CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK FOR UNDERGRADUATE PROGRAMME IN ANTHROPOLOGY

AS PER NATIONAL EDUCATION POLICY (NEP)-2020



WITH EFFECT FROM ACADEMIC YEAR 2023-24

DEPARTMENT OF ANTHROPOLOGY
RAJIV GANDHI UNIVERSITY (A CENTRAL UNIVERSITY)
RONO HILLS, DOIMUKH
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THE PREAMBLE

The 4 Years Undergraduate Programme in Anthropology (BANTH) is designed for students to grow as competent, self-reflective learners with relevant academic and professional skills who can contribute to the growing discipline of Anthropology. The academic significance of Anthropology is on the rise and so are its contributions towards the welfare of human society. The discipline of Anthropology in itself is known for its holistic study of mankind with noticeable advances in human genetics, forensics, human growth and development, tribal studies, development, urban anthropology, prehistoric archaeology, art & culture, religious beliefs and indigenous knowledge & practices, etc. Anthropology is a discipline known for its methodology for conducting social research, the methods like the ethnographic method, which includes observation, participant observation, interviews and the thick descriptive analysis make the discipline unique. The art of conducting ethnographic fieldwork makes the disciple a skilled discipline for the students. This program will train the skills of the students in a qualitative direction where they learn to explore and employ their growing expertise in real-life situations. Moreover, the discipline will develop a sense of oneness and will also teach the students to respect the cultural variation in a country having diverse cultural practices.

BANTH is a Four-year (eight semesters) programme of credits including major courses, minor courses, multidisciplinary courses, skills enhancement courses, value added courses and ability enhancement courses. In each semester the students will be offered theory and practical courses (credit structure and the number of courses in each semester has been given in the following detailed syllabus). The students will be offered several major courses throughout four years as per UGC guidelines.

This programme will adopt a flexible curricular structure in order to enable creative combinations of disciplinary areas. The undergraduate degree programmeof4-year duration, with multiplex it points with appropriate certifications such as: a UG certificate after completing 1 year (2 semesters) and additional 4 credits training/internship, a UG diploma after 2years (4semesters) of study and additional 4 credits training/internship, a bachelor's degree after a 3-year (6 semesters) of study and UG degree with Honours and UG degree with Research with Honours degreeafter4 years (8 semesters) of study.

The evaluation and examination procedures shall be as per the regulations and guidelines of Rajiv Gandhi University examination ordinance.

AIMS/OBJECTIVES OF THE UNDER GRADUATE PROGRAMME IN ANTHROPOLOGY

The Under Graduate Programme in Anthropology (BANTH) aims at the following goals:

- 1. This programme is providing learning scopes to orient the students towards scientific study of human beings in a holistic way; culturally, biologically and from the perspective of pre-historic Archaeology
- 2. Developing knowledge of basic Anthropological concepts and methods, and developing ability to negotiate the challenges in field situation.
- 3. Help shape the abilities of students for building responsible professionals and researchers in the field of Anthropology.
- 4. Facilitating acquisition of basic skills in major areas of application.
- 5. Promoting self-understanding, reflexivity and personal growth of the students.
- 6. Developing a strong sense of ethical and moral aptness in general and in the context of learning and its assessment in particular.
- 7. Helping students master the basic reflective, analytical, scientific writing, computational and communicative competencies.
- 8. Developing respect for social diversity and increasing social and cultural relevance of learning.

Programme Outcomes?????

PROGRAM SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSO) of BA Anthropology

- **PSO 1.** Graduate will be able to understand human adaptability in different geographical areas thereby understanding existing culture and practices and vice-versa.
- **PSO 2.** Graduate will be able to understand Human evolution and cultural diversity which throws light on the human origin and its reasons for variability.
- **PSO 3.** Graduate will be able to apply Anthropological Knowledge in Contemporary social issues such as health, education, development and human rights. Thereby participate in policy making and advocacy in influencing public policies and programs
- **PSO 4:** Graduates will have critical and insightful understanding of existing anthropological methods and methodology to address social issues. Thereby, encourage students for personal growth and self-reflection to develop as informed, responsible and engaged global citizens.

Structure for Four-Year Undergraduate Programme in Anthropology (Choice Based Credit System)

Semester I

Paper Code	Paper Title	Maximum Marks			Credit Distribution	Total Credits	Contact Hours
		Internal	Internal Semester Total		L:T:P		
		marks	Exam				
ANT-CC-1110	Introduction to Social &	20	80	100	3:0:1	4	75
	Cultural Anthropology						
XXX-MC-1110	Should be opted from other discipline	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	75
XXX-MD-1110	Should be opted from other discipline	20	80	100	2:1:0	3	60
AE-CC-1110*	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	75
XXX-SE-1110	Should be opted from other discipline	20	80	100	2:1:0	3	60
EVS-VA-1110	Should be opted from other discipline	20	80	100	2:0:0	2	30
	Total Credit of Semester I						

Semester II (UC Certificate)

Paper Code	Paper Title	Maximum Marks			Credit Distribution	Total Credits	Contact Hours
		Internal Semester Total marks Exam		L:T:P			
ANT-CC-1210	Introduction to Biological	20	80	100	3:0:1	4	75
	Anthropology						
XXX-MC-1210	Should be opted from other discipline	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	75
XXX-MD-1210	Should be opted from other discipline	20	80	100	2:1:0	3	60
AE-CC-1210*	Ability Enhancement	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	75
	Compulsory Course						
XXX-SE-1210	Should be opted from other discipline	20	80	100	2:1:0	3	60
EVS-VA-1120	Should be opted from other discipline	20	80	100	2:0:0	2	30
Total Credit of Semester II						20	

Semester III

Paper Code	Paper Title	Ma	aximum Marl	CS	Credit Distribution	Total Credits	Contact Hours
		Internal marks	Semester Exam	Total	L:T:P		
ANT-CC-2110	Introduction to Archeological Anthropology	20	80	100	3:0:1	4	75
ANT-CC-2120	Family, Kinship, Marriage	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	75
XXX-MC-2110	Should be opt from other discipline	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	75
XXX-MD-2110	Should be opt from other discipline	20	80	100	2:1:0	3	60
XXX-SE-2110	Should be opted from other discipline	20	80	100	2:1:0	3	60
XYZ-VA-1130	Should be opted from other discipline	20	80	100	2:0:0	2	30
Total C	redit of Semester III					20	

Semester IV (UG Diploma)

Paper Code	Paper Title	Ma	ximum Mar	ks	Credit	Total	Contact
						Credits	Hours
		Internal	Semester	Total	L:T:P		
		marks	Exam				
ANT-CC-2210	Paleoanthropology	20	80	100	3:0:1	4	75
ANT-CC-2220	Anthropology of Practice	20	20 80 100			4	75
ANT-CC-2230	Environmental	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	75
	Anthropology						
ANT-CC-2240	Anthropology of Religion	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	75
XXX-MC-2210	Should be opted from other	20 80 100		3:1:0	4	75	
	discipline						
Total Credit of Semester IV						20	

Semester V

Paper Code	Paper Title	Ma	Maximum Marks			Total Credits	Contact Hours
		Internal	Internal Semester Total		L:T:P		
		marks	Exam				
ANT-CC-3110	Indian Archeology	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	75
ANT-CC-3120	Human Genetics	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	75
ANT-CC-3130	Society and Economic	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	75
	System						
ANT-CC-3140	Biological Anthropology	20	80	100	0:0:2	2	60
	Practicum						
ANT-IN-3110	Fieldwork	20	80	100	0:0:2	2	60
XXX-MC-3110	Should be opted from other discipline	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	75
Total Credit of Semester V						20	

Semester VI (UG Degree)

Paper Code	Paper Title	Ma	Maximum Marks			Total Credits	Contact Hours
		Internal			L:T:P		
		marks	Exam				
ANT-CC-3210	Political Anthropology	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	75
ANT-CC-3220	Anthropology in India	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	75
ANT-CC-3230	Tribes and Peasants of	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	75
	India						
ANT-CC-3240	Primatology	20	80	100	3:0:1	4	75
XXX-MC-3210	Should be opted from other discipline	20 80 100		3:1:0	4	75	
Total Cr	Total Credit of Semester VI			<u>"</u>		20	

Semester VII

Paper Code	Paper Title	M	aximum Mark	S	Credit	Total	Contact
					Distribution	Credits	Hours
		Internal	Internal Semester Total				
		marks	Exam				
ANT-CC-4110	Theories of Anthropology	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	75
ANT-CC-4120	Anthropological Methods	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	75
ANT-CC-4130	Human Growth and	20	80	100	3:0:1	4	75
	Development						
ANT-CC-4140	Medical Anthropology	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	75
XXX-MC-	Should be opted from other	20 80 100		3:1:0	4	75	
4110	discipline						
Total C	Total Credit of Semester VII					20	

Semester VIII (UG Degree with Honours)

Paper Code	Paper Title	Ma	ximum Mark	S	Credit	Total	Contact
	_					Credits	Hours
		Internal	Semester	Total	L:T:P		
		marks	Exam				
ANT-CC-4210	Fieldwork and Report	20	80	100	0:0:4	4	120
	Writing						
ANT-CC-4220	Physiological	20	80	100	3:0:1	4	75
	Anthropology						
ANT-CC-4230	Demographic	20	80	100	3:0:1	4	75
	Anthropology						
ANT-CC-4240	Forensic Anthropology	20	80	100	3:0:1	4	75
ANT-CC-4250	Development	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	75
	Anthropology						
ANT-CC-4260	Food and Culture	20	80	100	3:0:1	4	75
ANT-CC-4270	Anthropology of Gender	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	75
ANT-MC-4210	Research Publication Ethics	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	75
Total Cı	redit of Semester VIII					20	

^{*}ANT-CC-4210 is compulsory; student should select 3 from the remaining core courses. Students may opt either 4220, 4230 and 4240 or 4250, 4260 and 4270.

Semester VIII (UG Degree with Honours and Research)

Paper Code	Paper Title	Ma	ximum Mark	S	Credit Distribution	Credits	Contact Hours
		Internal Semester Total			L:T:P		
		marks	Exam				
ANT-CC-4210	Dissertation	20	80	100	0:0:12	12	360
ANT-CC-4220	Recent trends in	20	80	100	3:0:1	4	75
	Anthropology						
ANT-MC-4210	Research Publication Ethics	20 80 100		3:1:0	4	75	
Total Credit of Semester VIII						20	

Minor Course/ Multi-disciplinary Course/ Skill Enhancement Course offered by the Department for four years degree programme

List of Minor Courses (MC) offered by the department of Anthropology

Sem	Paper Code	Paper Title	Max	kimum Mark	S	Credit Distribution	Total	Contact
							Credits	Hours
			Internal	Semester	Total	L:T:P		
			marks	Exam				
I	ANT-MC-1110	Society and Culture	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	60
II	ANT-MC-1210	Human Evolution	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	60
III	ANT-MC-2110	Prehistoric	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	60
		Archeology						
IV	ANT-MC-2210	Human Ecology and	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	60
		Adaptation						
V	ANT-MC-3110	Economy and Polity	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	60
VI	ANT-MC-3210	Tribes, Peasant and	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	60
		State						
VII	ANT-MC-4110	Research	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	60
		Methodology						
VIII	ANT-MC-4210	Research Publication	20	80	100	3:1:0	4	60
		Ethics						

List of Multi-Disciplinary Courses (MDC) offered by the department of Anthropology

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Sem	Paper Code	Paper Title	Maximum Marks			Credit	Total	Contact
						Distribution	Credits	Hour
			Internal	Semester	Total	L:T:P		
			marks	Exam				
I	ANT-MD-1110	Tourism	20	80	100	2:1:0	3	45
		Anthropology						
II	ANT-MD-1210	Material Culture and	20	80	100	2:1:0	3	45
		Museum						
III	ANT-MD-2110	Tribes of India	20	80	100	2:1:0	3	45

List of Skill Enhancement Courses (SEC) offered by the department of Anthropology

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Sem	Paper Code	Paper Title	Maximum Marks			Credit	Total	Contact
						Distribution	Credits	Hour
			Internal Semester Total			L:T:P		
			marks	marks Exam				
I	ANT-SE-1110	Media Anthropology	20	80	100	2:1:0	3	45
II	ANT-SE-1210	Public Health	20	80	100	2:1:0	3	45

SEMESTER-1

SI ANT-CC-1110: Introduction to Social and Cultural Anthropology

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 0, Practical = 1]

Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 00, Practical = 30, Total = 75

Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80, Practical Exam = 100

Learning Objectives

LO1: To introduce the relevance of Social Anthropology and its relevance with other discipline

LO2: To study the different concepts in relation to society and institutions in society

LO3: To teach the students cultural setting of language and its associated concepts.

Course Outcomes

CO 1: The students will learn about the scope and relevance of Social-Cultural Anthropology and its relationship with other branches of anthropology.

CO 2: They will learn about concepts of society, culture, social stratification, etc.

CO 3: They will also learn about important institutions like family, marriage, and kinship.

CO 4: From the practical component they will learn how to follow up some of the commonly used techniques of data collection in Social-Cultural Anthropology.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact	CO
		Hours	
1	Emergence and Historical Development of Social Anthropology Early	15	1
	writings: Colonial accounts of travelers and administrators; Ethnography,		
	Ethnology, and Social Anthropology; Scope and Relevance; Relationship		
	with other disciplines.		
2	Concept of Culture	15	1, 2
	Culture and its attributes, enculturation, Ethnocentrism, Cultural Relativism,		
	Paradoxes of Culture, Cultural Change, Cultural Trait, Culture Complex,		
	Culture Area, Tangible and Intangible Culture.		
3	Concept of Society	15	2, 3
	Concept of Society, Status and Role, Group, Association, Communities and		
	Institutions, Social Fact, Social Action, Social Conflict.		
4	Fieldwork Tradition in Anthropology	15	4
	History of fieldwork tradition in Anthropology with special reference to		
	British, American and Indian Tradition; Basic techniques of fieldwork		
	Relevance of fieldwork; Ethics in fieldwork.		

Course Content: Practicum

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
P1	Tools and techniques in collection of data in Social	30	4
	Anthropology – Observation, Interview, Questionnaire		
	and Schedule, Case study, Life history, genealogy		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	1	2	3	-	_	1	_	-	1	-	3	3	1
CO2	-	-	2	2	-	-	3	2	-	1	-	2	2	3
CO3	2	2	2	2	3	3	-	2	2	3	-	1	2	3
CO4	1	1	2	2	3	2	_	1	2	3	1	_	3	3
Average	1.25	1	2	2.25	1.5	1.25	1	1.25	1	2	0.25	1.5	2.5	2.5

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

- 1. Beattie, J. 1964. Other Cultures. London: Cohen & West Limited.
- 2. Bernard, H.R. 1940. Research Methods in Cultural Anthropology. Newbury Park: Sage.
- 3. Davis, K. 1981. *Human Society*. New Delhi: Surject Publications.
- 4. Ember, C. R. et al. 2011. Anthropology. New Delhi: Dorling Kindersley.
- 5. Ferraro, G. and Andreatta S. 2008. In *Cultural Anthropology: An Applied Perspective*. Belmont: Wadsworth.
- 6. Hickerson, NP. 1980. *Linguistic Anthropology*. New York: Holt, Rinehart and Winston.
- 7. Parsons, T. 1968. The Structure of Social Action. New York: Free Press.
- 8. Rapport, N. and Overing J. 2004. *Key Concepts in Social and Cultural Anthropology*. London: Routledge.
- 9. Royal Anthropological Institute of Great Britain and Ireland. 1971. Methods. In *Notes and Queries on Anthropology*. London: Routledge & Kegan Paul Ltd.

SI ANT-MC-1110: Society and Culture

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]

Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 30, Practical = 00, Total = 75 Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80

Learning Objectives

LO1: To introduce the relevance of Social Anthropology and its relevance with other discipline

LO2: To study the different concepts in relation to society and institutions in society

LO3: *To teach the students cultural setting of language and its associated concepts.*

Course Outcomes

CO 1: The students will learn about the scope and relevance of Social-Cultural Anthropology and its relationship with other branches of anthropology.

CO 2: They will learn about concepts of society, culture, social stratification, etc.

CO 3: They will also learn about important institutions like family, marriage, and kinship.

