theory, which of the following is a characteristic of "mechanical solidarity"?				Answer option b
	a) High division of labour	b) Strong collective conscience	c) Individualism	d) Organic relations	Strong collective conscience

11 2	One of Garfinkel's famous experiments involved asking students to behave like guests in their own homes. This experiment is known as:				d
	a) The "Role Reversal Experiment"	b) The "Strange Situation Experiment"	c) The "Social Norms Experiment"	d) The "Breaching Experiment"	The "Breaching Experiment"
11 3	According to Marx, the class that owns the means of production in a capitalist society is known as the:				b
	a) Proletariat	b) Bourgeoisie	c) Aristocracy	d) Peasantry	Bourgeoisie
11 4	Which of the following works is authored by Max Weber?				b
	a) The Division of Labor in Society	b) The Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism	c) Suicide	d) The Social System	The Protestant Ethic and the Spirit of Capitalism
11 5	According to Weber, which type of authority is based on established laws, rules, and procedures?				c
	a) Charismatic authority	b) Traditional authority	c) Rational-legal authority	d) Coercive authority	Rational-legal authority
11 6	In Schutz's theory, the concept of the "lifeworld" refers to:				c
	a) The physical environment in which individuals live	b) The economic conditions of society	c) The everyday world of lived experiences and social interactions	d) The political structures that govern society	The everyday world of lived experiences and social interactions
11 7	In Weber's view, what is the term for the process by which traditional and spontaneous social actions are replaced by goal-oriented rational actions?				d
	a) Verstehen	b) Anomie	c) Alienation	d) Rationalization	Rationalization
11 8	Karl Marx is best known for his theory of which of the following concepts?				c
	a) Social Facts	b) Bureaucracy	c) Class Struggle	d) Symbolic Interactionism	Class Struggle
11 9	Which of the following works is authored by Karl Marx?				c
	a) The Division of Labour in Society	b) The Protestant Ethic and the	c) Capital (Das Kapital)	d) The Suicide	Capital (Das Kapital)

		Spirit of Capitalism			
120	Malinowski conducted extensive fieldwork in which region?				c
	a) Africa	b) South America	c) Melanesia	d) North America	Melanesia
121	Schutz's idea of "intersubjectivity" is most closely related to:				b
	a) The conflict between different social classes	b) The shared, common understanding that individuals have in social interactions	c) The biological differences between individuals	d) The technological advancements in society	The shared, common understanding that individuals have in social interactions
122	Bronislaw Malinowski is best known for his work in which field of anthropology?				a
	a) Cultural anthropology	b) Archaeology	c) Linguistic anthropology	d) Biological anthropology	Cultural anthropology
123	Radcliffe-Brown's concept of "social structure" refers to:				c
	a) The physical buildings in a society	b) The economic base of a society	c) The network of relationships between individuals and groups	d) The symbolic meanings of cultural practices	The network of relationships between individuals and groups
124	Parsons developed the AGIL framework. What does "AGIL" stand for?				a
	a) Adaptation, Goal attainment, Integration, Latency	b) Analysis, Growth, Innovation, Learning	c) Agriculture, Government, Industry, Labor	d) Action, Guidance, Interaction, Leadership	Adaptation, Goal attainment, Integration, Latency
125	According to Merton, a "manifest function" is one that is:				b
	a) Unintended and unrecognized	b) Intended and recognized	c) Dysfunctional for society	d) Related to individual psychology	Intended and recognized
126	Mannheim's theory emphasizes the role of what in shaping human knowledge?				c
	a) Economic structures	b) Individual psychology	c) Social context and historical background	d) Biological evolution	Social context and historical background
127	Merton's "strain theory" addresses the relationship between:				a

	a) Social norms and individual behavior	b) Economic development and cultural change	c) Social structures and personality development	d) Educational systems and political institutions	Social norms and individual behavior
128	Mead's concept of the "generalized other" refers to:				b
	a) Significant others in an individual's life	b) The expectations and attitudes of the larger community	c) The immediate family members	d) The subconscious mind	The expectations and attitudes of the larger community
129	In the development of the self, Mead identified three stages. Which of the following is NOT one of these stages?				d
	a) The preparatory stage	b) The play stage	c) The game stage	d) The autonomous stage	The autonomous stage
130	The 'Sociogram' technique is used to study				
	a) Vocational Interest	b) Professional Competence	c) Human Relations	d) Achievement Motivation	C
131	The research which is exploring new facts through the study of the past is called				
	a) Historical research	b) Philosophical research	c) Mythological research	d) Content analysis	A
132	What do you consider as the main aim of inter disciplinary research?				
	a) To bring out holistic approach to research.	b) To reduce the emphasis of single subject in research domain.	c) To over simplify the problem of research.	d) To create a new trend in research methodology.	A
133	Research problem is selected from the stand point of:				
	a) Researcher's interest	b) Financial support	c) Social relevance	d) Availability of relevant literature	C
134	According to Herbert Gens there are _____ types of urban residents				
	a) 2	b) 3	c) 4	d) 5	D
135	Max Horkheimer wrote which book?				
	a) Two Dimensional Man	b) McDonaliziati on	c) Eclipse of Reason	d) Between Facts and Norms	C
136	What is the primary focus of Habermas's Theory of Communicative Action?				

143	Which of the following statement is correct in the context of research?				
	a) Correlation and cooperation is same	b) Correlation and causation is same.	c) Correlation lead to cooperation.	d) Correlation and causation is not same.	D
144	Which sociological theorist is known for his theory of differential association, which explains deviant behavior as learned through interactions with others?				
	a) Émile Durkheim	b) Robert Merton	c) Howard Becker	d) Edwin Sutherland	D
145	When the purpose of a definition is to explain the use or to eliminate ambiguity the definition is called				
	a) Stipulative	b) Lexical	c) Theoretical	d) Persuasive	C
146	When planning to do a social research, it is better to				
	a) Approach the topic with an open mind	b) Do a pilot study before getting stuck into it	c) Be familiar with literature on the topic	d) Forget about theory because this is a very practical	A
147	Which ethical principle emphasizes that participants should be fully informed				
	a) Confidentiality	b) Justice	c) Informed consent	d) Privacy	C
148	The theoretical foundation of Marxism is known as				
	a) Dialectical materialis	b) Historical materialis	c) Class struggle	d) Class consciounes	B
149	Which sociologist is most closely associated with the functionalist perspective on the family, emphasizing the importance of the nuclear family in socializing children and stabilizing adult personalities?				
	a) Karl Marx	b) Max Weber	c) Talcott Parsons	d) Erving Goffman	C
150	Interpretative methods in sociology aim to:				b
	a) Develop grand theories of society	b) Understand the subjective meanings that people attach to their actions	c) Measure and compare social variables	d) Analyze the economic structures of societies	Understand the subjective meanings that people attach to their actions