CO 4: They will learn how to follow up some of the commonly used techniques of data collection in Social-Cultural Anthropology.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	СО
T1	Emergence and Historical Development of Social Anthropology Early	15	1
	writings: Colonial accounts of travelers and administrators; Ethnography,		
	Ethnology, and Social Anthropology; Scope and Relevance; Relationship		
	with other disciplines.		
T2	Concept of Culture:	15	1, 2
	Culture and its attributes, enculturation, Ethnocentrism, Cultural Relativism,		
	Paradoxes of Culture, Cultural Change, Cultural Trait, Culture Complex,		
	Culture Area, Tangible and Intangible Culture.		
T3	Concept of Society:	15	2, 3
	Concept of Society, Status and Role, Group, Association, Communities and		
	Institutions, Social Fact, Social Action, Social Conflict.		
T4	Fieldwork Tradition in Anthropology:	15	4
	History of fieldwork tradition in Anthropology with special reference to		
	British, American and Indian Tradition; Relevance of fieldwork; Ethics in		
	fieldwork.		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	1	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	3	3	1
CO2	-	-	2	2	-	-	3	2	-	1	-	2	2	3
CO3	2	2	2	2	3	3	-	2	2	3	-	1	2	3
CO4	1	1	2	2	3	2	_	1	2	3	1	_	3	3
Average	1.25	1	2	2.25	1.5	1.25	1	1.25	1	2	0.25	1.5	2.5	2.5

- 1. Beattie, J. 1964. Other Cultures. London: Cohen & West Limited.
- 2. Bernard, H.R. 1940. Research Methods in Cultural Anthropology. Newbury Park: Sage.
- 3. Davis, K. 1981. Human Society. New Delhi: Surject Publications.
- 4. Delaney, C. 2004. Orientation and disorientation. In *Investigating Culture: An Experiential Introduction to Anthropology*. Wiley-Blackwell.
- 5. Ember, C. R. et al. 2011. *Anthropology*. New Delhi: Dorling Kindersley.
- 6. Ferraro, G. and Andreatta S. 2008. In *Cultural Anthropology: An Applied Perspective*. Belmont: Wadsworth.
- 7. Parsons, T. 1968. The Structure of Social Action. New York: Free Press.
- 8. Rapport, N. and Overing J. 2004. *Key Concepts in Social and Cultural Anthropology*. London: Routledge.
- 9. Royal Anthropological Institute of Great Britain and Ireland. 1971. Methods. In *Notes and Queries on Anthropology*. London: Routledge & Kegan Paul Ltd.

SI ANT-MD-1110: Tourism Anthropology

Credit: 3 [Lecture = 2, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]

Credit Hour: Lecture = 30, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00, Total = 45

Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80, Practical Exam = 00

Learning Objectives

LO1: To introduce to the students the basics of tourism in Anthropological aspects

LO2: To teach the students tourism management and promotion through anthropological perspective

LO3: To make the students have internship with travel and tourism agencies and make them aware of how the whole process operates in both personal and public level of business.

Course Outcomes

CO 1: The students will learn about various types of tourism and how anthropologists look at them.

CO 2: They will also learn about various aspects of tourism management, promotion of tourism, local culture and local economy.

CO 3: From this course they will learn how tourism and travel agencies actually function, how they serve the tourists, and how they make a living not only for themselves but also for many engaged in subsidiary activities like providing transport, guide, etc.

CO 4: The students will learn and explore how tourism and local economy is interrelated and how tourism plays an important role in commodification of culture.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact	CO
		Hours	
T1	Tourism: anthropological aspects, ethnographer as tourist, pilgrimage	15	1,2
	tourism, ecotourism, adventure tourism, sports tourism, and food tourism.		
T2	Anthropology of Tourism Management, Tourism and Promotion/Protection	15	1, 2
	Of Local Culture And Heritage, Sustainable Tourism.		
T3	Tourism and local economy, tourism and commodification of culture,	15	2, 3, 4
	Internet and tourism.		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

FF8	_													
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	1	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	3	3	1
CO2	-	-	2	2	-	-	3	2	-	1	-	2	2	3
CO3	2	2	2	2	3	3	-	2	2	3	-	1	2	3
CO4	1	1	2	2	3	2	-	1	2	3	1	-	3	3
Average	1.25	1	2	2.25	1.5	1.25	1	1.25	1	2	0.25	1.5	2.5	2.5

- 1. Chambers, E. 2000. Native Tours: The Anthropology of Travel and Tourism. Prospect Heights: Waveland.
- 2. Crick, M. 1995. The Anthropologist as Tourist: An Identity in Question. In Lanfant, M.F., Allcock, J.B., Bruner, E.M. (eds.) International Tourism: Identity and Change. London: Sage
- 3. Crick, M. 1994. Anthropology and the Study of Tourism: Theoretical and Personal Reflections. In Crick, M. (ed.). Resplendent Sites, Discordant Voices: Sri Lankans and International Tourism. Chur: Harwood Publishers.
- 4. Dann, G. 2002. The Tourist as a Metaphor of the Social World. Wallingford: CAB International.
- 5. Dann, G.M.S., Nash, D. and Pearce, P.L. 1988. Methodology in Tourism Research. Annals of Tourism Research
- 6. Gmelch, S.B. 2004. Tourists and Tourism: A Reader. Long Grove: Waveland.
- 7. Graburn, N.H.H. 1977. Tourism: The Sacred Journey. Hosts and Guests: The Anthropology of Tourism. Valene L. Smith, ed. Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania Press
- 8. Lippard, L.R. 1999. On the Beaten Track: Tourism, Art and Place. New Press. Nash, D. 1996. Anthropology of Tourism. New York: Pergamon.

SI ANT-SE-1110: Media Anthropology

Credit: 3 [Lecture = 2, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]

Credit Hour: Lecture = 30, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00, Total = 45 Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80

Learning Objectives

LO1: To introduce media Anthropology along with its scope, objectives and its history of evolution

LO2: To introduce the students to social sites associated with filming and TV production along with the constraints faced by media house and its activities as a whole

LO3: To teach the students how to prepare detailed report after internship with media station (Radio and TV)

Course Outcomes

CO 1: They will also learn about film and TV production, journalism and advertising, and social media.

CO 2: The students will learn about media anthropology and media technology

CO 3: From the course they will learn how a radio or TV station actually functions, how the programmes are prepared, edited, advertised and finally broadcast or aired.

CO 4: The students will be able to learn and explore media and communication and the importance of communication for development of social media and youths.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact	CO
		Hours	
T1	Introduction to Media Anthropology: its objectives and scope,	15	1,2
	history and evolution of media, language and communication,		
	models of communication, culture and communication,		
	technology and media, media and production of material object.		
T2	Social sites of film and TV production, exigencies of	15	1, 2
	commercial filmmaking, Journalism and advertising.		
T3	Indigenous Media, types of Indigenous Media and	15	3, 4
	communication and communication for development social		
	media and youths.		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	1	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	3	3	1
CO2	-	-	2	2	-	-	3	2	-	1	-	2	2	3
CO3	2	2	2	2	3	3	-	2	2	3	-	1	2	3
CO4	1	1	2	2	3	2	_	1	2	3	1	_	3	3
Average	1.25	1	2	2.25	1.5	1.25	1	1.25	1	2	0.25	1.5	2.5	2.5

- 1. Briggs, A. and Burke, P. 2013. A social history of the media. 3rd Ed. Cambridge: Polity. Durham, M.and Keller, D. 2012. Media and cultural studies, 2nd Ed. Malden: Wiley- Blackwell.
- 2. Escobar, A. 1994. Welcome to Cyberia: Notes on the Anthropology of Cyber culture. Current Anthropology, 35(3): 211-232.
- 3. Fromming, U., Kohn, S., Fox, S., Terry, M. (eds). 2017. Digital Environments: Ethnographic perspectives across global online and offline spaces. Berlin: Deutsche National bibliografie.
- 4. Horst, H. and Miller, D. 2012. Digital anthropology. London: Berg. 90
- 5. Madianou, M. and Miller, D. 2012. Migration and New Media: Transnational Families and Polymedia. Cambridge: Polity Press.
- 6. Miller, D.(ed).2009. Anthropolology of the Individual. Oxford: Berg.
- 7. Miller, D. 2018. Digital Anthropology. The Cambridge Encyclopedia of Anthropology.
- 8. Rothenbuhler, Eric W., Coman, Mihai. 2005. Media Anthropology. California: Sage.

SEMESTER-II

SII ANT-CC-1210: Introduction to Biological Anthropology

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 0, Practical = 1]	
Credit Hour:90 [Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 00, Practical = 30] Total = 75	
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80, Practical Exam = 100	

Learning Objective (LO)

To understand the basic concept and historical development of Biological Anthropology, theories of evolution, human skeleton, and the concept of race.

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO 1: Student will learn about history of Biological Anthropology and its relation to other disciplines.
- CO 2: Student will learn about various theories of human evolution.
- CO 3: Student will also learn about the human skeleton and how it changes due to erect posture.
- CO 4: Student will learn about the concept of human race.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Conten	·	Contact	CO
			Hours	
T1	-	v, Concepts, Aim and Scope:	15	1
	i.	Definition, Scope, History and Development of Biological		
	ii.	Anthropology. Relationship of Biological Anthropology with other branch of		
	11.	Anthropology and other allied Disciplines.		
T2	Theory	of Evolution:	15	2
	i.	Concept of micro and macro evolution; Process and principles of evolution – convergence, parallelism, adaptive radiation, speciation	13	2
		and irreversibility		
	ii.	Theory of Organic evolution – Lamarkism, Neo-Lamarkism, Darwinism and Synthetic theory of Evolution		
T3	Human	Skeleton	15	2, 3
13	i.	Definition and Function of human skeleton; Types of bones.	13	2, 3
	ii.	Osteology: Cranium, vertebral column, pectoral girdle, thoracic cage, pelvic girdle, upper and lower extremity bones –features of		
	:::	the constituent bones.		
	iii.	Human dentition (basic structural features) and dental formula (deciduous and permanent) and evolutionary significance.		
	iv.	Modifications of human skeleton as consequences of evolution- erect posture& bipedal gait.		
T4	Human	Variation and Concept of Race:	15	2, 4
	i.	Concept of population diversity: Race to Ethnic Group;	13	2, 1
		Geographical distribution and features of major races/ population of mankind (Caucasoid, Negroid and Mongoloid).		
	ii.	UNESCO statement of race (1950,1952).		
	iii.	Racial/ ethnic composition of the population of undivided India by H.H. Risley, B.S. Guha and S. S. Sarkar.		

Course Content: Practicum

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
P1	Cranial osteology: Five different views of human skull – Frontal, Lateral,	10	3
	Occipital, Basal and Vertex view; features of the constituent bones		
P2	Post-cranial osteology: Vertebral column, scapula, clavicle, humerus,	20	3
	radius, ulna, innominate, femur, tibia, fibula, Foot and Hand bones;		
	Determination of side of the bones		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	2	3	3	1	-
CO2	3	3	2	3	1	2	1	1	2	1	3	3	2	-
CO3	-	3	2	2	1	3	1	1	1	-	2	3	2	3
CO4	-	1	3	1	1	3	2	2	-	-	2	3	2	3
Avg	1.5	1.75	1.75	2.25	0.75	2.0	1.0	0.5	1.5	0.75	2.5	3.0	1.75	1.5

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

- 1. Das, B.M. 2013. Outlines of Physical Anthropology. Allahabad: Kitab Mahal.
- 2. Jurmain, R., Kilgore, L., Trevathan, W., Ciochon, R.L. 2012. Introduction to Physical Anthropology. Wadsworth Publ.
- 3. Molnar, Stephen. 1975. Human Variations: Race Types and Ethnic Groups. London: Routledge.
- 4. Stanford, C., Allen, J.S. and Anton, S.C. 2010. Exploring Biological Anthropology: The Essentials. Prentice-Hall.
- 5. Statement on Race: Annotated Elaboration and Exposition of the Four Statements on Race 1972. Issued by UNESCO. Oxford University Press.

SII ANT-MC-1210: Human Evolution

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]
Credit Hour:90 [Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00 Total = 60
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80

Learning Objective (LO)

To understand the basic concept and historical development of Biological Anthropology, theories of evolution, human skeleton, and the concept of race.

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO 1: Student will learn about history of Biological Anthropology and its relation to other disciplines.
- CO 2: Student will learn about various theories of human evolution.
- CO 3: Student will also learn about the Non-Human Primates and relation with human.
- CO 4: Student will learn about the concept of human race.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	СО
T1	History, Concepts, Aim and Scope:	15	1
	Definition, Scope, History and Development of Biological		
	Anthropology.		
	Relationship of Biological Anthropology with other branch of		
	Anthropology and other allied Disciplines.	4.5	
T2	Theory of Evolution:	15	2
	Concept of micro and macro evolution; Process and principles of		
	evolution – convergence, parallelism, adaptive radiation, speciation and		
	irreversibility		
	Theory of Organic evolution – Lamarkism, Neo-Lamarkism, Darwinism		
	and Synthetic theory of Evolution		
T3	The Primates	15	2, 3
	Classification and characteristics of living primates, Primate radiation,		
	Primate Locomotion, Comparative anatomy and behaviour of human		
	and non-human primates, Significance of non-human primate study in		
	biological anthropology		
T4	Human Variation and Concept of Race:	15	2, 4
	Concept of population diversity: Race to Ethnic Group; Geographical		
	distribution and features of major races/ population of mankind		
	(Caucasoid, Negroid and Mongoloid).		
	UNESCO statement of race (1950,1952).		
	Racial/ ethnic composition of the population of undivided India by H.H.		
	Risley, B.S. Guha and S. S. Sarkar.		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	11 8													
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	2	3	3	1	-
CO2	3	3	2	3	1	2	1	-	2	1	3	3	2	-
CO3	-	3	2	2	1	3	1	-	1	-	2	3	2	3
CO4	-	1	3	1	1	3	2	2	-	-	2	3	2	3
Avg	1.5	1.75	1.75	2.25	0.75	2.0	1.0	0.5	1.5	0.75	2.5	3.0	1.75	1.5

- 1. Das, B.M. 2013. Outlines of Physical Anthropology. Allahabad: Kitab Mahal.
- 2. Jurmain, R., Kilgore, L., Trevathan, W., Ciochon, R.L. 2012. Introduction to Physical Anthropology. Wadsworth Publ.
- 3. Molnar, Stephen. 1975. Human Variations: Race Types and Ethnic Groups. London: Routledge.
- 4. Stanford, C., Allen, J.S. and Anton, S.C. 2010. Exploring Biological Anthropology: The Essentials. Prentice-Hall.
- 5. Statement on Race: Annotated Elaboration and Exposition of the Four Statements on Race 1972. Issued by UNESCO. Oxford University Press.

SII ANT-MD-1210: Material Culture & Museum

Credit: 3 [Lecture = 2, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]	
Credit Hour:90 [Lecture = 30, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00 Total = 45	
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80	

Learning Objective (LO)

L1: To understand the significance of anthropological museum as cultural institution.

L2: To know the basic concepts and strategics of museum for preserving and promoting cultural heritage resource.

Course Outcomes (CO)

CO1: The students will learn about history of museums in India and the relationship between museums and anthropology.

CO2: They will learn about museum collection, documentation and display.

CO3: They will also learn about security, storage and marketing.

CO4: From the practical component they will learn about how to document, conserve and prepare a profile of a museum.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	СО
T1	History and Development:	15	1
	Definitions and objectives, history of museums in India, relationship		
	between anthropology and museum		
T2	Museum collection, documentation and display: Collection: purchase,	15	2
	gift, fieldwork, treasure trove, bequest, exchange, loan; documentation:		
	need, methods of documentation; display: permanent exhibition,		
	temporary exhibition, travelling exhibition.		
T3	Museum storage, security, and marketing:	15	3, 4
	Storage: need, various facilities for storage, security against theft, fire		
	and other disaster; marketing: understanding its market, marketing and		
	developing new audience; Causes of decay and deterioration of museum		
	objects, care, handling, packing, cleaning and repairing of museum		
	objects		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	2	3	3	1	-
CO2	3	3	2	3	1	2	1	-	2	1	3	3	2	-
CO3	-	3	2	2	1	3	1	-	1	-	2	3	2	3
CO4	-	1	3	1	1	3	2	2	-	-	2	3	2	3
Avg	1.5	1.75	1.75	2.25	0.75	2.0	1.0	0.5	1.5	0.75	2.5	3.0	1.75	1.5

- 1. Appadurai, Arjun. (1986). *The Social life of things*. New York: Cambridge University Press
- 2. Gell, Alfred. (1998). Art and Agency: An anthropology theory. Clarendon Press
- 3. Ingold, Tim. (2002). Companion Encyclopedia of Anthropology. London: Routledge
- 4. Miller, Daniel. (1997). *Material Cultures: Why some things matter*? London: Routledge.
- 5. Marwah, I.S. and V.K. Srivastava. (1987). Khel gate and social structure: a study of their relationship and a note on the place of material culture in anthropology. *Indian Anthropologist*, 17 (2): 63-99

SII ANT-SE-1210: Anthropology of Public Health

Credit: 3 [Lecture = 2, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]
Credit Hour:90 [Lecture = 30, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00 Total = 45
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80

Learning Objectives

LO1: This paper attempts to highlight and introduce the basic principles of anthropology of public health.

LO2: The students will be able to understand the inter linkages between health and culture, insight into the dynamics of disease outbreaks, differentiating between pandemics, epidemics, and endemic diseases.

LO3: Students will develop a comprehensive understanding of various health care issues along with critical environmental issues that impact public health, such as the need for a clean environment, including air and water quality, and effective solid waste management.

Course Outcomes

CO 1: Students will be able to define and articulate the scope of public health, tracing its historical evolution and examining the relationship between culture and health. They will understand the fundamental concepts of health and disease, the classification of diseases, and the multifaceted determinants of health.

CO 2: Students will gain insight into the dynamics of disease outbreaks, differentiating between pandemics, epidemics, and endemic diseases. They will learn strategies for the prevention of communicable diseases and the control of non-communicable diseases, along with understanding the challenges associated with disease prevention and control.

CO 3: Students will understand the critical environmental issues that impact public health, such as the need for a clean environment, including air and water quality, and effective solid waste management. They will appreciate how environmental factors contribute to health outcomes and the importance of sustainable practices in public health.

CO 4: Students will develop a thorough understanding of the health care system in India, including its organization, governance, and health financing mechanisms. They will be able to critically assess the strengths and weaknesses of the Indian health care system and propose improvements based on evidence and best practices.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact	CO
		Hours	
1	Definition and scope of public health, history of public health,	15	1, 3
	culture and health; Concept of health and disease; classification of		
	diseases; determinants of health – physical environment, social		
	environment, genetic inheritance.		
2	Disease outbreak – pandemic, epidemic and endemic; prevention	15	2, 3
	of communicable diseases; control of non-communicable diseases;		
	challenges in prevention and control of diseases		
3	Environmental issues in public health – clean environment, air,	15	3, 4
	water, solid waste, Health Care system in India – organization,		
	governance and health financing		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	1	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	3	3	1
CO2	-	-	2	2	-	-	3	2	-	1	-	2	2	3
CO3	2	2	2	2	3	3	-	2	2	3	-	1	2	3
CO4	1	1	2	2	3	2	-	1	2	3	1	-	3	3
Average	1.25	1	2	2.25	1.5	1.25	1	1.25	1	2	0.25	1.5	2.5	2.5

- 1. Selvaraj S, Karan AK, et al., 2022. India Health System Review, Asia Pacific Observatory on Health Systems and policies, World Health organization.
- 2. Chokshi M, Patil B, Khanna R, Neogi SB, Sharma J, Paul VK, Zodpey S. Health systems in India. J Perinatol. 2016 Dec;36(s3): S9-S12. doi: 10.1038/jp.2016.184.
- 3. Goldsteen RL, Goldsteen K and Graham DG. 2011. Introduction to Public Health, Springer publishing company, New York
- 4. Schneider MJ and Schneider HS. 2017. Introduction to Public Health, 5th Ed. Jones and Bartlett Learning
- 5. Shultz J M, Sullivan LM and Galea S. 2021. An Introduction to the Science and Practice of population Health, Springer Publishing Company, New York
- 6. Turnock, B. 2011. Essentials of Public Health. Jones & Bartlett Publisher

SEMESTER-III

SIII ANT-CC-2110: Introduction to Archeological Anthropology

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 0, Practical = 1]	
Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 00, Practical = 30, Total = 75	
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80, Practical Exam = 20	0

Learning Objectives

The course aims to focus the anthropological perspectives of archaeological materials. This will provide a brief idea about the origin, development and distribution of mankind with a sense of chronology, typo-technology and culture in the course of reconstruction of human evolution.

Course Outcomes

CO 1: Demonstrate the understanding of the lithic industry.

CO 2: Identify prehistoric tools in situ.

CO 3: Describe the stratigraphic context of the tools.

CO 4: Describe the concept of Museum Methods and CRM and interdisciplinary approaches of History and Archeology.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
T1	Introduction	15	1
	Definition, aims and objectives of archeological anthropology;		
	relation with other branches of anthropology; allied subjects: History,		
	Geography, Geology and Paleontology. Major Fields of archeological		
	anthropology - Ethnoarcheology, Environmental Archeology and		
	New Archeology.		
T2	Geological Time Scale and Dating Methods	15	2
	Basic concept of geological knowledge in archeology: Geological		
	Time Scale, Pleistocene and Holocene epoch; Dating methods in		
	archeology (relative and absolute dating) – Stratigraphy, Fluorine		
	Test, Radiocarbon, Potassium Argon, Thermoluminescence and		
	Dendrochronology.		
T3	Reconstruction of the archeological period	15	3
	The Lithic Era: (Paleolithic, Mesolithic and Neolithic) – Tools and		
	technology of Paleolithic Period (Lower, Middle and Upper		
	Paleolithic Periods), Mesolithic Period, Neolithic Period; The		
	Neolithic Revolution (Emergence of agriculture and other major		
	developments). Pottery Traditions, Megalithic Traditions,		
	Chalcolithic Period, Iron Age. Beads.		
T4	Modern Trends in Archeology	15	4
	Cultural Resource Management, Heritage studies and		
	interdisciplinary approach; Museum Methods, Historical Approach,		
	Numismatics, fieldwork methods in archeological anthropology:		
	exploration and excavation. Latest developments in archeological		
	discovery.		

Course Content: Practicum

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
P1	Identification, description and drawing of stone tools: Upper	15	3
	Paleolithic, Middle Paleolithic and Lower Paleolithic tools.		
	Mesolithic and Neolithic tools.		
P2	Identification, reconstruction, description and drawing of potsherds	15	4

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	4	3	2	1	1	1	2	3	3	1	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	1	2	1	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
Avg	2.5	2.25	1.5	1.75	2	1.5	2	2.25	1.75	2	2	2	2	2

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

- 1. Bhattacharya, D. K (2006). *An outline of Indian Prehistory*. Palaka Prakashan Delhi.
- 2. Bhattacharya, D.K. (1977). Palaeolithic Europe. Netherland: Humanities press.
- 3. Chaudhuri, SK, SS Chaudhuri. (2018). Beads of Arunachal Pradesh: Emerging Cultural Contexts. Nyogi Books, New Delhi.
- 4. Hazarika, Manjil. 2017. Prehistory and Archaeology of Northeast India: Multidisciplinary Investigation in an Archaeological Terra Incognita. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 5. Milan Kumar Chauley and Manjil Hazarika (Eds). 2021. Archaeology in Northeast India Recent Trends and Future Prospects Essays Celebrating 150 Years of Research. New Delhi: Research India Press.
- 6. Sankalia, H.D. (1982). *Stone Age Tools: Their Techniques, Names and Probable Functions*. Poona: Deccan College.

SIII ANT-CC-2120: Kinship, Marriage and Family

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]

Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00, Total = 60 Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80

Learning Objectives

LO1: Demonstrate understanding of key anthropological debates and approaches to family, marriage and kinship.

LO2: Differentiate between different kinds of marriage rules, kinship system and family types.

LO3: Students will be able to understand the recent changes in the family, marriage and kinship system.

Course Outcomes

CO 1: Students will gain a comprehensive understanding of various kinship systems and terminologies across different cultures. They will learn to identify and analyze kinship patterns, including descent, lineage, and clan structures, and understand how these systems influence social organization and individual roles within societies.

CO 2: Students will be able to analyze diverse marriage practices and theories of marital alliances, such as endogamy, exogamy, polygamy, and monogamy. They will explore how marriage functions as a social institution, shaping social, economic, and political relationships within and between groups.

CO 3: Students will develop an understanding of the various forms and functions of family structures, including nuclear families, extended families, and joint families. They will study the roles and responsibilities within family units, the dynamics of family relationships, and the impact of cultural, economic, and social changes on family systems.

CO 4: Students will acquire knowledge in understanding the recent changes in kinship, marriage and family system.

Course Content

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
1	Understanding the Institution of Kinship	15	1
	The Concept of Kinship: Descent, Alliance and Cultural theories;		
	Principle of Descent: Unilineal, Double Descent, parallel descent,		
	Bilateral and Cognatic. Types of Kinship groups; moiety and		
	phratry, lineage and clan. Function of Kinship: Biological, Social,		
	Economic, Religious and Political and Kinship Terminology.		
2	Understanding the Institution of Marriage	15	2
	The concept of alliance and marriage: Definition, Problems of		
	Universal Definition of Marriage, Nature and Functions of Marriage,		
	Types and Rules of Marriage: Preferential and Prescribed Rules.		
	Marriage Payments: Bride Price/Bride Wealth, Dowry.		
3	Understanding the Institution of Family	15	3
	Meaning and Problems of definition; Approaches to the study of		
	Family; Domestic Group and Household; Characteristics, Functions		
	and Types of Family,		
4	Changes and transformation in kinship, family and marriage	15	4
	Recent changes in kinship, marriage and family system: impact of		
	westernization and modernization, globalization, feminism and new		
	technologies.		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	1	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	1	_	3	3	1
CO2	-	-	2	2	-	-	3	2	-	1	_	2	2	3
CO3	2	2	2	2	3	3	-	2	2	3	_	1	2	3
CO4	1	1	2	2	3	2	-	1	2	3	1	_	3	3
Average	1.25	1	2	2.25	1.5	1.25	1	1.25	1	2	0.25	1.5	2.5	2.5

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

- 1. Fortes, Meyer, and Evans-Pritchard. (1950) (4th edition). *African Political Systems*. London: Oxford University Press
- 2. Harris, C. C. (1990). *Kinship. Concepts in social thought*. Minneapolis: University of Minnesota Press.
- 3. Karve, Irawati. (1968). Kinship organization in India. London: Asia Publ. House.
- 4. Lévi-Strauss, Claude. (1969). *The elementary structures of kinship*. Boston: Beacon Press
- 5. Shah, A.M (1998). The Family in India: Critical Essays. New Delhi: Orient Longman
- 6. Stone, Linda and Diane E King. (2019). *Kinship and Gender: An Introduction* (6th edition). New York: Routledge.
- 7. Uberoi, Patricia (1994) *Family, Kinship and Marriage in India.* New Delhi: Oxford University Press.

SIII ANT-MC-2110: Prehistoric Archeology

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]							
Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00, Total = 60							
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80							

Learning Objectives

The course aims to focus the anthropological perspectives of archaeological materials. This will provide a brief idea about the origin, development and distribution of mankind with a sense of chronology, typo-technology and culture in the course of reconstruction of human evolution.

Course Outcomes

- CO 1: Demonstrate the understanding of the lithic industry.
- CO 2: Identify prehistoric tools in situ.
- CO 3: Describe the stratigraphic context of the tools.
- CO 4: Describe the concept of Museum Methods and CRM and interdisciplinary approaches of History and Archeology.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
T1	Introduction	15	1
	Definition, aims and objectives of archeological anthropology;		
	relation with other branches of anthropology; allied subjects: History,		
	Geography, Geology and Paleontology. Major Fields of archeological		
	anthropology - Ethnoarcheology, Environmental Archeology and		
	New Archeology.		
T2	Geological Time Scale and Dating Methods	15	2
	Basic concept of geological knowledge in archeology: Geological		
	Time Scale, Pleistocene and Holocene epoch; Dating methods in		
	archeology (relative and absolute dating) - Stratigraphy, Fluorine		
	Test, Radiocarbon, Potassium Argon, Thermoluminescence and		
	Dendrochronology.		
T3	Reconstruction of the archeological period	15	3
	The Lithic Era: (Paleolithic, Mesolithic and Neolithic) – Tools and		
	technology of Paleolithic Period (Lower, Middle and Upper		
	Paleolithic Periods), Mesolithic Period, Neolithic Period; The		
	Neolithic Revolution (Emergence of agriculture and other major		
	developments). Pottery Traditions, Megalithic Traditions,		
	Chalcolithic Period, Iron Age. Beads.		
T4	Modern Trends in Archeology	15	4
	Cultural Resource Management, Heritage studies and		
	interdisciplinary approach; Museum Methods, Historical Approach,		
	Numismatics, fieldwork methods in archeological anthropology:		
	exploration and excavation. Latest developments in archeological		
	discovery.		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	4	3	2	1	1	1	2	3	3	1	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	1	2	1	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
Avg	2.5	2.25	1.5	1.75	2	1.5	2	2.25	1.75	2	2	2	2	2

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

- 1. Bhattacharya, D.K (2006). An outline of Indian Prehistory. Palaka Prakashan Delhi.
- 2. Bhattacharya, D.K. (1977). Palaeolithic Europe. Netherland: Humanities press.
- 3. Chaudhuri, SK, SS Chaudhuri. (2018). Beads of Arunachal Pradesh: Emerging Cultural Contexts. Nyogi Books, New Delhi.
- 4. Hazarika, Manjil. 2017. Prehistory and Archaeology of Northeast India: Multidisciplinary Investigation in an Archaeological Terra Incognita. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 5. Milan Kumar Chauley and Manjil Hazarika (Eds). 2021. Archaeology in Northeast India Recent Trends and Future Prospects Essays Celebrating 150 Years of Research. New Delhi: Research India Press.
- 6. Sankalia, H.D. (1982). Stone Age Tools: Their Techniques, Names and Probable Functions. Poona: Deccan College.

SIII ANT-MD-2110: Tribes of India

Credit: 3 [Lecture = 2, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]
Credit Hour: Lecture = 30, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00, Total = 45
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80

Learning Objective:

The course is designed to help students understand the contested and problematic nature of the term 'tribe' and its definitional attributes. It also seeks to elucidate pressing issues faced by the tribes in India by focusing on the contemporary issues, challenges and crisis that confront the rural and tribal communities in India.

Course Outcomes:

CO 1: Comprehend the nature and concepts of tribe and indigenous communities considering their classification and distribution.

CO 2: Understand critical issues, problems and challenges related to tribal societies both in historical and comparative perspective

CO 3: Understand the challenges of tribal development and associated solutions

CO 4: Understand socio-economic and religious world view of tribal communities

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
T1	On the concept of tribe: Concept and approaches to the study of tribes; classification, distribution and cosmogeny of tribes in India; Scheduled Tribes, <i>Adivasi</i> and Indigenous people; Particularly Vulnerable Tribal Groups, De-notified and other nomadic communities.	15	1, 2
T2	Tribes and institutions Kinship system, types of family, rules of marriage, customary law and governance, subsistence economy and tribal market, tribal religion: nature-man-spirit complex, Gender and Tribe	15	4,1
T3	Issues in Tribal Development Problems of tribal communities in different parts of India; Displacement and Rehabilitation. Protest movements; impact of Modernization and Globalization, Tribal policies and programme; 5 th and 6 th schedule of the Constitution, Forest Rights Act, 2006 and PESA.	15	2, 3

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	1	1	3			2			2	3	3	2	2
CO2	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
CO3	2	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	2	3	2
CO4	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	2	2
Avg	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.75	1.5	1.75	2	1.5	1.5	2	2.75	2.5	2.5	2.25

- 1. Bailey, F.G. (1960). Tribes, Caste and Nations. Manchester University Press
- 2. Bhandari, J. S., and Subhadra Channa. (1997). *Tribes and government policies*. New Delhi: Cosmo Publications.
- 3. Channa, Subhadra Mitra. (2020). *Anthropological Perspectives on Indian Tribes*. New Delhi: Orient Black swan Private Limited.
- 4. Chaudhury, Sukant K, and Patnaik, Soumendra Mohan. (2008.) *Indian Tribes and the Mainstream*. New Delhi. Rawat Publications.
- 5. Fürer-Haimendorf, Christoph von. (1985). *Tribal populations and cultures of the Indian subcontinent*. Handbook of Studies Oriental Leiden: E.J. Brill.
- 6. Miri, Mrinal. (2003). *Identity and the moral life*. New Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 7. Xa-xa, Virginius. (2008). *State, Society, And Tribes: Issues In Post-Colonial India*. New Delhi: Dorling Kindersley (India)

SEMESTER-IV

SIV ANT-CC-2210: Paleoanthropology

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 0, Practical = 1]
Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 00, Practical = 30, Total = 75
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80, Practical Exam = 20

Learning Objective (LO)

To understand the primate evolution and dispersion of human with reference to geological time scale.

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO 1: They will learn about the problems and challenges in studying fossil records.
- CO 2: They will learn about evolution of non-human primates.
- CO 3: They will also learn about various stage of hominin evolution.
- CO 4: They will also learn about the theory of human dispersion.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Conten	it. Theory	Contact Hours	СО
T1		ology and Fossils	10	1
	i.	Taphonomy and interpretation of the paleontological and archaeological records	10	
	ii.	Taxonomic and chronological problems of fossils records; Geological Time Scale		
T2	Fossil	Primates	10	2
	i.	Oligocene anthropoids – Chronology, environmental background, distribution, anatomical features and phylogeny of <i>Apidium</i> , <i>Propliopithecus</i> and <i>Aegypithecus</i>		
	ii.	Miocene anthropoids – Chronology, environmental background, distribution, anatomical features and phylogeny of <i>Proconsul</i> , <i>Dryopithecus</i> , <i>Sivapithecus</i> , <i>Ramapithecus</i> and <i>Gygantopithecus</i>		
T3	Proto-	hominids of Pliocene and Pleistocene	15	3
	i.	Characteristics, distribution and phylogenetic position of Australopithecine - Sahelanthropus Tchadensis, OrrorinTugenensis, Ardipithecus		
	ii.	Characteristics, distribution and phylogenetic position of Australopithecine – anamensis, afarensis, africanus, boisei androbustus		
T4	Emerg	ence and Dispersion of Genus Homo	10	4
	i.	Characteristics, distribution and phylogenetic position of <i>Homo habilis</i> , <i>Homo erectus</i> , <i>Homo naledi</i> , <i>Homo denisova</i> and Neanderthal man and Archaic H. sapiens.		
	ii.	Theory of human dispersion: Neanderthal admixture, Out of Africa theory, Multi-regional theory; Recent advancement in human evolution studies		

Course Content: Practicum

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
P1	Drawing and identification of different fossils primates	10	2
P2	Drawing and identification of different hominins fossils -	20	3
	Australopithcine and Homo		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	2	-	3	3	-	3	2	3	-	3	3	1	1
CO2	3	2	-	2	2	3	2	2	1	-	3	2	2	1
CO3	3	1	3	1	1	2	1	1	2	3	3	3	2	3
CO4	3	1	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	3	3	2	3	3
Avg	3.0	1.5	1.0	1.5	1.75	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	3.0	2.5	2.0	2.0

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

- 1. Boyd, R. and Silk, J.B. 2009. How Humans Evolved. London: WW Norton.
- 2. Cameron, D.W. and Colin, P., Groves, C.P. 2004. *Bone, Stones and Molecules:* "Out of Africa" and Human Origins. Elsevier Inc.
- 3. Cela-conde, C.J. and Frisancho, J. 2007. *Human Evolution: Trails from the past*. Oxford University Press.
- 4. Lansen, C.S., Matter, R.M.andGebo, D.L.1998. *HumanOrigin: The fossil Record*. Waveland Press.
- 5. Napier, J.R. and Napier, P.H. 1985. *The Natural History of the Primates*. Cambridge, MA: The MIT Press.
- 6. Stringer, C. 2011. The Origin of Our Species. London: Allen Lane.
- 7. Conroy, G.C. 2005. Reconstructing Human Origins. WW Norton and Company.
- 8. Tattersall, I. 2009. *The Fossil Trail: How We Know What We Think We Know about Human Evolution*. New York: Oxford University Press.

SIV ANT-CC-2220: Anthropology in Practice

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]
Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00, Total = 60
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80, Practical Exam = 20

Learning Objective (LO)

To learn about the theoretical frameworks and methodological relationships in anthropology.

Course Outcomes (CO)

CO1: The students will learn about various applications of anthropological knowledge and techniques.

CO2: They will learn about the role of anthropology in development practices.

CO3: They will also learn about various constitutional provisions that protect human rights.

CO4: They will learn about how to prepare report on an NGO or a project on tourism.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
T1	Academics and practitioners:	15	1
	Differences between Applied Anthropology, Action		
	Anthropology and Development Anthropology; Trends in		
	Anthropology: Anthropology of Tourism, Anthropology of		
	Design and Fashion, Visual Anthropology.		
T2	Role of Anthropology in Development:	15	2
	Anthropology and Public Policy, Community Development,		
	Anthropology of NGOs, Management Anthropology, Cultural		
	resource management.		
T3	Constitutional Perspective and Human Rights:	15	3
	Constitutional Provisions, Human Rights including the rights of		
	special category and marginal groups, protection and		
	enforcement of human rights, national and state human rights		
	commissions and other grievance redressal mechanisms;		
	Emerging trends of human rights in respect of terrorism and		
	environment.		
T4	Biosocial anthropology in practice:	15	4
	Human Development Index, Forensic Anthropology, crime and		
	identification; biology and privacy.		

- 1. Basu, A. and P. Aaby. 1998. *The Methods and the Uses of Anthropological Demography*. Oxford: Clarendon Press.
- 2. Bhowmik, P.K. 1990. *Applied-Action-Development Anthropology*. Medinipur: Institute of Social Research and Applied Anthropology.
- 3. Census of India, 2001, 2011 and National Family Health Survey, 2006, 2010.
- 4. Ervic, Alxander M. 2000. Applied Anthropology: Tools and Perspectives for Contemporary Practice, Boston, MA: Allyn and Bacon.
- 5. Erwin, A. 2004. Applied Anthropology: Tools and Practice. Allyn and Bacon.
- 6. Goodale, M. 2009. Human Rights: An Anthropological Reader. Wiley Blackwell.
- 7. Halbar, B.G. and Khan, C.G.H. 1991. *Relevance of Anthropology The Indian Scenario*. Jaipur: Rawat Publications.
- 8. Margaret, A.G. 2003. *Applied Anthropology: A Career-Oriented Approach*, Boston: Allyn and Bacon.

SIV ANT-CC-2230: Environmental Anthropology

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]

Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00, Total = 60 Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80

Learning Objectives

LO1: *Identify the importance of bio-social perspectives in human evolution and adaptation.*

LO2: *Identify the primary human adaptive strategies and indigenous ecological knowledge.*

LO3: *Understand the importance and relationship between cultural and natural systems.*

Course Outcomes

CO 1: Students will gain a comprehensive understanding of how human societies interact with and impact their environments. Different approaches to understand cultural ecology.

CO 2: Students will be able to critically analyze key ecological and environmental concepts and theories within anthropology.

CO 3: Students will develop the ability to evaluate contemporary environmental issues, such as climate change, biodiversity loss, and pollution, from an anthropological perspective.

CO 4: Students will acquire knowledge in understanding the concept of bio-diversity conservation and ecological knowledge systems.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	СО
1	Introduction	15	1,2
	Meaning, aim and scope of Ecological Anthropology; approaches in ecological Anthropology cultural ecology (Leslie White, Julian Steward, Marshal Sahlins), system approach, processual approach and deep ecology		·
2	Ecological adaptation Eco-sensitivity adaptation, acclimation, acclimatization, biotic & abiotic components. Adaptation to various ecological stresses; ecological rules and their applicability to human populations.	15	2
3	Emerging Ecological Issues and Movements Emerging issues and environmental movements: global warming, climate change; Movements: Chipko movements, Narmada Bachao movement, Silent Valley movements. Emerging ecological issues in North East India.	15	3
4	Bio-diversity, conservation and sustainability Concept of bio-diversity conservation and sustainability, implications for human population; conservation strategies; indigenous ecological knowledge system; sacred ecology	15	4

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	1	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	1	_	3	3	1
CO2	-	-	2	2	-	-	3	2	-	1	_	2	-	3
CO3	2	2	2	2	3	3	-	2	2	3	_	1	2	-
CO4	1	1	2	2	3	2	-	1	2	2	1	_	_	-
Average	1.25	1	2	2.25	1.5	1.25	1	1.25	1	1.75	0.25	1.5	1.25	1

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

- 1. Bhasin, V. 1989. *Ecology, culture and change: Tribals of Sikkim*. Inter-India, New Delhi
- 2. Bresler, J.B. 1996. *Human Ecology: Collected Readings*. Addison-Wesley. Massachusetts
- 3. Butzer, K.W. 1982. Archaeology as Human Ecology. Cambridge University Press
- 4. Guha, R. 1994. Social Ecology, OUP, New Delhi.
- 5. Hardesty, L.L 1977. *Ecological Anthropology*. Wiley Eastern, London.
- 6. Kothari, A., Pathak N., Anuradha R.V. and Taneja, B. 1998. *Communities and conservation: Natural Resource Management in South and Central Asia*, Sage Publication, New Delhi.
- 7. Negi, S.S. 1991. *Environmental degradation and crisis in India*. Indus publication. Delhi.
- 8. Rama Krishnan, P.S. 2000. Maurtain Bio-diversity, Land use Dynamies and Traditional Ecological knowledge. OUP, Calcutta.

SIV ANT-CC-2240: Anthropology of Religion

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]

Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00, Total = 60 Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80

Learning Objectives

LO1: Demonstrate understanding of various dimensions of religion, the rituals activities, etc.

LO2: *Identify the economic activities among traditional societies.*

LO3: Analyze the factors of changes regarding religious and economic life spheres.

Course Outcomes

CO 1: Students will gain an understanding of the major theoretical frameworks and concepts used in the anthropological study of religion.

CO 2: Students will learn to analyze and compare religious practices, beliefs, and institutions across different cultures.

CO 3: Students will develop insights into how religion influences and is influenced by other aspects of social life, including identity, power dynamics, conflict, and cohesion. They will explore how religions shape and are shaped by social, economic, political, and environmental factors.

CO 4: Students will be able to understand the basic philosophies of different religious practices in India and its impact on human society.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact	CO
		Hours	
1	Concept and Meaning of Religion; Religious Symbols;	15	1
	Approaches to the study of religion		
2	Concept of: animism, fetishism, naturism, totemism,	15	2
	monotheism, polytheism and atheism. Magic, religion and		
	science; revivalism, conversions, syncretism, religious		
	pluralism and social harmony.		
3	Religious specialists, belief and practices: Shamans, Priest,	15	3
	medicine man, Yogis, religious specialist (Nyibu, Miri, Igu		
	etc); Witchcraft and Sorcery.		
4	Basic philosophy of Hinduism, Buddhism, Jainism,	15	4
	Christianity, Islam, Indigenous religions; Impact of various		
	religions on tribal societies; New religious movements		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	-	-	3	2	1	2	1	-	1	1	1	3	2
CO2	2	-	_	3	2	1	3	2	_	1	1	3	3	3
CO3	3	_	1	3	-	1	3	_	-	_	3	2	2	3
CO4	3	-	-	3	-	-	3	1	-	1	1	3	3	3
Average	2.5	00	0.25	3	1	0.75	2.75	1	00	0.75	1.25	2.25	2.75	2.75

- 1. Bielo, James. S. (2015). Anthropology of Religion: The Basics. Routledge Publishing.
- 2. Gottlieb, R. (2004). This sacred earth: religion, nature, environment. Routledge
- 3. King, E. Francis. (2009). Material Religion and Popular Culture. Routledge
- 4. Lambek, Michel. (2008). A reader in Anthropology of Religion. Wiley Blackwell, UK
- **5.** Madan, T.N. (2011). India's Religions: Perspectives from Sociology and History. Oxford University Press.
- **6.** Prabhu P. H. (2019). Hindu Social Organization: A Study of the Socio-Psychological and Ideological Foundations. Sage Publication.

SIV ANT-MC-2210: Human Ecology and Adaptation

Credit: [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0, Total = 4]
Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00, Total = 60
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 60

Learning Objective (LO):

Paper attempts to enable students to understand the basic concept of human ecology, biological and cultural aspects of ecological adaption and man-nature relationship.

Course Outcomes (CO):

CO1: The students will learn about the basic concepts of Human Ecology.

CO2: The students will learn about biological aspects of ecology and adaptation.

CO3: They will learn about cultural aspects of ecology and adaptation.

CO4: They will also learn about the relationship between ecology and human.

Course Content: Theory

Course	Content: Theory		
Module	Content	Contact	CO
		Hours	
1	Human Ecology:	15	1
	Definition, eco-sensitivity adaptation, acclimation, acclimatization, biotic and abiotic component.		
2	Adaptation to various ecological stresses:	15	2, 3
	Adaptation to different Ecology - Cold, Heat and high Altitude, ecological		,
	rules and their applicability to human populations.		
3	Culture as a tool of adaptation:	15	3, 4
	Various modes of human adaptation in hunting and food gathering,		
	pastoralist, and shifting cultivation societies.		
4	Ecological themes in state formation:	15	4
	'Neolithic revolution' and Hydraulic civilization.		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	1	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	1	_	3	3	1
CO2	-	-	2	2	-	-	3	2	-	1	_	2	_	3
CO3	2	2	2	2	3	3	-	2	2	3	_	1	2	-
CO4	1	1	2	2	3	2	-	1	2	2	1	-	-	_
Average	1.25	1	2	2.25	1.5	1.25	1	1.25	1	1.75	0.25	1.5	1.25	1

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

- 1. Berry, J.B. 1976. *Human ecology and cognitive style: comparative studies in cultural and physical adaptation*. New York: John Wiley.
- 2. Cohen, Yehudi A. 1968. *Man in adaptation: the cultural present*. Chicago: Aldine Pub. Co.
- 3. Lee, Richard B. and Irven DeVore. 1969. *Symposium on Man the Hunter*. Chicago: AldinePub. Co.
- 4. Paul R. Ehrlich, Anne H. Ehrlich and John P. Holdress. 1973. *Human ecology: Problems and Solutions*. San Fransisco: W.H. Freeman & Company.
- 5. Redfield, Robert. 1965. Peasant society and culture an anthropological approach to

- civilization. Chicago: Univ. of Chicago Press.
- 6. Schutkowski, H. 2006. *Human Ecology: Biocultural adaptation in human communities*. Berlin: Springer Verlag.
- 7. Stapledon. 1964. *Human ecology*. London. Faber & Faber.
- 8. Theodorson, G.A. 1961. *Studies in Human Ecology*. New York: Row, Peterson & Company.

SEMESTER-V

SV ANT-CC-3110: Indian Archeology

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 0, Practical = 1]
Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 00, Practical = 30, Total = 75
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80, Practical Exam = 20

Learning Objectives

The course is designed to teach the students the concept of archeology as part of anthropology in Indian perspectives. It also aims to introduce the Indian archeological sites of India, from all corners, so that the students are trained up theoretically to find out the concept of archeological sites in their areas.

Course Outcomes

- CO 1: Demonstrate the understanding of the lithic industry.
- CO 2: Identify prehistoric tools in situ.
- CO 3: Describe the stratigraphic context of the tools.
- CO 4: Describe the concept of Museum Methods and CRM and interdisciplinary approaches of History and Archeology.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	СО
T1	Introduction to Paleolithic Culture of India	10	1
	Characteristics: Chronology, Important Sites and		
	Artifacts. Paleolithic Sites: Soan, Madrasian,		
	Attirampakkam, Didwana, Belan, Chirki Nevasa, Hunsgi,		
	Krishna Valley, Hathnora and Belan		
T2	Mesolithic Culture of India: Characteristics:	10	2
	Chronology, Important Sites: Bhimbetka, Ganga Valley,		
	Bagor, Adamgarh, Sarai Nahar Rai		
T3	Neolithic Culture of India	10	3
	Characteristics: Chronology: Important sites: Daojali		
	Hading, Parsi Parlo, Burzahom, Saru Taru		
T4	The Archeological Sites in North East India:	15	4
	Important sites: Bhismak Nagar, Malinithan, Itafort,		
	Rensangri, Nartiang, Ukhrul. Pottery and Megalithic		
	Sites. Current scenario of Research in Archeology in		
	India with special reference to North East India:		
	Brahmaputra Valley civilization. Rock Art and Beads		
	tradition.		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	4	3	2	1	1	1	2	3	3	1	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	1	2	1	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
Avg	2.5	2.25	1.5	1.75	2	1.5	2	2.25	1.75	2	2	2	2	2

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

- 1. Bhattacharya, D.K(2006). An outline of Indian Prehistory. Palaka Prakashan, Delhi.
- 2. Bhattacharya, D.K. (1979). *Old Stone Age Tools: A Manual of Laboratory Techniques of Analysis*. Calcutta: K. P. Bagchi and Company
- 3. Inizan, M.L.; M. R. Ballinger; H. Roche and J. Tixier. (1999). *Technology and terminology of Knapped Stone*. Nanterre: CREP.
- 4. Oakley, K.P. (1972). *Man the Tool Maker*. London. Trustees of the British Museum of Natural History.
- 5. Renfrew Colin and Bahn Paul. (2012). *Archaeology: Theories, Methods and Practice*. New York: Thames & Hudson, 6th Edition.
- 6. Sankalia, H.D. (1982). Stone Age Tools: Their Techniques, Names and Probable Functions. Poona: Deccan College.

SV ANT-CC-3120: Human Genetics

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 0, Practical = 1]
Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 00, Practical = 30, Total = 75
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80, Practical Exam = 20

Learning Objective (LO)

To introduce the basic concept of human genetics, methods of studying genetics in human and its application.

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO 1: The students will learn about heredity materials, their structure and function.
- CO 2: They will learn about inheritance of genes and its relation with environment.
- CO 3: They will also learn about the methods of studying human genetics.
- CO4: They will learn about structure of chromosome and chromosomal aberration.

Course Content: Theory

	Content. Theory	~	~~
Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
T1	Introduction	10	1
	i. Cell, Cell Divisions, Chromosome, Gene and Allele, Genotype and		
	Phenotype		
	ii. Structure and Function of DNA; Replication and Protein Synthesis		
	iii. Types and Function of RNA		
T2	Inheritance	10	2
	i. Mendelian Principles of inheritance		
	ii. Patterns of inheritance – autosomal dominant, autosomal recessive,		
	Sex-linked		
	iii. Gene-environment interaction, Concept of non-mendelian		
	inheritance and complex diseases.		
T3	Methods of studying genetics in human	15	2, 3
	i. Methods of genetic study in humans: pedigree analysis and		
	expressivity, chromosomal basis of genetic disorders (Karyotypes		
	and identification of chromosome Variation, nucleic acid		
	hybridization assays, cytogenetic mapping),		
	ii. Genetic mapping (Microsatellite and other DNA polymorphisms),		
	sequencing strategies (PCR based Sanger sequencing to Exome		
	sequencing),		
	iii. Metabolic error: PKU; Alkaptonuria; Albinism; Lysch-Nyhan		
	Syndrome		
T4	Chromosome	10	4
	i. Structure and type of chromosome; Karyotype		
	ii. Chromosome aberration: type and causes; Cri-du-chat syndrome;		
	Philadelphia chromosome; Down Syndrome; Patau's Syndrome;		
	Edward's syndrome; Turner's Syndrome; Klinifelter syndrome		

Course Content: Practicum

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
P1	DNA extraction from whole blood; Aliquoting and sample	30	2, 3
	preparation; PCR and electrophoresis.		
	(If a college or university does not have facilities for conducting		
	the above practical it may allow students to prepare a project		
	report, based on secondary literature, on any one of the		
	practical topics.)		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	3	-	2	3	2	-	1	2	3	2	3	3	1
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	1	1	1	1	-	3	2	3	1	1	2	1	2	3
CO4	1	1	3	ı	1	ı	2	2	-	-	2	2	2	3
Avg	1.5	1.75	1.5	1.25	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.75	1.5	1.5	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

- 1. Cavalli-sforza, L.L, Menozzi, P., Piazza, A. 1994. *History and Geography of Human Genes*. Princeton University.
- 2. Cummings, M.R. 2011. *Human Heredity: Principles and Issues*. Brooks/Cole, Cengage Learning.
- 3. Giblett, E.R. 1969. *Genetic Markers in Human Blood*. Oxford: Blackwell Scientific.
- 4. Griffiths, A.J.F, Wessler, S.R., Carroll, S.B., Doebley, J. 2011. *An Introduction to Genetic Analysis*. Macmillan Higher Education.
- 5. Jobling, M., Hurls, M. and Tyler-Smith, C. 2004. *Human Evolutionary Genetics: Origins, Peoples & Disease*. New York: Garland Science.
- 6. Lewis, R. 2009. *Human Genetics: Concepts and Application*. McGraw Hill Company, Inc.
- 7. Snustad, D.P. and Simmons, M.J. 2006. *Principles of Genetics*, Fourth Edition, John Wiley & Sons.
- 8. Vogel, F. and Motulsky A.G.1996. *Human Genetics*. Springer, 3rd revised edition.

SV ANT-CC-3130: Society and Economic System

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]

Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00, Total = 60 Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80

Learning Objectives

LO1: This paper attempts to highlight the relevance of different economic relations in the simple societies and their implications from theoretical and empirical perspectives.

LO2: To understand the inter linkages between culture, market and emerging economic system.

LO3: Students will develop a comprehensive understanding of various economic systems and theories, including subsistence economies, market economies, and mixed economies.

Course Outcomes

CO 1: Students will gain a thorough understanding of the fundamental concepts, nature, and scope of economic anthropology.

CO 2: Students will be able to analyze the nature of the division of labor based on age, sex, and specialization in different societies. They will understand concepts of property and wealth, and examine property relations and inheritance patterns.

CO 3: Students will develop an understanding of diverse subsistence strategies such as hunting and gathering, pastoralism, shifting cultivation, and agriculture. They will also explore different types of economic exchanges, including reciprocity, redistribution, barter, and market exchange.

CO 4: Students will acquire skills in conducting anthropological research on contemporary economic issues, including entrepreneurship, organizational and business cultures, informal economic systems, industrialization, globalization, and tribal economies. They will learn to apply anthropological methods to analyze the impacts of these factors on different societies.

Course Content

Module	Content	Contact Hours	СО
1	Definition, nature and scope of Economic Anthropology;	15	1
	Approaches- Formalist, Substantivist and Marxist Approach.		
2	Division of labour – Nature (age, sex, specialization); Concept of Property and Wealth, Property relations and inheritance, Land relations and management. Hunting gathering, Pastoralism, Shifting cultivation, Agriculture.	15	2
3	Types of Reciprocity, Redistribution, Barter and Market Exchange; Gift Exchange –the Kula, Potlatch, Jajamani system.	15	3
4	Anthropological research on Entrepreneurship, Organizations and Business Culture, Informal Economic Systems, Industrialization, Globalization and Tribal economy.	15	4

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	1	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	3	3	1
CO2	-	-	2	2	-	-	3	2	-	1	-	2	2	3
CO3	2	2	2	2	3	3	-	2	2	3	-	1	2	3
CO4	1	1	2	2	3	2	-	1	2	3	1	_	3	3
Average	1.25	1	2	2.25	1.5	1.25	1	1.25	1	2	0.25	1.5	2.5	2.5

- 1. Belshaw, C 1975. *Traditional Exchange and Modern Markets*. Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- 2. Cashdan, Elizabeth. (ed). 1990. *Risk, Uncertainty in Tribal and Peasant Economics*. Westview Press, London.
- 3. Dalton, G. 1961. *Economic Theory and Primitive Society;* in American Anthropologist, volume 63(1).
- 4. Dalton, G. 1971. Primitive, Archaic and Modern Economics: Essays of Karl Polayi, Little Brown Boston.
- 5. Dalton, George. 1967. *Tribal and Peasant Economies*. The Natural History Press, New York.
- 6. Danda, A.K. 1991. Tribal Economy in India, Inter India. N. Delhi.
- 7. Firth, B. (ed). 1975. Themes in Economic Anthropology. Tavistolk, London.
- 8. Herskovitz, M.J. 1975. Economic Anthropology. Eurasis Publication, N. Delhi.
- 9. Singh, K.S. (ed). 1982. *Economics of Tribes and Their Transformation*. Concept Publishing House, New Delhi.

SV ANT-CC-3140: Biological Anthropology Practicum

Credit: 2 [Lecture = 0, Tutorial = 0, Practical = 2]	
Credit Hour: Lecture = 00, Tutorial = 00, Practical = 60, Total = 60	
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80	

Learning Objectives (LO)

To introduce the various anthropometric and dermatoglyphic markers for studying human variation.

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO 1: They will familiar with the different instruments used in anthropometric measurements.
- CO 2: They will be able to take somatometric measurements.
- CO 3: They will also able to make somatoscopic observation.
- CO 4: They will be able understand the finger and palm print pattern.

Course Content: Practicum

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
P1	Descriptive study of Instruments	10	1
	i. Anthropometric Rod, Spreading Caliper, Sliding Caliper,		
	Measuring Tape, Weighing Machine		
P2	Somatometry	20	1, 2
	i. Maximum Head Length; Maximum Head Breadth; Minimum		
	Frontal Breadth; Breath of Bizygomatic Arch; Bigonial Breath;		
	Nasal Height; Nasal Length; Nasal Breadth; Physiogonomic		
	Facial Height; Morphological Facial Height; Physiogonomic		
	Upper Facial Height; Morphological Upper Facial Height;		
	Head Circumference; Head Vertex; Sitting Height Vertex;		
	Body Weight		
	ii. Calculation all the relevant indexes from the above		
	measurements.		
P3	Somatoscopy	10	3
	i. Head Form, Hair form, Hair Texture, Eye Form, Nasal		
	Profile, Hair Colour, Eye Colour, Skin Colour		
P4	Dermatoglyphics	20	4
	i. Finger Print		
	ii. Palmar Print		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

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	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	3	-	2	3	2	-	1	2	3	2	3	3	1
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	1	1	1	-	-	3	2	3	1	1	2	1	2	3
CO4	1	1	3	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	2	2	2	3
Avg	1.5	1.75	1.5	1.25	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.75	1.5	1.5	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25

- 1. Deka R and Das BM. 2005. Physical Anthropology Practical. Kitab Mahal, Delhi
- 2. Singh IP and Bhasin MK. A Manual of Biological Anthropology. Kamla-Raj Enterprises
- 3. Soluri KE and Agarwal SC. 2019. Biological Anthropology. WW Norton & Co. Inc.
- 4. Mukherjee D. Mukherji D and Bharti P. 2009. Laboratory Manual for Biological Anthropology. Asian Books.

SV ANT-IN-3110: Ethnographic Fieldwork

Credit: 2 [Lecture = 0, Tutorial = 0, Practical = 2]	
Credit Hour: Lecture = 00, Tutorial = 00, Practical = 60, Total = 60	
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80	

Learning Objective (LO)

To orient students how to conceptualise, conduct, analyse and present an anthropological field studies.

Course Outcomes (CO)

CO1: The students will be able to conceptulise research problem and research design.

CO2: They will be familiar with various techniques of data collection.

CO3: They will be able to classify, interpret and present data.

CO4: They will be able to write a compile and write a systematic report combining qualitative and quantitative data.

Guideline

Students will carry out an ethnographic fieldwork in a nearby community/ village/ urban set-up/ or any other convenient setting as decided by the concern teacher for a minimum of 7 days under the supervision of respective supervisors assigned. After the fieldwork they will prepare a report for evaluation. Finally, the field report will be examined by the external expert and accordingly mark will be credited.

Course Mapping

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	3	3	3	1	3	-	-	-	3	3	3	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	2	-	1	2	2	3	2	2	3
CO3	1	3	3	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	3	2	3	2
CO4	3	2	3	2	2	1	1	3	1	2	3	1	1	1
Avg	1.75	2.75	3.0	2.25	1.5	2.0	0.5	1.5	1.0	2.0	3	2.0	2.0	2.25

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

- 1. Srivastav VK. 2004. Methodology and FieldworkOxford University Press.
- 2. Sarantakos S. 2005. Social Research. Palgrave Macmillan
- 3. Watson CW. 1999. Being There: Fieldwork in Anthropology. Pluto Press

SV ANT-MC-3110: Economy and Polity

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]

Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00, Total = 60 Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80

Learning Objectives

LO1: This paper attempts to highlight the relevance of different economic relations in the simple societies and their implications from theoretical and empirical perspectives.

LO2: To understand the inter linkages between culture, market and emerging economic system.

LO3: Students will develop a comprehensive understanding of various economic and political systems and theories, including subsistence economies, market economies, and mixed economies and descent and political systems.

Course Outcomes

CO 1: Students will gain a thorough understanding of the fundamental concepts, nature, and scope of economic anthropology.

CO 2: Students will be able to analyze the nature of the division of labor based on age, sex, and specialization in different societies. They will understand concepts of property and wealth, and examine property relations and inheritance patterns.

CO 3: Students will develop an understanding of diverse subsistence strategies such as hunting and gathering, pastoralism, shifting cultivation, and agriculture. They will also explore different types of economic exchanges, including reciprocity, redistribution, barter, and market exchange.

CO 4: Students will be able to learn and explore various political systems like descent and political systems and various approaches to the study of Political Anthropology.

Course Content

Module	Content	Contact	CO
		Hours	
1	Definition, nature and scope of Economic Anthropology;	15	1
	Approaches- Formalist, Substantivist and Marxist Approach.		
2	Division of labour - Nature (age, sex, specialization);	15	2
	Concept of Property and Wealth, Property relations and		
	inheritance, Land relations and management. Hunting		
	gathering, Pastoralism, Shifting cultivation, Agriculture.		
3	Types of Reciprocity, Redistribution, Barter and Market	15	3
	Exchange; Gift Exchange –the Kula, Potlatch, Jajamani		
	system.		
4	Descent and Political Systems; Approaches to the study of	15	4
	Political Anthropology; Power, Authority and Legitimacy;		
	State and stateless societies		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	1	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	3	3	1
CO2	-	-	2	2	-	-	3	2	-	1	-	2	2	3
CO3	2	2	2	2	3	3	-	2	2	3	-	1	2	3
CO4	1	1	2	2	3	2	-	1	2	3	1	-	3	3
Average	1.25	1	2	2.25	1.5	1.25	1	1.25	1	2	0.25	1.5	2.5	2.5

- 1. Belshaw, C 1975. Traditional Exchange and Modern Markets. Prentice Hall, New Jersey.
- 2. Cashdan, Elizabeth. (ed). 1990. Risk, Uncertainty in Tribal and Peasant Economics. Westview Press, London.
- 3. Dalton, G. 1961. Economic Theory and Primitive Society; in American Anthropologist, volume 63(1).
- 4. Danda, A.K. 1991. Tribal Economy in India, Inter India. N. Delhi.
- 5. Firth, B. (ed). 1975. Themes in Economic Anthropology. Tavistolk, London.
- 6. Bohamnn P. and G. Dalton. 1962. Markets in Africa. American Museum of Natural History Series, Washington.
- 7. Mauss. M. 1990 [1923]. The Gift: The form and Reason for exchange in archaic societies. London, Routledge.
- 8. Nash, M. 1974. Primitive and Peasant Economic System. Chandler Publication, San Francisco.
- 9. Sahlins, M. 1974 [1972]. Stone Age Economics. London: Travistock Publications.

SEMESTER-VI

SVI ANT-CC-3210: Political Anthropology

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]
Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00, Total = 60
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80

Learning Objective:

The course will help student to understand the nuances of human political behavior in different kind of political system and also the interplay of politics at interpersonal level in private space which has larger implication in public space.

Course Outcomes:

CO1: Comprehend politics and its effect on human behavior in everyday life from personal to interpersonal level.

CO2: Comprehend evolution of political system in non-state/pre-industrial society.

CO3: Elucidate the mechanism of social control operating within different social context

CO4: Understand intersectional framework of gender, ethnicity, caste and state

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	СО
T1	Introduction	15	1
	Meaning, aim and scope of Political Anthropology;		
	Development of Political Anthropology (evolutionary and		
	Functionalism and structural-functionalism, conflict		
	theory, power and authority Structure)		
T2	Nature and Types of Political System in Pre-Industrial	15	2
	Societies		
	Band, Chiefdom, Village and Clan council, Segmentary		
	and lineage organization.		
T3	Mechanism of Social Control	15	3
	Social Sanction, Internal and External Social Control;		
	Gender perspective in understanding customary laws,		
	Customary Laws and its relevance in present context		
T4	State and Politics	15	4, 2
	Nation State, Concept of Democracy and Electoral		
	Politics, Panchayati Raj system, Caste, kinship and		
	women in Politics		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	3	2
CO2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	3	1	1
CO3	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	1	2
CO4	2	2	2	1	1	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
Avg	2	2	2.25	2.25	1.75	1.75	2.25	1.25	1.5	2	2.25	2.25	2	2

- 1. Fortes, Meyer and Evans-Pritchard. (1950) (4thedition). *African Political Systems*. London: Oxford University Press
- 2. Freeman, M and David Napier. (2009). *Law and Anthropology*. Oxford University Press
- 3. Gluckman, Max. (1971). *Politics, Law and Ritual in Tribal Society*. Basil Blackwell, Oxford.
- 4. Leach, E.R. 1964. *Political Systems of Highland Burma: A Study of Kachin Social Structure*. Athlone, London.
- 5. Lévi-Strauss, Claude. (1969). The elementary structures of kinship. Boston: Beacon Press
- 6. Radcliffe-Brown, A.R. (1952). *Structure and Function in Primitive Society*. Routledge and Kegan Paul, London.
- 7. Stone, Linda and Diane, E. King. (2019). *Kinship and Gender: An Introduction* (6thedition). New York: Routledge.
- 8. Swartz, M.J. (1996). *Political Anthropology*. Aldine, Chicago
- 9. Vincent, Joan (ed.) (2002). *The Anthropology of Politics: A reader in ethnography, theory and critique*. Blackwell publisher

SVI ANT-CC-3220: Anthropology in India

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]	
Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00, Total = 60	
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80	

Learning Objectives:

The objective of this course is to help students understand the growth of Anthropology in India based on the study of Indian society and culture. The focus is on the contribution of Anthropologists and social thinkers in India transcending the disciplinary boundaries who have contributed to the body of Anthropological knowledge in India.

Course Outcomes

CO1: Comprehend various Anthropological thoughts and concept developed in India

CO2: Comprehend evolution of Anthropology as body of knowledge system in India

CO3: Elucidate the contribution of Anthropologists and other social thinkers for understanding Indian society and culture

CO4: Understand social structure and its changing dynamics in tribal and caste dominated Societies in India

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
T1	Origin and Growth of Anthropology in India	15	1, 2, 3
	The position of Anthropology as a body of knowledge in India and		
	beyond. Anthropology in pre and post Independent India; British		
	Legacy; Critical Perspective on Indian Anthropology.		
T2	Social structure and Process of change in India	15	4, 2, 1
	Caste structure, Sanskritization, Westernization, Tribal Social		
	Structure Detribalization; Retribalization; Great and Little Traditions;		
	Universalization and Parochialization; Sacred Complex		
T3	Village Studies in India	15	4, 1,2
	Social organization of Indian villages; Significance of village studies		
	in India; Contributions of SC Dube, Andre Beteille, McKim Marriott,		
	Weiser, Scarlett Epstein, M. N Srinivas, FG Bailley, Robbins Burling		
T4	Contribution of Indian Anthropologists and otherSocial Thinker	15	3
	L.K. AnanthkrishnaIyer, S.C. Roy, N.K. Bose, Verrier Elwin, D.N.		
	Majumdar, C.V.F. Haimendorf, B.S Guha, B.M Das, H.D.Sankalia,		
	Mahatma Gandhi, B. R Ambedkar, VaidyanathSaraswati, Irawati		
	Karve, Leela Dube, Surajit Sinha, LP Vidyarthi,		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	F F 8													
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	2	3	3	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	1
CO2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
CO4	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	3	3	1	2
Avg	2	2	2.25	2.75	2	2	2	1.75	1.5	1.75	2.25	2.25	2	2

- 1. Andre, B. (2012). Caste, Class and Power. Delhi: Oxford University Press
- 2. Chakrabarti, S.B. (1986). *Around the Plough*. Anthropological Survey of India, Calcutta.
- 3. Danda, A. K, K.K. Basa and K.K. Mishra. (2012). *Plural Nature of Anthropology*. INCAA, Kolkata.
- 4. Danda, A. K. 1995. Foundation of Anthropology: India. Inter-India Publications, New Delhi.
- 5. Dube, S.C. (1955). *Indian Village*. Routledge and Kegan Paul, London.
- 6. Dube, S.C. (1962). *India's Changing Village*. Allied, Bombay.
- 7. Gupta, D (Ed.). (1993). Social Stratification. Oxford University Press, Delhi.
- 8. Hutton J.H. (1963). *Caste in India: Its Nature, Function and Origin. Oxford* University Press, Bombay.
- 9. Lewis, Oscar. 1958. Village Life in Northern India. University of Illinois Press, Urbana.
- 10. Srinivas M. N. (Ed.). (1960). India's village. Media Promoters and Publisher Pvt. Ltd.

SVI ANT-CC-3230: Tribes and Peasants in India

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]
Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00, Total = 60
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80

Learning Objectives:

The course will help student to understand the tribes and peasants as a social category and their world view including challenges and concern in the changing course of time, especially with the intervention of state in the way to development.

Course Outcomes:

CO 1: Comprehend nuances involved in defining tribes and peasant in changing course of time

CO 2: Comprehend constitutional provisions for tribals in India

CO 3: Elucidate approaches to tribal developments in the context of India

CO 4: Understand origin and history of Tribal and peasant movements in India

Course Content: Theory

	C. 4. 4	C	CO
Module	Content	Contact	CO
		Hours	
T1	Approaches to the study of Tribes	15	1
	Anthropological concepts of tribe: problems of		
	nomenclature, definition and classification, features of		
	tribes in India.		
T2	Tribe and State	15	2, 3
	Tribes and the wider world, history of tribal		
	administration, Constitutional safeguards, issues of		
	acculturation, assimilation and integration; impact of		
	development schemes and programme on tribes and		
	their way of life.		
T3	Approaches to the study of Peasant	15	1, 4
	Anthropological concept of peasantry: approaches to		
	the study of peasants – economic, political and		
	cultural.		
T4	Tribe and Peasant Movement in 20th century India	15	4
	History and evolution of tribal and peasant movement in		
	India; Colonial and Post-Colonial, ethnic identity		
	movements in North East India.		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
CO2	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	2
CO3	2	3	3	3	1	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	1
Avg	2	2.25	2.25	3	1.75	2	2.25	2	2	2	2	2	2.25	1.75

- 1. Gupta, D.1991. Social Stratification. Delhi: Oxford University Press
- 2. Madan, V. 2002. The Village in India. Delhi: Oxford University Press
- 3. Nathan, D.1998. Tribe-Caste Question. Shimla: IIAS.
- 4. National Tribal Policy. 2006. Ministry of Tribal Affairs. Delhi: Government of India
- 5. Patnaik, S.M. 1996. *Displacement, Rehabilitation and Social Change*. Delhi: Inter India, Publications.
- 6. Shah, G. 2002. Social Movement and the State. Delhi: Sage.
- 7. Shanin, T. (1987). Peasants and Peasant Societies. New York: Blackwell.
- 8. Vidyarthi, L.P. and Rai B.K. 1985. *Tribal Culture in India*. New Delhi: Concept Publishing Company.
- 9. Wolf, E. 1966. Peasants. NJ: Prentice Hal

SVI ANT-CC-3240: Primatology

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 0, Practical = 1]
Credit Hour: Lecture = 60, Tutorial = 00, Practical = 30, Total = 100
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80, Practical Exam = 20

Learning Objectives (LO)

To understand the distribution and morphological feature of living primate, their social behavior.

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO 1: Will be able to understand the distribution of living primates and their morphological features.
- CO 2: They will also understand the anatomical modification, serological and genetics of primates.
- CO 3: They will also understand the basic primate behaviors.
- CO 4: They will be able to provide analytical solution to primate conservation.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
T1	Introduction	10	1
	i. Aim and scope of primatology; Classification, Salient		
	Anatomical Features and Distribution of living non-human		
	Primates; Primate Locomotion		
	ii. Significance of non-human Primate Study in Biological		
	Anthropology		
T2	Primate Biology	10	2
	i. Trends in early primate radiation: dentition, postural		
	modifications in shoulder girdle, pelvic girdle, limbs, hand and		
	foot with special reference to their arboreal habitat		
	ii. Serological and Chromosomal aspects		
T3	Primate Behavior	15	3
	 Socioecological Model of Primate Behavior 		
	ii. Primate Societies: Social Group, Hierarchical, etc.		
	iii. Patterns of Social Behavior: Leadership, inter and intra group		
	encounters, Dominance, Aggression, and Grooming		
T4	Primate Conservation	10	4
	i. Breeding and husbandry of non-human primates		
	ii. Conservation of Non-Human Primate		
	iii. Use of Non-Human Primate in biomedical research		

Course Content: Practicum

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
P1	Comparative study of human and great ape skulls and other skeletons	20	2
P2	Review of Primate behavior from Documentary movies.	10	3

Course Mapping

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	3	2	3	3	1	-
CO2	3	3	2	3	1	2	1	-	2	1	3	3	2	-
CO3	-	3	2	2	1	3	1	-	1	-	2	3	2	3
CO4	-	1	3	1	1	3	2	2	-	-	2	3	2	3
Avg	1.5	1.75	1.75	2.25	0.75	2.0	1.0	0.5	1.5	0.75	2.5	3.0	1.75	1.5

- 1. Strier, K. B. 2006. Primate Behavioral Ecology (3rd edition). Allyn and Bacon
- 2. Bernard Chapais and Carol M. Berman. 2004. *Kinship and Behaviour in Primates*. Oxford University Press.
- 3. Linda Marie Fedigan 1992. *Primate Paradigms: Sex Roles and Social Bonds*. University of Chicago Press.
- 4. Russell L. Ciohon and Richard A. Nisbett 1997. *The Primate Anthology: Essays on Primate Behaviour, Ecology and conservation from National History*. Prentice Hall.
- 5. Russell Tuttle. 2007. *The functional and Evolutionary Biology of Primates*. Aldine Transaction.
- 6. Wood,B.A., Martin, L.B., Andrews, P. 2009. *Major topics in Primate and Human Evolution*. Cambridge University Press
- 7. Friderun Ankel-Simons. 2007. Primate Anatomy: An Introduction. Academic Press.
- 8. John G. Fleagle. 1998. Primate Adaptation & Evolution. Academic Press

SVI ANT-MC-3210: Tribes, Peasants and State

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]
Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00, Total = 60
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80

Learning Objectives:

The course will help student to understand the tribes and peasants as a social category and their world view including challenges and concern in the changing course of time, especially with the intervention of state in the way to development.

Course Outcomes:

- CO 1: Comprehend nuances involved in defining tribes and peasant in changing course of time
- CO 2: Comprehend constitutional provisions for tribals in India
- CO 3: Elucidate approaches to tribal developments in the context of India
- CO 4: Understand origin and history of Tribal and peasant movements in India

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
T1	Concept of tribe	15	1, 2
	Concept and approaches to the study of tribes; classification,		
	distribution and cosmogeny of tribes in India; Scheduled Tribes,		
	Adivasi and Indigenous people; Particularly Vulnerable Tribal		
	Groups, De-notified and other nomadic communities.		
T2	Tribe and State	15	3, 2
	Tribes and the wider world, history of tribal administration,		
	Constitutional safeguards, issues of acculturation, assimilation and		
	integration; impact of development schemes and programme on		
	tribes and their way of life.		
T3	Approaches to the study of Peasant	15	1, 4
	Anthropological concept of peasantry: approaches to the study of		
	peasants – economic, political and cultural.		
T4	Tribe and Peasant Movements in India	15	4
	History and evolution of tribal and peasant movement in India;		
	Colonial and Post-Colonial, ethnic identity movements in North East		
	India.		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with CO

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
CO2	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	2
CO3	2	3	3	3	1	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	1
Avg	2	2.25	2.25	3	1.75	2	2.25	2	2	2	2	2	2.25	1.75

- 1. Gupta, D. (1991). Social Stratification. Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 2. Madan, V. (2002). The Village in India. Delhi: Oxford University Press.
- 3. Nathan, D. (1998). Tribe-Caste Question. Shimla: IIAS.
- 4. National Tribal Policy (draft). (2006). Ministry of Tribal Affairs. Delhi: Government of India.
- 5. Patnaik, S.M. (1996). *Displacement, Rehabilitation and Social Change*. Delhi: Inter India, Publications.
- 6. Shah, G. (2002). Social Movement and the State. Delhi: Sage.
- 7. Shanin, T. (1987). Peasants and Peasant Societies. New York: Blackwell.
- 8. Sunder, N. (2016). *Scheduled tribes and their India: Politics, Identities, Policies and Work.* Oxford University Press
- 9. Vidyarthi, L.P. and Rai, B.K. (1985). *Tribal Culture in India*. New Delhi: Concept Publishing Company.

SEMESTER-VII

SVII ANT-CC-4110: Theories of Anthropology

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]								
Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00, Total = 60								
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80								

Learning Objectives

This paper highlights on the development of different Anthropological theories in a chronological perspective.

Course Outcomes

The learning outcomes of this paper are:

- 1. Students will be able to demonstrate the theories of anthropology
- 2. Students will be able to conduct research works on the basis of the theories
- 3. Students will be able to understand the concept of culture, personality and materialism
- 4. Students will be able to understand the concept of symbolic interpretation and post modernism

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
T1	Rise of Anthropological theories	15	CO 1
	Colonialism and Evolutionary approaches – contribution of E. B.		
	Taylor, Herbert Spencer and L. H. Morgan; Diffusionism – British,		
	German and American Schools; Neo-evolutionists – V G. Childe, J.		
	Steward and L. White. Historical particularism (Franz Boas)		
T2	The Nature and structure of Society	15	CO 2
	Functionalism (Bronislaw Malinowski). Structural -Functionalism		
	(Radcliffe Brown). Structuralism (Claude Levi Strauss, Edmund		
	Leech).		
T3	Culture, Personality and Materialism	15	CO 1
	Culture and Personality -Contributions of Ruth Benedict, Margaret		AND 2
	Mead, EE Evans Pritchard, Cultural Materialism - Marvin Harris,		
	Edward Sapir		
T4	Symbolic Interpretation and Post modernism	15	CO 4
	Symbolic Anthropology - Victor Turner, Mary Douglas; Clifford		
	Geertz. Post modernism in Anthropology		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with CO

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	4	3	2	1	1	1	2	3	3	1	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	1	2	1	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
Avg	2.5	2.25	1.5	1.75	2	1.5	2	2.25	1.75	2	2	2	2	2

- 1. Barnard, A. 2004. *History and Theory in Anthropology*. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
- 2. Harris, M. 1968. *Rise of Anthropological Theory*. Thomas Y. Crowell Company, New York
- 3. Levi-Strauss, C. 1963. Structural Anthropology. Basic Book, New York.
- 4. Moore, J. D. 1997. Visions of Culture: An Introduction to Anthropological Theories and Theorists. Walnut Creek, CA: Alta Mira Press.
- 5. Radcliff-Brown, A. R. 1952. *Structure and Function in Primitive Society*. Routledge and Kegan Paul, London.
- 6. Tylor, E. B. 1871. *Primitive Culture: Researches into the development of Mythology, Philosophy, Religion, Language, Art and Customs.* J. Murry, London.
- 7. Upadhyay, V.S and Gaya Pandey. 1997. *History of Anthropological Thought*. Concept Publishing Company, New Delhi.
- 8. Anderson, S. (ed.). 1971. *Herbert Spencer: Structure, Function and Evolution*. Thomas Nelson and Sons, London.
- 9. Denzin, N. K. 1997. *Interpretive Ethnography: Ethnographic Practices for the 21st Century*. Thousand Oaks, CA, Sage Publication.
- 10. Sahay, VS. 2024. Symbolic Interpretation and Post modernism Symbolic Anthropology - Victor Turner, Mary Douglas; Clifford Geertz. Post modernism in Anthropology, Rawat Publications

SVII ANT-CC-4120: Anthropological Methods

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]
Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00, Total = 60
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80

Learning Objective (LO)

To orient the students about fieldwork tradition in Anthropology and teach them various research methods in the Anthropology.

Course Outcomes (CO)

CO1: The students will learn about the similarities and differences between technique, method and methodology.

CO2: They will learn about fieldwork traditions in Anthropology.

CO3: They will also learn about tools and techniques of data collection.

CO4: They will learn about how to analyze and present the research finding.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
T1	Introduction	15	2
	i. Fieldwork tradition in Anthropology – British, American and		
	Indian tradition;		
	 History of fieldwork tradition in Anthropology; 		
	iii. Ethics of Anthropological Fieldwork		
T2	Preparing for fieldwork/ research	15	1, 3
	i. Types of research; research problem; statement of problem;		
	hypothesis; formulation of research questions; review of		
	literature; research design; pilot study; sampling		
T3	Methods, technique and tools:	15	1, 3
	i. Observation, Interview, Schedule, Questionnaire, use of field		
	guide, key informants, genealogical method; Case study,		
	Biographical method (life history), Audio-visual,		
	participatory methods.		
T4	Analysis of data and report writing:	15	4
	i. Classification and analysis of field data; tabulation,		
	diagrammatic representation (histogram, frequency polygon,		
	pie-chart, bar chart, column chart), measures of Central		
	Tendency (Mean, Mode, Median), measures of dispersions		
	(variation and standard deviation); references and		
	bibliography; appendices		

Course Mapping

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	2	-	3	3	-	3	2	3	-	3	3	1	1
CO2	3	2	-	2	2	3	2	2	1	-	3	2	2	1
CO3	3	1	3	1	1	2	1	1	2	3	3	3	2	3
CO4	3	1	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	3	3	2	3	3
Avg	3.0	1.5	1.0	1.5	1.75	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	3.0	2.5	2.0	2.0

- 1. Bernard, R. 2011. Research Methods in Anthropology: Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches. AltaMira Press.
- 2. Lawrence, N.W. 2000. Social Research Methods, Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches.
- 3. O'reilly, K. 2005. Ethnographic Methods. London and New York: Routledge.
- 4. Bernard, H.R., 1988. Research methods in cultural anthropology (p. 117). Newbury Park, CA: Sage.
- 5. Ember, CR, & Ember M. 2009 'Cross-cultural Research Methods', Altamira Press, USA.
- 6. Fetterman, D. 1989 'Ethnography Step by Step', Sage Publication.
- 7. Fischer, M. 1994 'Applications in Computing for Social Anthropologists', Routledge. London.
- 8. Garson, J. G., & Read, C. H. (Eds.). (1899). *Notes and queries on anthropology*. Anthropological Institute.
- 9. Kothari, C.R., 2004. Research methodology: Methods and techniques. New Age International
- 10. Lorena, M. 1998. Statistics for Anthropology. Cambridge University Press.

SVII ANT-CC-4130: Human Growth and Development

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 0, Practical = 1]
Credit Hour: Lecture = 60, Tutorial = 00, Practical = 30, Total = 100
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80, Practical Exam = 20

Learning Objective (LO)

To introduce the students to the concept of human growth and development, methods of studying growth, and technique of somatotyping

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO 1: They will learn about the concepts and different stages of human growth and development.
- CO 2: They will also learn about various bio-cultural factors that influence growth.
- CO 3: They will learn about how to assess growth, obesity and nutritional status.
- CO 4: They will also learn about the different techniques of somatotyping.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
T1	Introduction	10	1
	i. Concept of human growth, difference between growth		
	development		
	ii. Stages of human growth - prenatal, infancy, childhood,		
	adolescence, developmental age and maturity		
T2	Growth Factors	15	2
	i. Role of endocrines and hormones, ethnic variation, nutrition		
	and socioeconomic factors, secular trend,		
	ii. Concept of balanced diet, impact of malnutrition (over		
	and under) with special reference to obesity, Kwashiorkor		
	and Marasmus		
T3	Measurement of growth	10	3
	i. Growth curve (its variation and evolution), assessment of		
	growth and nutritional status, catch up growth.		
	ii. Methods and techniques of studying growth and		
	development,		
T4	Human physique and somatotype	10	4
	i. Viola, Kretschmer, Sheldon and Health-Carter		
	ii. Techniques for estimating body composition -		
	anthropometry, metabolic balance technique, energy balance		
	and water displacement		

Course Content: Practicum

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
P1	Obesity assessment: General (BMI, body fat%, Conicity index,	15	3, 4
	body adiposity indices) and regional adiposity indices (WC, WHR).		
P2	Nutritional assessment through dietary pattern and anthropometric	10	2, 3
	indices.		

Course Mapping

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	2	-	3	3	-	3	2	3	-	3	3	1	1
CO2	3	2	-	2	2	3	2	2	1	-	3	2	2	1
CO3	3	1	3	1	1	2	1	1	2	3	3	3	2	3
CO4	3	1	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	3	3	2	3	3
Avg	3.0	1.5	1.0	1.5	1.75	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	3.0	2.5	2.0	2.0

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

- 1. Bogin, B. 1999. Patterns of human growth. Cambridge University Press.
- 2. Cameron, N. and Bogin, B. 2012. *Human Growth and Development*. Second Edition. Academic Press.
- 3. Frisancho, R. 1993. *Human Adaptation and Accommodation*. University of Michigan Press.
- 4. Harrison, G.A.and Howard, M. 1998. *Human Adaptation*. Oxford University Press.
- 5. Harrison, G.A., Tanner, J.M., Pibeam, D.R., Baker, P.T. 1988. *Human Biology*. Oxford University Press.
- 6. Kathleen, K. 2008. Encyclopedia of Obesity. SAGE.

SVII ANT-CC-4140: Medical Anthropology

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]

Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00, Total = 60 Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80

Learning Objectives

LO1: To explore various dimensions of health and issues related to illness and disease.

LO2: To familiarize the students with various demographic measuring methods and their applications.

LO3: Aims to provide knowledge about the cultural dimensions of illness, disease, and health in Indian context.

Course Outcomes

CO 1: Students will learn to recognize and explain how health and illness are perceived and experienced differently across various cultures. Development, concept and theoretical understanding of medical anthropology.

CO 2: Students will be able to analyze how factors such as socio-cultural dimensions, socioeconomic status, gender, ethnicity, and environment influence health outcomes and access to healthcare.

CO 3: Students will gain proficiency in using anthropological research methods, such as ethnographic fieldwork, participant observation, and qualitative interviewing, to study health-related issues.

CO 4: Students will develop the ability to critically assess global health initiatives, policies, and practices. They will learn to evaluate the impact of these policies on different populations and consider ethical implications and cultural appropriateness in diverse settings.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact	CO
		Hours	
T1	Anthropology and health:	15	1
	Medical Anthropology and its scope; Approaches, Development of Medical		
	Anthropology; Concept and Definition of Health and its relation with		
	culture; Theoretical Approaches in Medical Anthropology		
2	Disease and Illness:	15	2
	Concept of disease and illness; socio-cultural dimensions of health; ethno-		
	psychiatry; cultural concept of normalcy and abnormalcy; culture-bound		
	syndromes; occupational and life-style ailments		
3	Health Care:	15	2, 3
	Culture and Mental Health, Concept of wellbeing and quality of life;		
	Happiness Life Index. Personalistic and naturalistic approaches of disease		
	etiology; Health care system: Popular, Folk, and Professional sectors;		
	medical pluralism; Shamanistic healing practices; faith healing		
4	Application:	15	4
	Anthropology in Public Health Policy making; Anthropology of infectious		
	diseases; Endemics, Epidemics, and Outbreaks; Pandemics and		
	Communicable diseases; Health and Environment; Doctor-Patient relation;		
	Health Care Programmes in India, Programs and objectives.		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	1	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	1	-	3	3	1
CO2	-	-	2	2	-	-	3	2	-	1	-	2	2	3
CO3	2	2	2	2	3	3	_	2	2	3	-	1	2	3
CO4	1	1	2	2	3	2		1	2	3	1	-	3	3
Average	1.25	1	2	2.25	1.5	1.25	1	1.25	1	2	0.25	1.5	2.5	2.5

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

- 1. Farmer, Paul, Jim Yong Kim, Arthur Kleinman and Matthew Basilico (2013) Reimagining Global Health, University of California Press
- 2. Gaur, Mokshika and Soumendra. Patnaik (2011). Who is healthy among the Korwa?" Liminality in the experiential health of the displaced Korwa of Central India, Medical Anthropology Quaterly, Mar; 25(1):85-102.
- 3. Hahn, Robert A. 1999. Anthropology in Public Health. Bridging Differences in Culture and Society. New York: Oxford University Press.
- 4. Helman, Cecil G. 1994. Culture, Health, and Illness. 3rd ed. Oxford.
- 5. Inhorn, Marcia C; Wentzell, Emily A (2012). Medical Anthropology at the Intersections: Histories, Activisms and Futures. Duke University Press Books
- 6. Mehrotra, Nilika & Mahima Nayar (2015). Isliye dard hota hai: Women's Mental Health Issues in Poor Households of India, Psychology and Developing Societies, vol. 27 no. 1 104- 124.
- 7. Tsui, Amy O., Judith N. Wasserheit, and John G. Haaga (eds.) (1997). Reproductive Health in Developing Countries. Washington, D.C.: National Academy Press.
- 8. Winkelman M (2008). Culture and Health: Applying Medical Anthropology. Jossey-Bass

SVII ANT-MC-4120: Anthropological Methods

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]
Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00, Total = 60
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80

Learning Objective (LO)

To orient the students about fieldwork tradition in Anthropology and teach them various research methods in the Anthropology.

Course Outcomes (CO)

CO1: The students will learn about the similarities and differences between technique, method and methodology.

CO2: They will learn about fieldwork traditions in Anthropology.

CO3: They will also learn about tools and techniques of data collection.

CO4: They will learn about how to analyze and present the research finding.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Conten	t	Contact Hours	CO
T1	Introd	uction	15	2
	iv.	Fieldwork tradition in Anthropology – British, American and		
		Indian tradition;		
	v.	History of fieldwork tradition in Anthropology;		
	vi.	Ethics of Anthropological Fieldwork		
T2	Prepar	ing for fieldwork/ research	15	1, 3
	ii.	Types of research; research problem; statement of problem;		
		hypothesis; formulation of research questions; review of		
		literature; research design; pilot study; sampling		
T3	Method	ls, technique and tools:	15	1, 3
	ii.	Observation, Interview, Schedule, Questionnaire, use of field		
		guide, key informants, genealogical method; Case study,		
		Biographical method (life history), Audio-visual,		
		participatory methods.		
T4	Analys	is of data and report writing:	15	4
	ii.	Classification and analysis of field data; tabulation,		
		diagrammatic representation (histogram, frequency polygon,		
		pie-chart, bar chart, column chart), measures of Central		
		Tendency (Mean, Mode, Median), measures of dispersions		
		(variation and standard deviation); references and		
		bibliography; appendices		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	2	-	3	3	-	3	2	3	-	3	3	1	1
CO2	3	2	-	2	2	3	2	2	1	-	3	2	2	1
CO3	3	1	3	1	1	2	1	1	2	3	3	3	2	3
CO4	3	1	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	3	3	2	3	3
Avg	3.0	1.5	1.0	1.5	1.75	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	3.0	2.5	2.0	2.0

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

- 1. Bernard, R. 2011. Research Methods in Anthropology: Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches. AltaMira Press.
- 2. Lawrence, N.W. 2000. Social Research Methods, Qualitative and Quantitative Approaches.
- 3. O'reilly, K. 2005. Ethnographic Methods. London and New York: Routledge.
- 4. Bernard, H.R., 1988. Research methods in cultural anthropology (p. 117). Newbury Park, CA: Sage.
- 5. Ember, CR, & Ember M. 2009 'Cross-cultural Research Methods', Altamira Press, USA.
- 6. Fetterman, D. 1989 'Ethnography Step by Step', Sage Publication.
- 7. Fischer, M. 1994 'Applications in Computing for Social Anthropologists', Routledge.
- 8. Garson, J. G., & Read, C. H. (Eds.). (1899). *Notes and queries on anthropology*. Anthropological Institute.
- 9. Kothari, C.R., 2004. Research methodology: Methods and techniques. New Age International
- 10. Lorena, M. 1998. Statistics for Anthropology. Cambridge University Press.

SEMESTER-VIII

SVIII ANT-CC-4210: Fieldwork and Report Writing

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 0, Practical = 1]
Credit Hour: Lecture = 00, Tutorial = 00, Practical = 120, Total = 120
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80, Practical Exam = 20

Learning Objective (LO)

To orient students how to conceptualise, conduct, analyse and presentan anthropological field studie.

Course Outcomes (CO)

CO1: The students will be able to conceptulise research problem and research design.

CO2: They will be familiar with various techniques of datacollection.

CO3: They will be able to classify, interpret and present data.

CO4: They will be able to write a compile and write a systematic report combining qualitative and quantitative data.

Guideline

Students will be taken for fieldwork in different parts of India for a minimum of 18 days and for that students will be accompanied by faculty member(s) as a field supervisor. They will carry out an ethnography study with a special topic. After the completion of fieldwork, each student will have to prepare a field report under the supervision of field supervisor. Finally, the field report will be examined by the external expert and accordingly mark will be credited.

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	3	3	3	1	3	-	-	-	3	3	3	2	3
CO2	3	3	3	2	1	2	-	1	2	2	3	2	2	3
CO3	1	3	3	2	2	2	1	2	1	1	3	2	3	2
CO4	3	2	3	2	2	1	1	3	1	2	3	1	1	1
Avg	1.75	2.75	3.0	2.25	1.5	2.0	0.5	1.5	1.0	2.0	3	2.0	2.0	2.25

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

- 1. Srivastav VK. 2004. Methodology and FieldworkOxford University Press.
- 2. Sarantakos S. 2005. Social Research. Palgrave Macmillan
- 3. Watson CW. 1999. Being There: Fieldwork in Anthropology. Pluto Press

SVIII ANT-CC-4220: Physiological Anthropology

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 0, Practical = 1]
Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 00, Practical = 30, Total = 75
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80, Practical Exam = 20

Learning Objective (LO)

To learn about the basics of body physiology, how body adjusted at different stresses and how to measure basic physiological functions

Course Outcomes (CO)

CO 1: The students will learn about the fundamentals of work physiology.

CO 2: They will learn about physiological adjustments to various environmental stresses.

CO3: They will also learn about the influence of factors on physiological performance.

CO 4: They will learn about how to measure cardiovascular function, respiratory function, etc.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
T1	Fundamentals of physiology	15	1
	Homeostasis, Metabolism and energy and Systems, exercise,		
	respiratory system and haemo dynamics (blood pressure, pulse		
	rate, heart rate and oxygen-transporting system, blood flow, Hb,		
	heamatocrit, etc.).		
T2	Homeostasis	15	1
	Acute physiological adjustments during transition from resting		
	homeostasis to sub- maximal and maximal exercise, Chronic		
	physiological adaptations to exercise training, age, sex and		
	population variation in the physiological characteristics.		
T3	Exercise Physiology	15	2
	Cardio-vascular and respiratory endurance, physical working		
	capacity and physical fitness, evaluation of response and		
	assessment, relationship of body measurements with cardio-		
	vascular and respiratory functions, aerobic and anaerobic exercise		
	training, health related fitness in gender and ethnic group.		
T4	Substance abuse and physical performance	15	3
	Impact of smoking, alcohol, drug, pollution and occupation on		
	cardio-respiratory Functions, physical performance and		
	environmental stress, chronic diseases, malnutrition, lifestyle		
	disease.		

Course Content: Practicum

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
P1	Cardiovascular function (Blood pressure, heart rate, pulse rate)	5	4
P2	Respiratory function (Tidal volume, vital capacity, forced vital capacity, minute ventilation etc.); Step-test; Treadmill test	20	4

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

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	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	2	-	3	3	-	3	2	3	-	3	3	1	1
CO2	3	2	-	2	2	3	2	2	1	-	3	2	2	1
CO3	3	1	3	1	1	2	1	1	2	3	3	3	2	3
CO4	3	1	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	3	3	2	3	3
Avg	3.0	1.5	1.0	1.5	1.75	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	3.0	2.5	2.0	2.0

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

- 1. Case, R. M. 1985. Variations in Human Physiology. Manchester University Press.
- 2. Hale, T. 2003. Exercise Physiology. John Wiley & Sons Inc.
- 3. McArdle, W.D., Katch, F.I. and Katch, V.L. 2010. *Exercise Physiology: Nutrition, Energy, and Human Performance*. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- 4. Nageswari, K.S. and Sharma, S. 2006. *Practical workbook of Human Physiology*. Jaypee Brothers.
- 5. Powers, S.K. and Howley, E.T. 2007. Exercise Physiology: Theory and Application to Fitness and Performance. McGraw-Hill.
- 6. Sherwood, L. 2008. Human Physiology: From Cells to Systems. Brooks Cole.
- 7. Vander, A.J, Sherman, J.H. and Dorothys, L. 1978. *Human Physiology: The Mechanisms of Body Functions*. McGraw-Hill Education.
- 8. Wildmaier, E.P., Raff, H, Strang, K.T. 2014. *Vander's Human Physiology: The Mechanisms of Body*. McGraw-Hill Education.

SVIII ANT-CC-4230: Demographic Anthropology

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 0, Practical = 1]	
Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 00, Practical = 30, Total = 75	
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80, Practical Exam = 20	

Learning Objective (LO)

To introduce anthropological demography and its importance to the students, make them aware about various demographic theory, source of data and methods of data collection in demography

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO 1: The students will learn about demographic anthropology and its importance in anthropology.
- CO 2: They will learn about major theories of population.
- CO 3: They will also learn about the various sources of data in population studies.
- CO 4: They will learn about how to collect demographic data from various.15

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
T1	Introduction	15	1
	Demographic Anthropology: Introduction, definition and basic		
	concepts, relationship between demography, population studies		
	and anthropology, Importance of population studies in		
	Anthropology.		
T2	PopulationTheories	15	2
	Contributions of John Graunt, Thomas R. Malthus, Biological		
	theory of population, Theory of demographic transition.		
T3	Tools of Demographic Data	15	3, 4
	Measures of Population Composition, Distribution and Growth,		
	measures of Fertility, measures of Mortality, measures of		
	Migration.		
T4	Population of India	15	4
	Sources of demographic data in India, Growth of Indian		
	population, demography of Indian tribal and non-tribal groups,		
	Anthropological determinants of population growth, Impact of		
	urbanization on the migration of tribal groups.		

Course Content: Practical

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
P1	A student will collect and compile demographic data from	30	4
	different secondary sources on any given topic and a project		
	report will be submitted for evaluation against two credits.		

Course Mapping

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	2	-	3	3	ı	3	2	3	-	3	3	1	1
CO2	3	2	-	2	2	3	2	2	1	-	3	2	2	1
CO3	3	1	3	1	1	2	1	1	2	3	3	3	2	3
CO4	3	1	1	-	1	1	-	1	-	3	3	2	3	3
Avg	3.0	1.5	1.0	1.5	1.75	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	3.0	2.5	2.0	2.0

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

- 1. Abela, Roth Eric. 2004. *Culture, Biology and Anthropological Demography*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press.
- 2. Bhande, A. and Kaniikar, T. (2006) *Principles of Population Studies*. Himalaya Publishing House. Mumbai.
- 3. Caldwell, J.C. 2006. Demographic Transition Theory. Springer.
- 4. Misra, B.D. 1982. *An introduction to the study of population*. New Delhi: South Asia Publ.Ltd.
- 5. Riley, N.E. and Mc Carthy, J. 2003. *Demography in the Age of the Postmodern*. Cambridge University Press, 1-13 and 32-98.
- 6. Srivastava, O.S. 1996. *Demographic and Population Studies*. New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House.

SVIII ANT-CC-4240: Forensic Anthropology

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 0, Practical = 1]
Credit Hour: Lecture = 60, Tutorial = 00, Practical = 30, Total = 100
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80, Practical Exam = 20

Learning Objective (LO)

To learn the basic concepts and development of forensic anthropology, identification of living persons from different sources and identification of human skeletal remains.

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO 1: The students will learn about the aims and scope of forensic anthropology and Criminology.
- CO 2: They will learn about identification of skeletal and non-skeletal human remains.
- CO 3: They will also learn about various methods of identifying living persons.
- CO 4: They will learn about identification of individuals on the basis of bones, blood, urine, semen, saliva, fingerprint and handwriting.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
T1	Introduction to Forensic Anthropology	15	1
	Definition, brief history, scope, applications and integration of		
	Forensic Anthropology.		
	Criminology and theories of crime, concept of evidence and		
	jurisprudence, community forensics.		
T2	Basic Human Skeletal Biology	15	2
	Identification of human and non-human skeletal remains;		
	Ancestry, age, sex and stature estimation from bones; Discovery		
	and techniques for recovering skeletonized human remains.		
T3	Personal identification	15	3, 4
	Complete and partial identification, methods of identification in		
	living persons: bite marks, tattoo marks, fingerprints, lip prints,		
	nails, handwriting, deformities and others.		
T4	Serology	15	4
	Identification and individualization of bloodstain, urine, semen		
	and saliva.		

Course Content: Practical

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
P1	Study of human long bones: estimation of age, sex and stature	10	2, 4
	from bones.		
P2	Identification of bloodstain, urine, semen and saliva.	10	4
P3	Examination of fingerprints and handwriting.	10	3, 4

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	1 0													
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	3	-	2	3	2	-	1	2	3	2	3	3	1
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	1	1	1	-	-	3	2	3	1	1	2	1	2	3
CO4	1	1	3	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	2	2	2	3
Avg	1.5	1.75	1.5	1.25	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.75	1.5	1.5	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

- 1. Bass, W.M. 1971. Human Osteology: A Laboratory and Field manual of the Human Skeleton. Columbia: Missouri Archaeological Society.
- 2. Byers, S.N. 2008. Forensic Anthropology. Boston: Pearson Education Ltd.
- 3. Gunn A. 2009. Essential Forensic Biology (2nd ed). Chichester: Wiley-Blackwell.
- 4. Modi, R.B.J.P. 2013. A Textbook of Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology. Elsevier.
- 5. Reddy, V.R. 1985. Dental Anthropology. New Delhi: Inter-India Publication.
- 6. Spencer, C. 2004. *Genetic Testimony: A Guide to Forensic DNA Profiling*. New Delhi: Pearson.
- 7. Wilkinson, C. 2004. Forensic facial reconstruction. Cambridge University Press.

SVIII ANT-CC-4250: Development Anthropology

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]

Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00, Total = 60 Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80

Learning Objectives

LO1: Learn to analyze development from a critical understanding.

LO2: Understanding developmental implications on local communities, culture and environment.

LO3: Learn the importance of incorporating local knowledge and community participation in development initiatives

Course Outcomes

CO 1: Students will gain a comprehensive understanding of the fundamental concepts, definitions, and indices of growth and development. They will explore the history and growth of development anthropology, and learn about the role of anthropology in the development process.

CO 2: Students will be able to critically analyze major theories of development. They will explore the relationship between culture and development, and engage with critical perspectives on development. Students will understand the debates and implications of different development paradigms.

CO 3: Students will develop an understanding of the approaches to development planning in India, including the Five Year Plans, Tribal Sub Plan, community development, and Panchayati Raj. They will explore the government's vision for development, such as the idea of Viksit Bharat@2047.

CO 4: Students will be able to evaluate the issues of sustainability in development, understanding the concept of sustainable development and its importance. They will learn about key frameworks and explore participatory approaches in development.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
T1	Introduction	15	1
	Definition, meaning and concept of growth and development:		
	History and Growth of Development Anthropology; Indices of		
	Development; Role of anthropology in development process.		
T2	Theories of Development	15	2
	Modernization, Dependency and World System theory: Culture and		
	development. Development as colonization (Escobar),		
	Anthropological critic of development (Robert Chambers and Majiid		
	Rahnema, Post development reader)		
T3	Development planning in India	15	3
	Approaches to development in India; Five year plans, development		
	planning in India; Tribal Sub Plan, Community development and		
	Panchayati Raj; Idea of Viksit Bharat@ 2047.		
T4	Development and sustainability	15	4
	Issues of sustainability in development, concept of sustainable		
	development, Brundtland Commission, Rio convention,		
	participatory approaches in development, recent advances in		
	anthropology of development.		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	1	2	3	-	-	1	-	-	1	_	3	3	1
CO2	-	-	2	2	-	-	3	2	-	1	_	2	2	3
CO3	2	2	2	2	3	3	-	2	2	3	_	1	2	3
CO4	1	1	2	2	3	2	-	1	2	3	1	_	3	3
Average	1.25	1	2	2.25	1.5	1.25	1	1.25	1	2	0.25	1.5	2.5	2.5

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

- 1. Chaudhuri, S.K. 2004. Constraints of Tribal Development. New Delhi. Mittal Publications.
- 2. Chaudhurie, B. 1990. Tribal development in India; Problems and Prospects, Inter-India, New Delhi.
- 3. Cochrane, G. 1971. Development Anthropology, OUP, New York.
- 4. Dubey, S.C. 1988. Modernisation and Development. The search for alternative paradigms. Moduleed Nations University, London
- 5. Halbar, B.G and C.G. Uussain Khan. 1991. Relevant of Anthropology, the Indian scenario, Rawat Pupblications, Jaipur.
- 6. Lewis, D and K. Gardner. 1996. Anthropology, Development and Postmodern Challehge. London: Pluto Press
- 7. Pathy, J. 1987. Anthropology of Development. Gyan Publication, Delhi.
- 8. Pitt-David, C. 1976. Development from below: Anthropologists and development situation, Monton, The Hague.

SVIII ANT-CC-4250: Food and Culture

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 0, Practical = 1]
Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 00, Practical = 30, Total = 75
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80, Practical Exam = 20

Course Objective

The objective of the paper is to introduce the concept of food as part of culture and society from an Anthropological perspective.

Learning Outcomes

CO1: Able to analyze the concept of food in terms of culture.

CO2: Able to rationalize concepts behind the concept of taboo foods.

CO3: Able to incorporate local knowledge of food and nutrition from anthropological perspectives.

CO4: Able to understand the change of food habit among the people at present.

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	СО
T1	Module I: Introduction	15	1
	Meaning, approach and evolution of food in the context		
	of society and culture: Food, culture, environment and		
	society.		
T2	Module II: Food and Identity	15	2
	Concept of food culture and beverages; Food, folklore		
	and identity; Concept of food taboo in different societies:		
	Reasons, rationalization, and changing scenario in		
	relation to India, world and North East India.		
T3	Module III: Food and Practices	15	1, 2
	Food and health, Food and class, food and gender, food		
	and labor, food and social structure, food security and		
	Government policies		
T4	Module IV: Change in Food Habit	15	4
	Changing scenario in traditional food, impact of		
	modernization and globalization at present, impact of		
	religion on food.		

Course Content: Practicum

Module	Content	Contact Hours	СО
P1	Prepare a project on food habit of the people of state.	10	4
P2	Prepare a report on 3 specific recipes of a particular community in relation to culture.	10	4
P3	Prepare a report on food and folklore.	10	4

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	4	3	2	1	1	1	2	3	3	1	2	2	2	2
CO2	3	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
CO3	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	1	3	2	2	2	2
CO4	1	2	1	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
Avg	2.5	2.25	1.5	1.75	2	1.5	2	2.25	1.75	2	2	2	2	2

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

- 1. Chaudhuri, S.K. and D. Sarma. 2024. Food Cultures of India. Manohar, New Delhi
- 2. Mukherjee, K. 2022. Food Power: Expressions of Food Politics in South Asia. Sage Publications, New Delhi
- 3. Swaminathan, M. 2015. Advanced Textbook on Food and Nutrition. The Bangalore Press
- 4. Rengarajan, A. 2021. The Washington Manual of Medical Therapeutics. University of St Louis.
- 5. Srilakshmi, B. 2021. Nutrition Science. New Age International Publishers.
- 6. Srilakshmi, B. 2018. Food Science. New Age International Publishers.
- 7. Ramaswami, A. 2010. Food Preservation. Oxford University Press.
- 8. Ghosh, Suniti. 2007. Fast Food Cooking. Oxford University Press

SVIII ANT-CC-4270: Gender and Society

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 0, Practical = 1]

Credit Hour: Lecture = 60, Tutorial = 00, Practical = 30, Total = 100

Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80, Practical Exam = 20

Learning Objectives:

This course will expose the students to a fundamental understanding of gender and the related phenomena in historical and contemporary context. Using anthropological lens, the students will explore, interpret, analyze and deal with gender concerns in everyday life.

Course Outcomes

 $CO\ 1: Elucidate\ the\ theories\ on\ the\ social\ construction\ of\ gender\ categories.$

CO 2: Comprehend gender rights, gender justice in Indian and beyond

CO 3: Describe the contemporary gender issues in its various manifestation

CO 4: Understand gender and gender relation acts as structuring element in human societies

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
T1	Understanding concepts	15	1, 4
	Basic understanding on Sex and Gender; Cultural Construction of		
	gender in time and space; Gender identity and expression;		
	Subordination model (Nature Vs Culture and Private Vs Public		
	dichotomy)		
T2	Gender in different societies	15	2, 4
	Dynamics of Gender in matrilineal and patrilineal societies; gender in		
	foraging societies; gender in pastoral and agricultural societies.		
T3	State, Development and Gender	15	2, 3
	Feminist movements and Feminist Anthropology; Mainstreaming of		
	Gender in development; Gender Development Index (GDI); Gender		
	Empowerment (GEM); Women in Development (WID); Women and		
	Development (WAD)		
T4	Emerging issues in Gender Study	15	3, 4
	Deconstruction in Gender studies; Voices of different gender and		
	their concern, Gender Issues in Field Research; Tribal women and		
	Feminism/Representation of tribal women in text and visual.		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	2
CO2	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	2
CO3	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	3	2
CO4	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	2
Avg	2.25	2.25	2.25	3	2	2	2.75	2	2	2	2.25	2.25	3	2

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

- 1. Aneja, Anu. (2019). Women's and Gender Studies in India: Crossings. Routledge
- 2. Channa, Subhadra Mitra. (2013). *Gender in South Asia: Social Imagination and Constructed Realities.* Cambridge University Press.
- 3. Connell, R.W. (2002). Gender. Polity Press, Cambridge
- 4. Cormack, C. M and M. Strathern. (1998). *Nature, culture and Gender*. University Press, Cambridge.
- 5. Dube, Leela. 1997. Women and Kinship: *Comparative Perspective on gender in South and South-East Asia*. United Nation University Press, Tokyo.
- 6. Dube, Leela (Ed.) (2001). *Anthropological explorations in gender: Intersecting Fields*. New Delhi: Sage Publications.
- 7. Gupta, A.K.1986. *Women and Society: The development Perspective*. Criterion Publication, New Delhi.
- 8. Kelkar, G and D. Nathan. 1991. Gender and Tribe. Zed Books, New Delhi.
- 9. McGee, R. J and R.L. Warms. 1996. *Anthropological Theories*. Mayfield Publishing, London.

SVIII ANT-MC-4210: Research Publication Ethics

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 0, Practical = 1]
Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 00, Practical = 30, Total = 75
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80, Practical Exam = 20

Learning Objective (LO)

This course aims in introducing the students to basic concept on philosophy, ethics, scientific conduct, aids and tools for research, databases and metrics

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO 1: Students will understand the foundation of philosophy and ethics.
- CO 2: Students can understand scientific conduct.
- CO 3: Students can access modern research technology tools for research and publication.
- CO 4: Students will be able to understand research databases and metrics

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
T1	Philosophy and Ethics	15	1
	Introduction to Philosophy: definition, nature, scope, concept,		
	branches. Ethics: definition, moral philosophy, nature of moral		
	judgements and reactions.		
T2	Scientific Conduct	15	2
	Ethics with respect to science and research. Intellectual honesty and		
	research integrity. Scientific misconducts: falsification, fabrication		
	and plagiarism (FFP). Redundant publications: duplicate and		
	overlapping publications, salami slicing. Selective reporting and misrepresentation of data.		
T3	Publication Ethics	15	2, 3
13		13	2, 3
	Best practices and setting initiatives and guidelines: COPE,		
	WAME. Conflicts of interest.		
	ii. Publication misconduct: definition, concept, problems that		
	lead to unethical behavior and vice versa, types. Violation of		
	publication ethics, authorship and contributorship.		
	Identification of publication misconduct, complaints and		
	appeals. Predatory publishers and journals.		
T4	Databases and Research Metrics	15	4
	i. Databases: Indexing databases; Citation databases - Web of		
	Science, Scopus		
	ii. Research metrics: Impact factor of journals as per journal		
	citation report, SNIP, SJR, IPP, Cite score, h index, g index,		
	i10 index, Almetrics		

Course Content: Practical

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
P1	Module 4: Open Access Publishing	15	3, 4
	 Open access publications and initiatives 		
	2. SHERPA/ RoMEO online resource to check publisher copyright and self-archiving policies		
	3. Software tools to identify predatory publications developed by SPPU		
	4. Journal finder/ journal suggestion tools viz. JANE,		
	Elsevier Journal Finder, Springer journal suggester		

P2	Module	e 5: Publication Misconduct	15	1, 2, 3
	1.	Group discussions		
		a. Subject specific ethical issues, FFP, authorship		
		b. Conflicts of interest		
		c. Complaints and appeals: examples of fraud from		
		India and abroad		
	2.	Software tools		
		a. Use of plagiarism software like Turnitin,		
		ithenticate and other open source software tools		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	3	-	2	3	2	-	1	2	3	2	3	3	1
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	1	1	1	-	-	3	2	3	1	1	2	1	2	3
CO4	1	1	3	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	2	2	2	3
Avg	1.5	1.75	1.5	1.25	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.75	1.5	1.5	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

Suggested Readings:

Basu D., Chakraborty S, and Sinha A. 2022. Research and Publication Ethics: A Textbook. Concept Publishing Company, Delhi.

SVIII ANT-CC-4280: Linguistic Anthropology

Credit: 4 [Lecture = 3, Tutorial = 1, Practical = 0]							
Credit Hour: Lecture = 45, Tutorial = 15, Practical = 00, Total = 60							
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80							

Learning Objective (LO)

To introduce the general linguistics and basic concepts of grammatical analysis, socio-linguistics and ethnolinguistics.

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO 1: Students will learn about the basic concepts in linguistic anthropology.
- CO 2: They will also learn about the linguistic diversity.
- CO 3: They will also learn the relationship of linguistic and culture.
- CO 4: They will also understand about the linguistic diversity of Arunachal Pradesh

Course Content: Theory

Module	Content	Contact Hours	CO
T1	Introduction:	15	1
	Scope of Linguistics anthropology; Linkages with other disciplines of		
	humanities and social sciences; Theoretical concerns; Language		
	Practices; Language behavior and language systems; Spoken and		
	written languages; synchronic and diachronic approaches to language		
	studies.		
T2	Communities and Languages:	15	2
	Linguistic diversity; Language families; Multi –Lingualism;		
	Diglossia; Language Contact; language shift; language variation;		
	Convergence and diffusion; <i>Lingua franca</i> ; Pidgin and Creole.		
T3	Pluralistic worldview:	15	3
	Language and culture; Linguistic relativity; Language and		
	Landscape; Language and gender; Semantic composition and cultural		
	aspects of kinship and colour terms; pronouns of addresses.		
T4	Languages of Arunachal Pradesh:	15	4
	Classification of languages of Arunachal; Status of the languages;		
	convergence and diffusion; Ethnic and Linguistic Identities;		
	Language problems.		

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	3	-	2	3	2	-	1	2	3	2	3	3	1
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	1	1	1	-	-	3	2	3	1	1	2	1	2	3
CO4	1	1	3	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	2	2	2	3
Avg	1.5	1.75	1.5	1.25	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.75	1.5	1.5	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

Suggested Readings

1. Burling, Robbins 1969. Linguistics and Ethnographic Description, *American Anthropologist*, *New Series*, *Vol. 71*, *No. 5 (Oct., 1969)*. Blackwell Publishing on behalf of the American Anthropological Association, pp. 817-827.

- 2. Burling, Robbins 2005. *The Talking Ape, How Language Evolved*, Oxford University Press, New York.
- 3. Duranti, A. 1997. *Linguistic Anthropology*, Cambridge University Press, New York.
- 4. Hymes, Dell. 2015. Ethnography, Linguistics, Narrative Inequality: Toward an Understanding of Voice. Routledge
- 5. Jourdan, Christine, Kevin Tube (eds), 2006. *Language, Culture and Society, studies in Social and Cultural Foundations of Language*, Cambridge University Press.
- 6. Levinson, Stephen C. 2008. Language and landscape: a cross-linguistic perspective, Language and Cognition, Max Planck Institute for Psycholinguistics, Netherlands, Language Science

SVIII ANT-CC-4290: Dissertation

Credit: 12 [Lecture = 0, Tutorial = 0, Practical = 12]
Credit Hour: Lecture = 00, Tutorial = 00, Practical = 00, Total = 360
Mark Allotment: Internal Assessment = 20, End Semester Exam = 80

Learning Objective (LO)

To train the application of research methodology, tools, and techniques and report writing.

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO 1: Students will learn how to conceptulise research problem.
- CO 2: They will also learn about research design.
- CO 3: They will also learn to apply research tools and techniques
- CO 4: They will also learn how to analyse and write research report

Mapping of POs/PSOs with COs

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3	PSO4
CO1	2	3	-	2	3	2	-	1	2	3	2	3	3	1
CO2	2	2	2	3	3	1	2	1	3	2	3	3	2	2
CO3	1	1	1	-	-	3	2	3	1	1	2	1	2	3
CO4	1	1	3	-	-	-	2	2	-	-	2	2	2	3
Avg	1.5	1.75	1.5	1.25	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.75	1.5	1.5	2.25	2.25	2.25	2.25

The Mapping Level Contribution between COs-POs/PSOs are Categorized as [3: High; 2: Medium; 1: Low; -: No Correlation]

Guideline

Under this course each student shall carry out the research work under an assigned faculty member as supervisor based on area of interest and specialization. Student shall finalize their topic and research methodology in consultation with their respective supervisor. The present course shall comprise of four components:

I. Preparation of Research Proposal/Synopsis:

Student will finalize their topic for research after consultation with their respective supervisor. During the process student will remain engage in book review based on area of interest. Student shall consult their supervisor regularly through group conference (GC) and individual conference (IC) during the preparation of research proposal. Accordingly, students will have to place the synopsis for approval in the 'synopsis approval seminar' (first seminar) conducted by the department.

II. Fieldwork/ Collection of Data:

During the process of synopsis approval student shall be made to visit their chosen field site for pilot survey. So that accordingly student can modify their synopsis to consider the feasibility of study. Student will also be asked to test their Questionnaire/ Schedule during pilot survey before finalization of the same. Once the synopsis is approved by the department board, student will conduct their fieldwork for the collection of data for the stipulated period as decided by the department.

III. Preparation of Project report/ Dissertation:

After the completion of fieldwork student shall remain engage in data transcription, tabulation and analysis part. During this period too, student shall consult their supervisor regularly through group conference (GC) and individual conference (IC). The minutes of each conference should be incorporated in the dissertation as annexure (format attached). Minimum of one GC and five IC of not less than one hour are mandatary for final submission of dissertation. Student need to present their work progress in the 'work-in-progress seminar' (2nd Seminar) conducted by the department. At the end part, 'pre-submission seminar' (3rd Seminar) shall be conducted by the department for which each student shall be credited mark as a part of internal assessment for this course.

IV. Assessment of Final Project Report/ Dissertation:

For the final assessment of dissertation, viva voce shall be conducted by the external examiner and for the same date will be notified by the department. Each student needs to submit a hard copy of their dissertation to the department at least three days before the viva voce date. It is also to be ensured by the students that dissertation is free from plagiarism (max of 10% similarity acceptable). Plagiarism check should be done using standard/ RGU approved software/ website. The certificate of plagiarism duly signed by the student and respective supervisor should be included in the dissertation. Student need to make two/ three copies of their dissertation: one for self, one for submission to the department for examination, one for supervisor (optional). The dissertation should be printed on both sides. It should be hard/ paper back bound but not spiral binding.

- 1. Srivastav VK. 2004. Methodology and FieldworkOxford University Press.
- 2. Sarantakos S. 2005. Social Research. Palgrave Macmillan
- 3. Watson CW. 1999. Being There: Fieldwork in Anthropology. Pluto Press